

# ANCIAITI

World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 12 1998



the tall terms

SATURDAY 15

White temenders

Pagety Union

SCHOOL IS

North stage fatte.

Print Delivery

MARKET .

a a 25,47 a ≥

Abdulmaieed Shoman Patriarch of the Palestinian diaspora Page 20



Aerospace Antonov still has very big ambitions



EBRD's Horst Köhler 'Create jobs in the east, or provoke refugee flood' **Economic trends** The incredible lightness of growing Martin Wolf, Page 8

35

I America

pite of Stock 13 Wene

rst half of

last year

ecunties

deas

Tacks

red with

ecime in

ract the

ntung for andon

.....

o form

999.

as part

etricity

rgy that

ations.

ion t

20(a)-

1 the

cting

mated

qir

talks

#### WORLD NEWS

#### Israel lifts block on world nuclear disarmament talks

israel, the last state holding out against UN-sponsored talks on halting the production of fissile nuclear bomb-making material, lifted its objections under pres-sure from the US, enabling the 61-nation Conference on Disarmament to set up a committee to draft a treaty. Page 4

Expo '96 official detained Portuguese police detained the chief accountant of the Expo '98 Lisbon world fair in an investigation into the alleged embezziement of millions of dollars. Page 10

Renewed flighting in Kosovo Heavy fighting resumed in Serb-la's southern province of Kosovo around villages close to the border with Albania, overwhelming aid agencies with a new wave of rafugees. Page 2

Tanzania holds 14 in borob inquiry Tenzanian police rounded up 14 foreigners in their search for bombers responsible for Friday's attack on the US embassy in Dar es Salaam. Kenya counts cost,

Moscow accuses Pakistan Flussia accused Pakistan of providing military support and fighting forces to help the Taliban lamist movement's advance in northern Afghanistan.

UNHCR to drop ambudamen post The UN High Commissioner for Refugees is axing the post of mediator, its neutral ombudsman Anne-Marie Demmer, the outgoing mediator, has published several highly critical reports about the organisation's management.

Move to end Baghdad standoff The UN special envoy to Iraq will return to Baghdad tomorrow to try to resolve a standoff between the Iraqi government and UN weapons inspectors.

Kurdish rebels lazerch attacks Kurdish Workers Party (PKK) guerrillas rebels have lauriched a series of attacks on Turkish forces around the eastern ganison town of Tunceli to mark the anniversary of their 14-year-old

Russian miners' leader held The leader of a Russian miners'... union was taken in for questioning by police on Tuesday in connection with blockades of railway lines by his members.

Climbon image side guesticaed Television producer Harry Thomason, who advised President Clinton after the Monica Lewinsky scandal broke, went before the grand jury probing alleged White House sex and

UN fears big offensive in Angola New fighting has erupted in northern Angola in what United Nations officials fear may be a big new offensive by the Angolar Armed Forces (FAA) against Unita rebela. Page 4

Call for end to Apschwitz crosses Poland's leading Roman Catholic clergyman, Cardinal Josef. Glemp, urged an end to the erection of crosses outside the former Nazi death camp of Auschwitz, Page 2

Saudis grant limited online access Saudis will this year get local access to the Internet now that the authorities have put in place "firewalls" barring access to sites they consider offensive.

STOCK MARKET HIDICHE

3-coth Treat Bille: Yid .....

OTHER RATES UK: 3-mp bintank UK: 10 yr Sit

#### BUSINESS NEWS

#### High demand puts Electrolux 31% ahead in first half

largest supplier of household appliances, reported first half profits 31 per cent ahead at SKr 3.05bn (\$378m) amid buoyant European and US demand for white goods and the benefits of a wide ranging restructuring.

Holderback, Swiss cement company, acquired 25 per cent of Slam City Cement, Thailand's and Lafarge of France. Page 11; Holderbank builds in Asia, Page 13

York area health management company, said it had taken a \$507.6m loss on revenues of \$1.19bn in the second quarter, as it attempted to turn itself round. Page 11

defence group, announced plans to develop joint supply chain and customer support operations with British Aerospace. Page 12

after the Belgian of and petro-chemicals group reported a fall in first-half net profits to BFr9.71bn (\$265.6m) from BFr10.95bn. Page 12

centralised distribution for books, music and other consumer products in the UK and Italy. Page 11 Drestner Bank of Germany held talks with US brokerage Paine-

Webber as part of its drive to increase its US investment banking and asset management presence. Page 12

television and telecommunications croup, reported a 2.4 per cent advance in first-half turnover Page 12

Nests, Finnish oil and petrochemicals group, blamed weak oil prices and increased half profits to FM255m (\$9,1m) from FM480m. Page 12

lavestor, main investment vehicle of Sweden's Wallenberg business empire, plans to increase its exposure to high-growth technology and telecommunications

samings. Page 13

Burson-Marsteller, one of the world's biggest public relations group of Moscow-based stockbrokers to improve Russia's image among foreign investors.

second largest cament company, for \$153m, beating competing offers from Blue Circle of the UK

Oxford Health Plans, troubled New

Bonygues, Franch construction,

campaign in Europe, using the proceeds of the \$3.9bn sale of its Avco Financial Services unit to Associates First Capital. Page 14

exploration costs for a fall in first.

stocks. Page 12

mechanoa, bond and aquilly m

Electrolux of Sweden, the world's

Saab, Swedish aircraft and

PetroFina shares fell 5 per cent

Bertalamaan, Europe's biggest media group, plans to establish

Textres, US industrial and finance

Samsung Heavy Industries, South Korean shipbuilder, reported first-half net profits of Won51bn (\$38m), compared with a loss of Won91.3bn a year ago, as a weaker currency boosted export

companies, has been hired by a

Euro Prices A comprehensive statletical guide to finance, early currency zenis, covering their

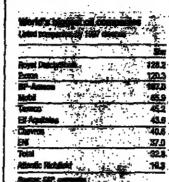
# BP takes over Amoco in \$50bn deal

Agreed merger creates oil giant to rival Shell and Exxon

By Robert Corzine in London

British Petroleum sent tremors through the international oil industry yesterday by announcing a 230.500 (\$50km) agreed take-over of Amoco of the US, in what was hilled as the world's biggest The deal will create Britain's

largest company, to he known as BP/Amoco. It will have a market capitalisation of \$110bn and 100,000 employees worldwide. About 6,000 are expected to lose their jobs as a result of the deal, BP shares initially soured on the news, but fell back to close

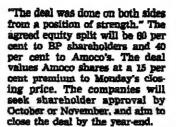


MISSIDE Land of the plants up 22p at 795p. In afternoon trad-

ing on Wall Street, Amoco shares were up \$64, or nearly 15 per cent at \$4614. Executives from the two

companies say the combination, which will be the third largest oil company in the world, will have the financial scale and global reach eventually to challenge Royal Dutch/Shell, the Anglo-Dutch group, and Exxon of the US for the leadership of the international oil industry. Sir John Browns, BP's chief

executive, will run the new company out of London, with Chicago becoming the centre for the group's extensive US operations, Larry Fuller, Amoco's chairman, will become co-chairman of the combined group, but is due to retire in 2000. Although



Mr Fuller said he doubted whether a counter-bidder would emerge for Amoco, as the BP offer "was sufficiently strong". And Sir John said BP had already taken steps to avert any battle for Amoco. In the event of a counter-bidder emerging, it has the right to buy 19.9 per cent of Amoco's shares at a preannouncement price. Amoco would also have to pay BP a \$1bn

fee if the deal went sour. The takeover marks an end to a long period of stability among the western world's biggest oil companies. Although there has been growing talk of the need for consolidation in the sector -especially in the light of this year's oil price slump - few industry observers expected any early action. Sir John said yesterday's announcement was not

Yen fall triggers global silds



driven by low crude prices. His vision for the new group showed a desire to create a company which had the financial clout to compete for the most desirable opportunities - which in the oil industry usually equates to those

Sir John Browne Butti. BP chief executive, who will run the new or with Amodo's Larry Fuller (contre), and BP's Peter Sutherland. Speak! Lynch

with the lowest production costs. Analysts said the deal could transform BP's fortunes. It gives it a significant position in the global natural gas industry and propels BP's chemicals division

# Decline of yen pushes global markets down

By Our Financial an International Staff

The relantless decline of the Japanese yan sent global stock markets tumbling again yesterday, raising concerns that a summer correction was turning into something more serious.

July 17. In London, the FTSE 100, nese currencies. index dropped 164.8 to 5,432.8, its only three weeks ago.

eight-year low against the US dol-lar of Y147.63, dropping beneath the June level of Y146.75 which from the US and Japanese authorities.

The yen's decline was prompted by investors' concerns about the ability of the new Japa-By hunch time in New York, nese government to turn round the Dow Jones Industrial Aver- its economy. That in turn age was down more than 250 on prompted worries that the yen's the day and 1,000 below the weakness might trigger devaluaall-time high of 9,367 recorded on tions of the Hong Kong and Chi-

Rumours about Indonesis's biggest one-day points decline willingness to repay corporate second world war. since October last year. The Foot-debt and a sharp rise in Russian sie has fallen 12 per cent from its treasury bill yields added to the all-time peak of 6,179, reached concerns, prompting investors to nent as the day were on. The switch money into what is seen The day's slide started with the as the haven of bonds. The yield foreign exchange markets in on the 10-year German govern-Tokyo where the yan fall to an ment bund dropped to 4.36 per finished down for the seventh on the dips", which had been the York.

its Kockums Naval Systems sub-

sidiary. The companies have

agreed to set up an office in Paris

. The French government's deci-sion to ally with Celsius is fur-

ther evidence of its efforts to cut

Traditionally, France has guarded its submarine technol-

ogy closely and has successfully

exported conventional diesel-

powered vessels. However, the

DCN has latterly collaborated

with Bazan, Spain's naval dock-

yards, on the Scorpene subs

being sold to the Chilean navy.
The DCN's submarine

operations are concentrated at

Cherbourg and employ some 4,000 people. Although it is the

largest naval group in Europe, it

is suffering from a fall in orders

from the French navy. It also

faces difficulty in pricing its

exports, because of high over-

heads. Exports account for only

15 per cent of its FFr13bn

this and avoid large-scale job

losses, it has begun seeking inter-

Yesterday, Celsius emphasised

that the two companies would

continue to market their subma-

rine systems separately.

(\$2.18bn) turnover.

national partners.

to explore expanded links.

**MISTOF** 

cent, the lowest level since the mitted from continent to conti-Hang Seng index fell 3.6 per cent to a five year low and Japan's bid candidates.
benchmark Nikkei 225 average There was no

and a half years. Europe proved unable to resist the downward drift. Most Euro-

pean bourses dropped 2 to 3 per cent, with the FTSE Eurotop 100 index falling 75.3, or 2.8 per cent, to 2,659.86 Neither New York or London was able to take much comfort

Stock market losses were trans- from the British Petroleum takeover of Amoco, the kind of deal that in more normal times would have prompted a hunt for further

There was no sign of "buying

consecutive day, its longest con- custom of US investors tinuous downward slide for two taught that share prices always go up in the long-term. Wall Street was shaken by a

300-point Dow decline last Tuesday. Analysts said US investors were concerned that Asian markets showed few signs of improving and that US corporate profits would take a deeper hit than pre-

viously thought. "It came out of the Far East with concern about competitive devaluations," said Marshall Acust, chief equity strategist at Salomon Smith Barney in New

# Submarine makers in technology deal

France and Sweden to share systems

By Tim Bort in Stockholm and . Robert Graham in Paris

The restructuring of Europe's defence industry advanced yes-terday when two leading submarine manufacturers announced a technology-sharing agreement. Celsius, Sweden's state-con-trolled defence group, said it was forming a joint company with the DCN, France's state-run naval

dockyard, to develop systems for

the next generation of conventional submarines. The announcement, after more than a year of talks, coincided with a statement yesterday from Saab, the Swedish aerospace group, that it intended to extend its links with British Aerospace. Earlier this summer, the defence ministers of Sweden. France, Germany, Spain, Italy

and the UK had agreed to push for an industry restructuring. Celsius, 62 per cent-owned by the state, said the technology agreement with the DCN could lead to co-operation in other
areas, including export marketing and sharing of components

Between 1997 and 2002, the
DCN anticipates a 25 per cent
reduction in workload. To offset on future submarines.

Lars Joseisson, its chief executive, said the deal "should lead to substantial gains in efficiency while simultaneously ensuring significantly reduced development costs"

Under the deal, Celsius will offer the DCN technology from Saab-BAe links, Pege 12

(2.8042

World News 2-6 UK News 6 Features 18 Comment & Analysis 8,9 Companies & Finance 11-17 World Stock Markets 26-32

CONTENTS

# An accounting system so versatile, it'll give lan Botham a complex.

in the list of all-rounders, Tally ets 5.4 has a rominent place.

This is because it is the most flexible | processing and more, eccounting system in the world which understands one fundamental aspect of all businesses.

The fact that a business peoch space. Space to | Malti-User Edition (£1,800), Both of which are grow. Space to cross boundaries. Space to multiply. Y2K compliant.

handle jobs the way you choose. Work with multiple currencies for multiple companies. Do away

accredited by The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England

So take a look at Tally cis 5.4 today. U

MELTRONICS (LIQ LTD., STH FLOOR TUTTION HOUSE, 27-27 ST. GEORGE'S ROAD, WIMBLEDON, LONDON SWIP 4EU

Single-User Edition (£630) and an Unlimited

you extra room, And allows you to 🦯

for multiple companies. Do away
with codes. Zip through complicated
with codes. Zip through complicated
has guaranteed to bowl you over. Accounting for your Success

accounting processes using advanced features like

powerful invoicing, sales/purchase order

Taily cis 5.4 offers you a choice between a

Tel : (800) 652559 Fax : (181) 8797413. E-mail : szlas@peutronics.com Internet; http://www.peutronics.com

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1998 No.33,675

Loaden - Leeds - Paris - Frankfurt - Stockholm - Milan - Madrid - New York

Chicago - Los Angeles - Tokyo - Hong Kong

WORLD MARKETS

(-83.47) (-207.85) (-154.8) (-219.43)

DOLD

New York: Lateralies

# Russian debt plans under threat Italy shaken

By John Thombill in Moscow and Jeremy Grant in London

The downward lurch of Russia's financial markets threatens to wreck the government's debt restructuring plans and undermine its anti-crisis programme, painfully crafted with the International Monetary Fund just a month ago.

In response to renewed concerns about the weakness of the Japanese yen and weak oil prices, the leading RTS share price index fell by enough confidence out there 9 per cent, while still more in either the government's serious damage was done in the debt markets.

The markets have essentially been destroyed," said he said. Charles Blitzer, director of emerging market research at had hoped its agreement bank has recently been markets would reach a Donaldson, Lufkin, & Jen- with the IMF, which secured spending \$800m to \$10n a "turning point" by the midrette, the US investment

Yields on benchmark GKOs (domestic treasury bills) rose from 95-100 per cent to 115-130 per cent and

Norway

rates to

bolster

currency

Norway's central bank

yesterday announced it

interest rates in an attempt to bolster the country's cur-

overnight lending rates will both rise by 50 basis points

to 5.50 per cent and 7.50 per

cent respectively, the fifth

increase this year. Rates are now at their highest since

A rise in short-term money

krone recover significantly

had been increased because

of the extent of the curren-

cy's fall against the Ecu

index. But the timing of the

increase took some econo-

mists by surprise, coming so

soon after the rise in money

bank's chief economist, said

overnight rates sent a stron-

ger signal to the markets

than did rising money mar-

Mr Storvik also reiterated

earlier warnings that the

country's 1999 budget should

contain fiscal tightening

measures. The bank, whose mandate is to stabilise the

krone, also acts as political

to the government urging it

to curb spending. "We

nate that the budget was not tightened in 1998," he said.

will grow by 4 per cent this

growth trend for the econ-

omy is 2 per cent to 2.5 per

The krone barely rose yes-

the D-Mark

GERMANY:

FRANCE:

SWIDEN:

Currencies, Page 21

The bank expects the Nor-

Jan Oviestad, the central

Kjeli Storvik, the central

from recent falls.

market rates.

ket rates.

By Valeria Skōld in Oslo

raises

debt) fell to an historic low, financial turmoil is cramptrading at default levels of 27 cents on the dollar.

Mr Blitzer argued the collanse in foreign debt prices was forcing exposed Russian. banks to dump GKOs and buy dollars to meet their

"The government's debt strategy of not issuing short-term paper and lengthening the maturities just does not seem on at the moment. There is not creditworthiness or the government's ability to deliver on its anti-crisis measures,

The Russian government up to \$22.6bn of external financing by the end of next year, would win it breathing space to restructure its costly domestic debt and

ing the government's room finance minister, said Rusfor manoeuvre and could sian markets bad been temultimately force it into porarily hit by the falls in choosing between default or the yen and the oil price and devaluation.

"The central bank does have reserves of \$18.4bn and they can simply not auction treasury hills for the time being, so all this secondary market activity is neither here nor there at the moment," said one western

"But it is a question of how long you can carry on are financed from absolutely like this," he said.

research at Brunswich Warburg, a Moscow-based stockbroker, estimates the central week to support the rouble and will rapidly run down its reserves over the next few weeks.
"Unless something turns

close its budget deficit. The around, this situation is ation. Rumours abound that

Oleg Vyugin, the deputy committee of international the fact that so many inves-

tors were on holiday. The implication was that small selling volumes had a disproportionate effect on by additional external bor-

"But if you talk about August, it is essential to channels through which this emphasise that the situation is absolutely under control because all our obligations intelligible and clear Peter Boone, co-head of sources," he said in an interview with the Interfax news

> Mr Vyugin predicted the dle of September after the government had taken "definite" - although as yet unspecified - additional measures to address the situ-

could be achieved: non-resident purchases of treasury bills: barrowing on the interspeeding up privatisation;

and having local banks buy

shortfall this year which

Bankers see four main

ing strategy.

"The technical turmoil in the past few days casts. doubt on all four methods of financing," said Amer Risat. emerging market analyst at Salomon Smith Barney. "We are clearly seeing reluctance by non-residents to roll over debt."

With yields on emerging done in baby steps."



market debt widening to unprecedented levels, it may national capital markets; for Russia to come back to the capital markets as planned in October.

was forced to cancel its latest treasury bill auction, the third in a row.

There is an urgent need for the government to rebuild the markets and to rethink their very near-term debt strategy," says Mr Blitzer. "But this can only be

# by drugs in

its hot summer lethargy by a month. soccer doping scandal that is . The scandal has turned rapidly tutning into an affair into a political issue because

Walter Veltroni; deputy prime minister and responsi ble for culture and sport, yesterday urged the judiinvestigation into the alleged use of performance enhancing drugs in Italian sport, especially soccer.

The controversy was set off last week by statements by a top football coach on bill which would make the widespread doping in Italian prescription and use of illeprofessional soccer.

Zdenek Zeman, the Czech coach of first division Roma. also implied in a magazine interview that the striking two players in another Itallan team could have been

induced by drugs. dal in this year's Tour de France, immediately provoked a public storm and prompted a Turin magistrate and Italy's Olympic Committee; CONI, to launch an cial anti-doping committee yesterday and is due to be heard today by Raffaele Guariniello, the Turin mag-

also planning to question the two soccer stars named by Italy has been shaken out of the Roma coach later this

of the cultural, social and increasingly financial imporcrazy Italy.

Mr Veltroni, who has also proposed a European summit to address the problem of drugs in sport, urged the Italian parliament to approve new anti-doping legslation as soon as possible. The senate is considering a gal drugs a prison offence. At present, there is no law against drugs in sport in Italy. However, CONI can punish athletes, coaches and

team doctors for drug related violations by hanning them from competition for up to four years. The Italian pro-His assertions, coming fessional soccer federation soon after the doping scan- has suggested the introduction of voluntary blood tests after matches during the next season. It said any player refusing to submit immediately be under suspiinvestigation. Mr Zeman cion. Most of the country's appeared before CONI's spe- political parties have also called for new measures against drug use in sport. The centrist UDR party suggested team doctors istrate. The megistrate is should be public servants.

KOSOVO FIGHTING 160,000 PEOPLE ESTIMATED TO HAVE LEFT THEIR HOMES IN LAST FIVE MONTHS

# Aid agencies overwhelmed by refugees

By Gay Diamore in Beigrade

would raise benchmark rency, which has come around villages close to the border with Albania, overunder pressure from weak whelming aid agencies with From today, deposit and a new wave of refugees.

In comments on the "steadily worsening situation" Kofi Annan, UN secretary-general, called for the Serbian forces to avoid acts "of wanton destruction".

Serbian officials said government forces had market rates on Monday had responded to attacks by ethproved unable to help the nic Albanian rebels of the (KLA) based in the south-west village of Glodjane. Five bank governor, said rates Serbian policamen were confirmed killed over the last

two days. According to the Kosovo Albanian side, the Yugoslav army had mustered many tanks around the town of Decane and was shelling nearby villages indiscrimi-

Western diplomats said

tured last week.

Heavy fighting resumed the Kosovo Albanian majoryesterday in Serbia's ity to unite and be ready for southern province of Kosovo a long war. Kosovo Albanian sources say the KLA, which has suffered a serious military setback, has broken into two main factions. It is not yet clear whether Ihrahim Rugova, leader of Kosovo's main party, will be able to form a coherent team to negotiate with Belgrade.

The UN refuges agency estimates that 160,000 people have been displaced within Kosovo by the five-month conflict while at least 70,000 Kosovo Liberation Army more have fled the province. "The secretary general is

concerned that the evolving crisis, if unchecked, could lead to a large scale humanitarian disaster, with the approaching winter," said Mr Annan's spokesman. Serbia's Interior Ministry

has dropped leaflets by air urging refugees to cut their burned -including some vis-ties with the KLA and guar-ited previously by the US · return to their villages. "Terst offen- rorists will not bring you nowhere to live

leaflet says. Breaking a two-week But since many villages But the UNHCR spokesman,



Albanian refugees from the Drenica region of Kosovo welt for food distribution in Diskovica.

burned -including some vis- of going back is justified.

sive ordered by Slobodan any good. Everywhere they The UN High Commis-Milosevic, the Yugoslav pres-ident, was the south-west take your villages, they border area after KLA make you take weapons by catastrophe this winter with Aid agenci strongholds in central Kos- force, they put shame on food shortages and epidemovo were destroyed or capyour wives and girls," the ics if refugees cannot return obstruction. The British ald soon to harvest their crops. group Oxfam waited one

have been shelled and Mons Nyberg, says their fear .The agency has responded anteeing their safety if they envoy, Chris Hill - thou- to criticisms by western nonsands of people have governmental organisations of mad

> ing it is understaffed and Aid agencies also accuse the Serbian authorities of month for one consignment

response to the crisis by say-

government to use short wave radios and the Interna tional Red Cross had then

confiscated. But agencies agreed that international pressure on Belgrade had improved co-operation and access over

the past week. With additional reporting by Laura Silber in New York

#### **NEWS DIGEST**

MILLENNIUM EXPO

# Bonn spurns pleas for exhibition tax breaks

The Bonn government yesterday rejected a call from the organisers of the Expo 2000 exhibition for special tax breaks to help prevent the high-profile millennium project running up losses.

Although Günter Rewoodt, the economics minister, has backed exampting ticket sales at the Hanover-based Expo from tax, a government spokesmen said there was no scope under current legislation for such a measure, which could be worth about DM300m (\$168m).

Expo 2000 has taken on political importance ahead of the federal election on September 27 because Gerhard Schröder - Social Democratic challenger to Chancellor Heimut Kohl - is prime minister of Lower Sexony, which includes Hanover. Mr Schröder has backed exempting the exhibition from sales tax.

Last week the Bonn economics ministry said consultants ing the exhibition and possible action. Yesterday, Expo 2000 seld it stuck to its goel of breaking even and projected 40m people would visit the Hanover site. Raiph Atkins, Bonn

**NUCLEAR WASTE** 

### Shipments still suspended

German nuclear waste shipments, suspended in May after revelations of radiation leaks, will not resume until after September's general election, Angela Merkel, environment

minister, said yesterday.

She spoke after Greenpeace activists climbed to the top of Germany's oldest nuclear power station near Hamburg, protesting against the use of nuclear energy and calling for the immediate closure of plants more than 20 years old. Brushing aside calls by ecology groups and the opposition Green party for an end to nuclear energy, Ms Merkel said Germany had one of the world's safest atomic industries and abolition would be a big mistake.

Ms Merkel came under pressure to resign after admitting In May that in some cases during the 1980s and 1990s. radiation on containers carrying spent nuclear fuel rods to reprocessing plants in Britain and France was thousands of times too high. Reuters, Bonn

FRENCH ECONOMY

### Large price fall in July

French consumer prices in July fell 0.4 per cent compared with a 1 per cent rise the previous month, according to insee, the official statistics institute.

Prices have fended to drop in July but last month's fall was exceptionally large. Insee attributed this to the impact of heavy discounts in the summer sales to officed inventories, combined with a larger than usual fall in fresh food prices plus the continued low cost of energy inputs. Yearon-year inflation ran at 0.8 per cent in July, compared with 1 per cent during the same month in 1997.

Analysts said France continued to enjoy one of the lowest inflation rates in the euro-zone. The July figures showed the strong domestic recovery, which began at the end of the first half of 1997, had yet to produce any inflationary pressures. Robert Graham, Paris

は行いないないは

AUSCHWITZ DISPUTE

#### Cardinal opposes crosses

Cardinal Josef Glemp yesterday asked Polish Catholics to stop erecting crosses outside the former Nazi death camp of Auschwitz. It was the first explicit plea from the primate for an end to the actions of radical Catholics, which have angered local and international Jewish groups. Fringe Catholic groups and some priests have set up

dozens of crosses in a fenced-in field backing on to the former camp, ostensibly to commemorate the murder by German troops of 152 Poles in the second world war. Jewish groups object to any religious symbols being

placed near the camp, where 1.5m people were murdered in the second world war, some 90 per cent of them Jews. Reuters, Warsaw

# adviser to the government on inflationary issues. Last November, it issued a letter Musicians in the street strike to curb spending. "We believe it was very unfortu- a chord with new bank chief

The head of the EBRD is warning western Europe of the wegian mainland's economy urgency of reform in the east, writes Stefan Wagstyl

year and 2.75 per cent in 1999. According to its calcuthings helped him decide to take on his lations, the long-term new job as president of the European Bank for Reconcent a year. Any greater growth introduces inflationary pressures. Mr Qvigstad telephone call from Helmut Kohl, the German chancellor, and the sight of Russian terday, moving from NKr4.270 to NKr4.268 against musicians begging in the streets near his home in

Mr Köhler's daughter, who is studying in the UK, told FINANCIAL TIMES
Published by The Francial Times (Europe)
GmbH, Nibelamgemplatz 3, 60318 Frankfart am Main, Germann, Telphone ++49
69 156 854, bas ++49 69 966 488 Represented in Frankfart by J Waler Brand,
Colin A, Kennard as Uschalifa/fairer and
in London by David C M Bell, Chamman, and
Alan C Miller, Deputy Chamman, The
harrcholder of the Financial Times
(Europe) GmbH is Pearwar Occrease Holding Lemand, J Borlington Garden, London, WIX ILE, Sharcholder of this
company is Pearwar ple, repairered at the
same address him London (the EBRD's home) would be a line place to live and work. Mr Kohl convinced him that the EBRD's role as a multilateral bank for the former Communist bloc was important "not just for Europe but for the whole world". And the pitiful presence of the musicians persuaded Mr

GERMAN:
Responsible for Advertising content: Colm
A. Remand, Pratter Hürmyet International
Verlagogoellischaft näbil, Admiral-Rosendall-Strade is, 6/20-8 Neu-benhard [SN)
1/74-7/63, Responsible Editor Richard
Lambert, sh-The Financial Timus Limited.
Number One Swithwark Bridge London
SEI 9HL "These were musicians of great quality. Artists. And they were like beggars. This could burst the pride of a Publishing Director P. Materigita, 47 Rue La Bectie 75608 PARIS, Lekephone (01) 575 RCSI, Fax (01) 5376 RCSI, Punter. S.A. Nord Echart, 1572 Rue de Carre, F-59400 Routhur Cofest, L'Entort Rachard Lambert, ISSN 1148-2755. Commission Parkane No 67808D one reason why I took this with emotion. iob." he said in his first

ment last month. SWEDEN:
Responsible Publisher, Bradles P Johnson
Telephone +46 S 291 2345 Printer: AB
Kvallstidningen Expresen: PO Box 10012,
\$550 06, Jonalogung
C The Francial Times Lumited 1998,
Editor, Richard Lumbert, clo The Francial
Times Lemited, Number One Southwark
Bridge, London SEI 9HL.

sière stayed until January, cessor by the time he left. damaging row over the

appointment of Wim Duisencommitment to the renewal of eastern Europe stems from his childhood experiences as a refugee in the sec- by economic globalisation. ond world war.

He was born in Germanoccupied Poland in 1943, the development of market where his father was serving as a soldier. He was still a baby when he and his family escaped to eastern Germany Köhler of the urgency of before the advancing Soviet established by governments, modernising eastern Europe. troops. The family spent it also has a mission to pronearly 10 years in the Rus- mote the market economy in sian-occupied zone before eastern Europe.

fleeing to the west in 1953. "I feel a personal sense of nation, to have its artists responsibility that we should reduced to beggars. People not allow such things as the can endure this for a while. war to happen again," says among EBRD shareholders Monetary Fund. But for how long? This is Mr Köhler, his voice quiet about whether it should con-

He warns that if the tively well-developed central given Russia "a breathing of refugees to the west. . interview since his appoint- reforms fail in eastern European countries such as space". It urgently needs a Europe, particularly in Rus. Poland or on more needy for- medium and long-term sionally, wondering whether Mr Köhler arrives at the sia, there is scope "for trou- mer Soviet republics. He reform plan for building a he has been too blunt. But top. It has won praise from people's capacity for suffer- advanced countries.

orst Köhler says three president last summer after of refugees could come things helped him Jacques de Larosière across its borders. decide to take on his announced plans to retire. Mr Köhler brings to the Even though Mr de Laro- EBRD long experience of international financial relastruction and Development: European Union govern- tions. As a former senior a chat with his daughter, a ments had not found a suc- official in the German finance ministry, he was for Mr Köhler was appointed several years his country's only after the EU settled a top civil servant at Group of Seven meetings.

For the past five years, he berg as the first president of has headed the German the European Central Bank. Savings Banks Association.
Mr Köhler says his deep But even here he kept an eye on international finance, urging local banks to focus on the opportunities created For Mr Köhler, the EBRD's

main challenge is to support economies in former Communist countries. As a bank, it must seek to make profits. But as a multilateral agency

"artificial" the longrunning argument led by the International
Monetary Fund. centrate its efforts on rela-

r Köhler dismisses as

EBRD at a time when it ble so bad that we can't says the bank still has much market economy. The Rus- he ploughs on, convinced needs new impetus from the describe it". The Russian to do even in the most sians themselves must con- there are few words strong shareholder governments for ing is "unbelievable" but it "A market economy is not ern institutions, including tance of the work ahead - or the quality of its work, but should not be "over built in 10 years, or even in the EBRD, could contribute. the consequences of failure. has suffered for months from stretched. Western Europe one generation. It takes a The west should not offer "Transition must be a suca lack of leadership. It would not escape: "hundreds long time to change the men- only money, says Mr Köhler. cess. It must really result in started looking for a new of thousands, if not millions" tality of people. For example, Equally important is the a better world."



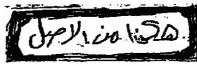
there is still a huge task in opening of markets for strengthening small and exports from Russia and medium-sized companies in central Europe."

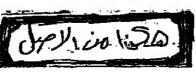
But the challenge in central Europe pales in comparison with that in Russia. Mr products the former Commu-Köbler supports the efforts of President Boris Yeltsin as agriculture, coal and and Sergel Kirlyenko, his steel, remain restricted. young prime minister, and the financial aid programme the eastern countries. It is

But he says the recent create jobs in the east is the international aid has merely danger of provoking a flood ceive such a plan, but west- enough to express the impor-

other east European countries. The EU and US have gone some way to liberalise trade, but key markets in nist bloc could export, such "Transition is not just for

also for the west," he says. The alternative to helping Mr Köhler pauses occa-





# Productivity of US workers declines

to June, pushing the growth its fastest rate in more than

Non-agricultural business per cent in the second quarter, the Commerce Department reported yesterday. The decline, the first since weaker productivity and

nies continued to increase a troubling indication that innovation, meant workers put as a result of the Gen- easier to measure than the

With workers' earnings in companies' labour costs to rising at an annual rate 3.8 per cent in the three months to June, the combination propelled growth in unit productivity - the output labour costs - an indicator per hour of all workers - of inflationary pressures in shrank at a seasonally employment costs faced by adjusted annual rate of 0.2 companies - to an annual rate of 4.1 per cent. Though the quarterly pro-

ductivity figures are volatile,

their payrolls even as their the aconomic conditions the were able to increase their eral Motors strike and a output of the services sector, US workers' productivity rate of output growth slowed US has experienced in the declined in the three months abaroly.

Their payrois even as men the economic communication with the incomes and companies allowdown in inventory and many economists are declined in the three months.

Their payrois even as men the economic communication with the incomes and companies allowdown in inventory and many economists are declined in the three months. tion - may be ending.

In the past two years, the US had been enjoying a rise the first half of the 1990s, growth was near zero, but in 1996 and 1997 output per hour accelerated to annual rates of increase of 2.4 and 1.4 per cent respectively. This growth in productiv-

ity, driven, some economists

argued, by technological

pat growth with low infla- producing an inflationary

But if that period of noninflationary growth is over, in productivity growth. In the US could now face diftinue to push for wage gains as output growth slows. The second quarter's productivity slump may have

> been the result of temporary factors, however. ... The principal cause was the sharp slowdown in out-

rise in output per hour in ity of the figures for nopthe first quarter - a revised 3.5 per cent, the Commerce

Department said yesterday. Furthermore, uncertainty continues to fog the performance of the service sector. The latest figures showed manufacturing output continued its healthy performance of recent years, growing at 4.2 per cent in the

Factory output is much

manufacturing. More Americans filed for federal bankruptcy protection in the 12 months ending in June than in any one-year period, the Administrative Office of the US Federal Courts reported yesterday. Federal bankruptcy filings climbed to a record 1.42m for those 12 months, spurred by a 9,2 per cent increase in per sonal bankruptcies.

#### NEWS DIGEST

#### CROSS-BORDER DEALS

## **Takeover activity rises** despite economic woes

The level of cross-border takeover activity in Latin America increased in the first six months of the year - in spite of the region's economic slowdown and falls in local stock markets. Companies from Europe, the US and Asia were involved in 41 deals in Latin America during the first half of the year, compared with 31 in the second half of last year and 24 in the first six months of 1997, according to an analysis published this week by Robert Fleming Securities. the investment bank's broking arm. Latin American companies were involved in a further five cross-border deals within the region, according to the research which tracks transactions of more than \$50m in value.

The total value of the deals fell to \$16bn compared with \$16.2bn in the last half of 1997, mainly due to a decline in the value of assets. Latin America continued to attract the lion's share of flows into emerging markets, accounting for some 53 per cent of the total. Richard Lapper, London

#### **BRITISH ENERGY/ONTARIO HYDRO**

### Canadian utility suspends talks

British Energy said it was "disappointed and trustrated" that Ontario Hydro unexpectedly suspended talks to form a partnership to operate the Canadian utility's nuclear reactors. Talks are not likely to resume until early 1999, once the utility has restructured its generation arm as part of a plan to introduce competition into Ontario's electricity sector. Ontario Hydro recently informed British Energy that it was "temporarily" suspending joint venture negotiations. Terry Young, an Ontario Hydro spokesman, would not provide a time frame for restarting talks, but he said the utility needed to first focus on restructuring and recapitalising Ontario Hydro's successor companies and appointing directors, Scott Morrison, Toronto

#### **BELL ATLANTIC DISPUTE**

#### Union orders strikers back

Bell Atlantic, the US telephone company, yesterday reached a tentative agreement with the Communications Workers of America ending a two-day strike involving 73,000 union members. The union said it was instructing its members to report for work at the beginning of them next scheduled shifts, ending disruption to non-automated telephone services in New York, Washington DC, and north-eastern US. Agencies, Washington and New York

#### ST KITTS AND NEVIS

### Pledge to improve relationship

Leaders of St Kitts and Nevis say they will negotiate an improved relationship between their eastern Caribbean islands following the failure of Nevis's secessionist move ment to obtain enough votes to leave the federation in a referendum on Monday. Although 62 per cent of voters backed secession, a two thirds majority was needed for Nevis to become one of the world's smallest nations. Canute James, Kingston

# Jurors get evidence taped in long, hot price-fixing trial

early 1995, came as compa- accelerating labour costs are

Audio and videotapes made by an ex-Archer Daniels Midland official have provided respite as hearings drag on. Nikki Tait reports

less courtroom struggles to look attentive. In its corn processing operations, pening weeks, the criminal joined Mr Whitacre in the opening weeks, the criminal trial of top executives at price rigging. Archer Daniels Midland, the drama as federal prosecutors prove an extensive price-fix- group.

the halfway mark, some of evaporated and a long, hot mal feed. summer looms on the 21st floor of Chicago's federal

undercover "mole" for the Federal Bureau of Investiga-

The jury in the window- pany's deputy chairman, and

To date, only a handful of large and influential US agri- . prosecution witnesses have business, provided plenty of taken the stand. The first was Kanji Mimoto, an execupursued their efforts to tive with Japan's Ajinomoto

This was one of the four But, with the hearings companies which by its own now heading towards their admission, joined ADM to fix fourth week and yet to reach prices in the \$600m-a-year market for lysine, an amino the early excitement has acid which is added to ani-Both ADM and the world's

other four producers - Japanese and South Korean -The trial's shape - and the have already pleaded guilty pattern of the arguments - to the price-fixing, paying is already clear. Prosecutors hundreds of millions of dolare using an extensive bank lars in fines and settlements of audio and videotapes with angry customers. But made by Mark Whitacre, for- immunity deals stemming mer head of ADM's BioProd- from those agreements did

tion, in their efforts to prove ender of international meetthat Mick Andreas, the comings - from Paris to Hawaii tion, Mr Whitacre and Mr Mr Andreas, at one stage.



from ADM and the other companies met to discuss prices and, later on, produc-

The illegality of this activity, he has testified, was clear to those involved - and there were even efforts to conceal the purpose of the get-togethers. Early on in the trial, for example, Mr Mimoto was shown the agenda for a meeting at the Hotel Windsor in Paris, mentioning animal rights and environmental issues. That was "a camouflage", he said. "We discussed the price of lysine...We agreed on the

been the audio tapes the jury ucts division who worked for . not extend to Mr-Andreas or . listened to and videotapes made by Mr Whitacre which In painstaking detail, Mr have rolled across large would we be willing to Mimoto has recounted a cal-endar of international meet-In one telephone conversa-

new price."

where they were moving their prices, with the ADM executive forewarning his Japanese counterpart of what the marketing department would be affering different customers. They also discussed how best to liaise with one of the South Korean companies active in the

Last week, the prosecution played an even more powerful card - an 82-minute videotape of a 1992 meeting in California at which officers of both ADM and Ajinomoto appeared to thrash out a sales and volume agreement.

More compelling have Mr Andreas figured prominently as the parties haggled and court speciators have over production numbers. The question is how do we share the growth - what accept and what would you be willing to accept?" asked

nomoto executive who led the Japanese delegation, went on to testify that he subsequently sent a memo to the smaller lysine manufacturers to say that the two companies had "agreed on a tentative quantity alloca-

Although there is no certainty about which witnesses will be called, it is clear that the government intends to try to make its case without Mr Whitacre's assistance. He became a hig liability for the prosecution when - shortly after his taping activity came to light -ADM accused him of emberalement. Mr Whitacre has subsequently pleaded guilty to 37 counts of fraud, money laundering and tax evasion. He is serving a nine-year jail

sentence. Lawyers for Mr Andress and Mr Wilson have suggested that, while their

price-fixing discussions, their real objective was to gather information on the size of the lysine market. In short, they, too, were playing a double game. sounding out their rivals.

The one figure missing from the courtroom is Mark Whitacre, the mole himself. Mr Whitacre turned up at the start of the trial, and his lawyer still remains a permanent courtroom presence in Chicago's Metropolitan Correctional Center early on - citing poor food and being kept up by fellow prisoners "Latin Kings are on every floor," he said, referring to a notorious street gang. Judge Blanche Manning allowed him to return to the jail in North Carolina

For the jurors, however there is no such escape.

1998 FUROMONEY AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE: BEST GERMAN SECURITIES FIRM OF THE YEAR

"The best this year is Metzler, for its activity advising the government on various privatizations and share disposals ..."

We thank our clients.

# B. METZLER GMBH

CORPORATE FINANCE

Große Gallusstraße 18, 60311 Frankfurt am Main, Tel.: (49)-69-2104-4444, Fax: (49)-69-292650

Bonn spurns pleasing exhibition tax breaks

賴與其事發展的場合 包括語

Shipments still suspent

# Boeing's space launch licence suspended

By Nancy Dunne in Washington Boeing said the information the and Charles Clover in Kiev was not classified.

form at sea with Russian and Ukrainian parmers.

The action was taken after information with its part-Moscow and KB Yuzhnoye/ PO of Ukraine - without

blow: first to Boeing which Chinese missile, Loral Space has suspended Boeing's has suffered a decline in and Communications and a licence to participate in a profits due to production unit of Hughes Electronics \$500m project to launch com-and delivery problems; to are accused of disclosing mercial rockets from a plat-the telecommunications sensitive information in an industry, which faces launch satellites and to interna- rocket. Boeing admitted sharing tional co-operation in the ners - RSC-Energia of icy in the post-cold war sion was "painted with a big period.

The action comes at a time of charges and countercharges in Congress about The suspension will cause nian factory Yuzhmash,

the administration's further delays to the project go-ahead for the launch of which had already delayed

investigation into a failure capacity shortages for its of a Chinese Long March An industry official said space industry, a key US pol- the State Department's decigold politics brush" as a

result of all the criticism lev-

The suspension is a triple an American satellite on a its planned launch date until early next year.

The consortium has been assembling the sea launch platform at the former Long Beach Naval Base in Calif-

Yesterday, it was reported that 30 to 40 Ukrainian and Russian engineers who had been working on the projecting were leaving the coun-

The rockets are conelled at the administration. structed jointly by the Ukrai-

which formerly manufactured the SS-18 nuclear missile, and Energia, which makes the Proton booster. the most powerful in the world. Yuzhmash and one other Ukrainian factory have a 15 per cent interest in the project, while Energia has a

25 per cent interest. Ukrainlan engineers from the Yuzhmash factory were surprised by the US objections to Boeing's role in the project, because according to them, they and their Russian counterparts were providing nearly all the rocket technol-

stake in Sea Launch, and 18 overall project manager, but the technology primarily is know-how is protected."

floating launch platform.

that of other nations. Alexander Loginov, the chief of Yuzhmash's laboratory, said, "Actually, it is Boeing that must guarantee that our

Aside from Energia, Boeing, and Yuzhmash, the remaining 20 per cent of the venture is owned by Kvaer ner, the Anglo-Norwegian company, which makes the

### **NEWS DIGEST**

WTO DIRECTOR GENERAL

# Thai trade economist to be named as candidate

Supachai Panitchpakdi, Thailand's deputy prime minister and commerce minister, is to be nominated by his govern ment as a candidate for the post of director general of the World Trade Organisation.

Mr Supechai, a noted trade economist, was influential in the Ceims group of agriculture exporting nations and has played a prominent role at the Asia Pecific Economic Co-operation (Apec) forum. He is expected to be the only candidate from Asia to succeed Renato Rupplero of Italy.

whose term expires next April.

Mr Supechal had been increasingly marginalised in Thai land's economic policy-making apparatus by Tamin Nimmanahaeminda, the finence minister, and has expressed a desire to leave domestic politics. Ted Bardacks, Bangkok

#### JAMAICA TELECOMS

### C&W set for clash on reforms

The Jamaican government and Cable and Wireless are heading for a dispute over attempts to dilute the UK com-pany's telecommunications monopoly on the island. The government wants greater competition in some telecom services, but C&W claims its future investments in Jameica have been made uncertain. C&W has a 79 per cent stake in Cable and Wireless Jamaica, and there has been local controversy over its monopoly to provide wired, whelesa and value-added telecommunication services under a licence granted in 1987. While honouring the company's licences, the government wants competition in some sar-

Jameica has to reform its telecome policy to meet World Trade Organisation rules to allow Jamaica "gainful participation" in the global information economy. Percival Patterson, the prime minister said. Cable and Wireless Jamaica. which has invested heavily in the Island's telecommunica tions, said the government's plan was an "unsettin development" which "raises questions about Cable & Wireless' existing investments and places a great deal of uncertainty about the company's future investment programme in Jamaica". Canute James, King

#### INVESTMENT IN VIETNAM

### UK minister urges faster talks

Britain's trade minister, Brian Wilson, has warned Vietnam that it needs to speed up the pace of negotiations on big foreign investment projects if it wants to encourage contin ued investor interest. After two days of talks in Hance, Mr Wilson said he respected the caution which Vietnam displayed in its negotiations, but that foreign companies expected to achieve a positive outcome within a time scale which was comparable with other similar economies

"It would be naive to suppose that particular markets don't have reputations and images," he said, "And it is obvious that companies and countries are watching and are aware of the pace and progress in Vietnam."

The visit to Vietnam included discussion of a \$1.5bn offshore ges development project by an international consor-tium including BP and Statoli, which was first proposed in 1993 and which has been the subject of detailed negotiations for more than a year. Jonathan Birchall, Hanoi

#### Ukraine looks to extract commercial gain from Soviet military legacy Charles Clover reports on Kiev's tific resources here. We suggested the AN-70 to eight ambitions to resurrect large cargo aircraft could make anything," said European countries, includand space launch industries from the ruins Volodymyr Horbulin, for- ing Germany, which have

of the USSR defence machine

ment deal.

n the outskirts of Kiev, Ukraine, is a building crammed machines designed to snap an aircraft wing in half, or puncture a fuselage.

It is the stress laboratory for the Antonov aircraft design bureau, built to test the strength of wings the size of a football pitch, and is the key to designing the largest aircraft in the world.

In the days of the Soviet Union, the Antonov design bureau was one of the showpieces of the communist next year to send its first regain worldwide world. And it genuinely still makes the largest aircraft on the shadow cast over the the planet, such as the AN- project yesterday by a US 225, or "Mrya", which theoretically has a cargo capacity of 250 tonnes. A smaller of the partners, to partici-Antonov aircraft, the AN-124 "Ruslan", holds the world commercial cargo record, for carrying 132 tonnes from Dusseldorf, Germany, to New Delhi, India.

Antonov is still one of the flagships for Ukraine's aerodespite setbacks after independence from the Soviet Union, is beginning to regain its worldwide prestige as the result of a series of new pro- military and space pro-

The Antonov factory has national security director, nostalgically. been negotiating to sell its latest design, the AN-70 cargo aircraft, to a number

rocket factory in Dniprope-

trovsk, has begun making

rocket boosters for a US-Rus-

sia-Norway-Ukraine commer

cial space venture. Called

Sea Launch, it is expected

satellite into orbit, despite

licence enabling Boeing, one

roughly a third of the Soviet

defence industry was located

in Ukraine. The Yuzhnoe

missile factory also produced

the deadly SS-18 and SS-24

guidance systems, engines,

missile systems, along with

But in 1991, military procurement spending was of European countries, in slashed by 80 per cent, and what could potentially be a orders for new aircraft and multi-billion dollar investmissiles ground to a halt.

"We could put 300,000 Meanwhile, another Ukrai- people back to work if we could just restart our aeronian enterprise, the Yuzhnoe

Antonov is beginning to prestige through decision to suspend the new projects

in the days of the USSR, builtn.

But little by little, commercial benefits are being drawn from the Soviet mili-

After showing the AN-70 cargo aircraft at the Berlin space industry, which, the Kosmos and Tsikion air show in May, the Antorockets. And a number of nov executives have started other factories produced negotiations with Daimler-Benz aerospace, the German and satellites for the Soviet aircraft maker, on the prospects of jointly manufacturing the AN-70.

Antonov has also merly chief engineer at plans to design and manu-Yuzhnoe and now Ukraine's facture a large European military cargo aircraft in a joint project, the so-called FLA, or future large aircraft. "Europe could save \$4.5bn by using our design," said

Dmitri Kiva, Antonov's chief Although it is considered an outside contender for the

contract, the AN-70 would cost roughly \$50m per aircraft, cheaper than the estimates for the FLA of roughly \$70m, not including design costs of billions of One hurdle for Antonov to

overcome, however, is the industry perception that their aircraft are unsafe. A now famous photograph of an AN-124 tailfin sticking out of a block of apartments in the Russian province of irkutsk last year left a lasting impression. That crash, however, was attributed to frozen fuel, and Antonov executives vociferously orbit. defend their aircraft's overall record.

In the meantime, the other prestige project for Ukraine's aerospace sector is the Sea Launch project, led by Boeing the US aircraft manufac- Sea Launch already has department of scientific turer, in which Ukraine has orders to launch 18 satel- research at the National a 15 per cent interest. Sea lites, and Ukraine is eyeing Space Agency of Ukraine.



Ukraine's Vuzhnoe moket factory is supplying part of the rocket, while Russia's Proton factory supplies an additional booster and Norway supplies the launch pad.

the commercial satellite According to Euroconsult,

the French aerospace research house, more than \$12hn worth of commercial satellites will be launched into low earth orbit by 2007. This would be a prime market for its Zenith rockets, also manufactured at Yuzh-

"We intend to become major participants in the commercial space market. said Oleg Federov, chief of



# UN refugee agency scraps mediator post

By Andrew Edgeciffe-Johnson

Mrs Demmer, who has

next month.

fore expensive, official. He added: "We have to shrink because we have less money. We have decided to replace [the mediator] with some other structure which is not

about her succession,

days - to criticise the mannot implementing recommendations made in her ear-

A copy of the mediator's last report, which was published in 1996 and distributed to all staff members, has been passed to the

real attention and thus of the 72 cases she investigated

in relation to reports of sex-The United Nations High ual harassment...and in connection with the subse the alleged perpetrators." The delays inherent in the

> tive effect," it said. The report conceded that "change is in the air" but says that the initiatives launched to effect improve ments within the UNHCR have yet to translate into concrete, organisation-wide

existing disciplinary rules

for dealing with such cases

"have little or no disincen-

The mediator's 1996 report concluded with the hope that some of the causes of employees' difficulties may be systematically addressed by the "change management" programme introduced by the UNHCR in

December 1995. However, the UNHCR staff council has repeatedly months that the manage ment initiatives in general programme in particular, organisation for the better.

Mr Janowski said that the management project, which has the aim of devolving more responsibility to staff in the field, was "extremely complex," and that it would take another one or two years to judge how success-

He added: "This is a big organisation which has been expanding rapidly and then shrinking. Shrinking is always painful, so you Jonas Savimbi, the Unita always have people who are

In the three years between the establishment of the mediator's post and the 1996 more than 4 per cent of the resources devoted to staff between June 1995 and May 1996, 17 led to "a review of The report added: "The the administrative actions weakness of the investiga- which had been taken or

### AFRICAN BLASTS STRIKE AT US ALSO DEALS BLOW TO ECONOMY ALREADY SUFFERING FROM FALL IN TOURISM

# Bombing shatters Kenyan hopes

By Michela Wrong in Nairobi

bury at least 218 victims of last week's bomb blast, Kenya was yesterday beginning to measure the impact of the country's worst terrorist attack on an economy

already hit by crisis. Coming after an 18-month slump, the timing of Friday's explosion could not have been more damaging. Things were limping along badly anyway," said an eco-nomic analyst. "This is the final shot in the head."

Even before the blast, stagnating foreign investment, an aid freeze by donors exasperated by top-level graft. El Niño's ravages on agriculture and the near-collapse of the tourism industry had prompted many economists to predict growth this year would be under 1 per cent after an already disappoint-

ing 2.3 per cent in 1997. Now even that scenario negative," said Robert Shaw, director of the Institute of

Economic Affairs. "Overall appealed to the US govern- share coming from Europe. this will increase momentum As relatives continued to towards greater slowdown." The immediate damage to Nairobi's infrastructure has

yesterday while touring the bomh site Kenya's President Daniel arap Moi said the total cost could reach \$500m. The bomb - coinciding with a similar blast in Dar es Salaam ~ seriously damaged at least 30 buildings in the business centre and it is expected many small busi-

ses may be bankrupted. as insurance policies in a city with no history of guerrilla attack rarely catered for terrorism. The Association of Kenya Insurers, under public pressure to be lenient. met on Monday to consider

Tourism is likely to suffer the biggest blow. The industry, accounting for up to 20 per cent of foreign exchange venue, was just beginning to pick up after what Henry called its worst year since Kenya's tourist board has

ment to review the travel warning issued on Friday, that even without a negative which advised nationals to avoid Kenya and Tanzania because they would find no local back-up in countries where both US embassies

are out of action. The warning, which contrasted with an advisory from the British Foreign Office recommending travellers leave their plans unchanged as "repeat incidents" seemed unlikely, triggered fury in a country that already sees itself as the innocent victim of a dispute between Islamic fundamentalists and the US.

An editorial in the Daily Nation newspaper blasted what it described as an 'impolitic and callous' move, saying Kenya took "great offence" at the advisory. "We trust that Americans are intelligent ill advice with the disdain it

But tour operators worry advisory. TV coverage of the pound the negative image of Kenya arising from last year's ethnic clashes and a spate of gangster attacks in

which westerners have died. Kenya is estimated to have lost up to \$400m in tourist revenue in the 12 months to July. Hotels on the coast have closed and 50,000 people in the industry have lost their jobs.
The latest bad news comes

just as European customers turn their attention to winter bookings. "The tourist board has been busy promoting Kenya abroad and there were hopes we would see bookings up for the November to March high season," said an industry operator. "This knocks it all for six."

The government is poorly placed to ride out any furonly sixth in importance for likely to reach 4 per cent of

reduce the huge domestic debt fuelling cripplingly high interest rates (interest about 25 per cent).

Kenya's government will hope that, given the excep tional circumstances, the US and other governments will soften the hard line taken since aid was frozen last August by the international

Madeleine Albright, the US secretary of state, said on Monday Washington would discuss with Tanzania and Kenya ways in which the US could assist. But given the widespread perception that Mr Moi is still reluctant to crack down on corruption, a sea change in international attitudes to Kenya looks unlikely.

 The Kenya Society has set up a fund for the victims of the Nairobi bombing and their families. Donations can be made by calling 0870 901 4222 from UK, 00 44 870 901

#### By Judy Dempsey In Jerusale and David Buchan in London israel bowed to pressure from the US yesterday and lifted its objections to the start of United Nations-spon sored talks aimed at halting bomb-making material. the last country to hold out

**Israelis** 

on UN

N-talks

lift block

against the talks, enabled the 61-nation Conference on Disarmament in Geneva to set up a negotiating commit-Geneva group includes the five established nuclear powers plus India and Pakistan which exploded nuclear weapon devices earlier this Robin Cook, foreign secretary of Britain which takes

over the chair of the disar-

mament conference next

week, hailed yesterday's moves as "a significant breakthrough" towards the international treaty ending the production of plutonium and highly enriched ura-But remarks yesterday by Benjamin Netanyahu suggested that Israel may be simply buying time, or placating Washington in return for an easing of US pressure over the Middle East peace process, rather than becoming a serious negotiating

partner in Geneva. Mr Netanyahu insisted to his cabinet that Israel had "fundamental problems with the treaty", which would subject it to verification of its nuclear capability and weapons arsenal.

Negotiating a treaty halting fissile nuclear material production is likely to take several years. Members of the Geneva conference are divided on the scope of a trenty and its verification procedures. The established nuclear powers generally want it to apply only to future production, while many developing countries inspection to apply to exist-

#### looks optimistic. "I'd be sur-Kosgey, tourism minister. deserves." it said. activity. It is struggling to prised if growth isn't in the American visitors rank control a budget deficit

# Angola trembles on brink of all-out war

Further fighting has erupted in northern Angola in what United Nations officials fear may be a big new offensive by the Angolan Armed Forces (FAA) against the Unita rebels.

But so far the fighting does not seem to have spread to the central highlands further south, where leader, has his headquarters. As such it does not yet constitute the "final offensive" many have said is imminent. The UN said the fighting was concentrated around

Unita's main military base

in the north near the town of

Milando, just 75km (45 miles)

south of the border with the

Democratic Republic of

Congo and 50km west of the

mining area in the Cuango

CABINDA X Malanje ANGOLA MAMIBIA .

COMBO:

reported a massacre at Kun-Milando, though the UN has recently accused them of It is not clear if the latest turmoil is a direct result of

will exploit the conflict, even though he is not allied with either Rwandan-backed forces in eastern Congo, or president, who came to power in Kinshasa last year

Relations between the government and the rebels soured in June as scattered worsened when Alioune Blondin Beye, UN special representative to Angola, died in an air crash on June recent fighting in nearby 26. Tension rose as each side

than 100km from Milando, in which the UN said at least

sees the negotiating proposals brought back to Luanda by Isaias Samakuva, Unita's chief negotiator, as further hours after his return.

skirmishes broke out. They central highlands, "The government firmly believes Savimbi will never make any concessions unless he is under a military threat;" a diplomat said.

headquarters, thus impleoutstanding element of the Lusaka agreement.

in the north-eastern diamond regions, which also prompted predictions of all-out war, culminated in the official hand-over of most of Unita's main diamond mining areas. The fields had produced about half of Angola's estimated \$1bn total output in 1997, but analysts predicted, even before the latest fighting, that Mr Savimbi would mine little more than \$100m worth

Commissioner for Refugees its neutral ombudsman. Anne-Marie Demmer, the current mediator, has published several highly critical reports about the organisa-

been responsible for tackling the grievances of disaffected staff since the post was created in 1993, will step down Kris Janowski, a UNHCR spokesman, said vesterday that the current post was for

He stressed that the UNHCR would listen to Mrs Demmer's recommendations

Staff expect Mrs Demmer's valedictory report - which is and the change management due to be completed within agement of the UNHCR for lier reports. The organisation last week rejected allegations in the Financial Times of management fail-

Financial Times. The report highlighted concerns that staff have "a low level of confidence in the objectivity and fairness of management", that there is "a tendency in many parts sider staff 'guilty until proven innocent'," and that staff had sought the mediathere is a "persistent lack of tor's help. She added that, of

tive processes of the organi- envisaged.



da-dya-Base, 60km west of false and hostile reporting. country's richest diamond

Laurent Kabila, Congo's herald a wider offensive

with the help of the FAA. Observers have said for weeks that the well-armed FAA were about to attack the central highlands headquarters of Mr Savimbi. Unita has an estimated 10,000-15,000 troops even though it officially demobilised under the 1994 Lusaka peace agreement.

Congo. But the Angolan gov- blamed the other for another

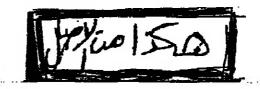
105 people had died. The new fighting could against Unita because of government exasperation. It

delaying tactics. Aid workers said the latest fighting erupted on Friday, just But observers had also said that much of the earlier tension was intimidation by the Luanda government to force Mr Savimbi to withdraw peacefully from the

The attacks may remain of diamonds this year.

RISING TENSION UN FEARS SKIRMISHES MAY LEAD TO BIG GOVERNMENT PUSH TO DRIVE OUT UNITA REBELS to put more pressure on Mr

> "The extension of state administration to these areas implies he must return to Luanda," Mr Samakuva said. "And he is afraid for his life here. Last year the FAA attacks



MAD DINI CLOS CENERAL That trade economia be named as candida

SMARCA TILLEGAMS C&W set for clash on the

MATERIAL IN THE WAR

UK munister urges fasters

on U 20 .60 Popped

174 July 18

# Japan's woes drive more to bankruptcy

By Alexandra Harney la Tokyo

gest that the country's economic crisis is taking a heavier toll on individual consumers than expected. The results put new pressure on the country's troubled financial system, which is already struggling under an estimated Y87,000bn (\$600bn) in bad loans.

The number of personal bankruptcies in the first five mouths of this year jumped 38 per cent compared with the same period last year. according to a report by the Supreme Court. If the trend continues at its present rate, the number of people filing for bankruptcy will reach an all-time high of 90,000 this year, the court said.

Last year, 71,299 people filed for bankruptcy in

The results complete the picture of economic turmoil in Japan. Consumer demand has collapsed, corporate bankruptcies are at record levels, and the unemploy-ment rate is the highest companies have traditionally since the 1950s.

Corporate failures were one of the biggest reasons for personal bankruptcies, the study said. The number of Japanese companies that filed for bankruptcy climbed 29 per cent year-on-year to liquidity crisis, have tight-1.741 cases in June, accord- ened lending conditions, to

ing to Teikoku Data Bank, a research group. The total Startling figures about debts associated with those Japan's personal hankruptcy failures increased 74.6 per rate released yesterday sug- cent over the previous year to Y1,363bn, Teikoku Data Bank said

More people are filing for personal hankruptcy than in the past because of a wider public awareness and greater social acceptability of being bankrupt. Until recently most bankrupts would have chosen to run and hide from debt collec-

tors, if not commit suicide.

The decline of construct tion activity, one of the sectors worst hit by the down turn. is particularly damaging as it employs 10 per cent of the workforce and accounts for nearly 15 per cent of national income. At the same time, companies' attempts to reduce their payrolls have hurt individual finances. The unemployment rate is at a record 4.1 per cent, bonuses are falling at many mid-size compa-

nies, and the number of com

panies cutting jobs is

increasing. This is especially

avoided redundancies and Growing personal and company debt levels have led to increased demand for loans. But many Japanese banks, facing their own

# **Debt rumours hit** Indonesian rupiah

Indonesia's rupiah plunged sovereign debt default, but a eign debt," he said. senior minister insisted a freeze on principal payments with France and other donor countries as part of a planned debt rescheduling of official credits.

y report paying principal on a loss communicated.

provided by a French bank. A spokesman of the indoit was down Rp250 at 13,200 suez banking group condon trading

not defaulted. "What we are reported missed payments.

the agreement we reached with international debtors. yesterday on rumours of a on rescheduling our sover-Under its recent agree-

ment with the International

Monetary Fund, Indonesia

promised to negotiate a debt rescheduling with several official creditors as part of its afforts to cover external The rupish lost Ro400 to cash flow requirements. The the dollar in just 30 minutes payments freeze is a stanon the London market, dard part of such proceaccording to traders, follow- dures. Bankers said yesterthat Indonesia had stopped the plan had been poorly

to the US dollar in late Lon- firmed indonesia had missed on trading.

a deadline on principal paythe new administration of the new administration of th Kartasasmita, co-ordinating not reveal the amount. "It minister for finance, economics and industry, told the FT that Indonesia had that other banks had also

PROPERTY BLOW DECISION ON THIRD PHASE OF ROYAL ASCOT DEVELOPMENT AS HONG KONG STOCK MARKET REACHES FIVE-YEAR LOW

# Leading developer pulls out of HK deal

was further dented yesterday when the territory's bigexpansion of a key residenerty market.

Sun Hung Kai Securities said it "wished to hold these proposals in abeyance until the property market has sta, study has been completed.

partner on the project, the had no intention of delaying Hong Kong dollar. The stock economic contraction. Confidence in Hong Kong Kowloon-Canton Railway the project until Sun Hung market yesterday lost 5.6 per Corporation (KCRC).

gest property developer lights developers' gloomy ing all viable options. withdrew from the expected outlook for the market, puts a question mark over the tial project, sending more future development of Royal tremors through the prop- Ascot, an upmarket development of about 2,500 flats in 10 blocks. Work had not begun on an expected third phase, although a feasibility

KCRC said yesterday it the Chinese ronminbi and dried up, exacerbating the HK\$880,000 (US\$114,000), a Kai decided to return to the cent, bitting a five-year low. The decision, which high- market, and was now explor-

> ing another rout on the the currency peg, the linch-Hong Kong markets. Specu- pin of its financial system, lators continued their which links the Hong Kong assault on the local cur- dollar to the US dollar at a rency, an attack that was rate of 7.8 to 1. waged for most of last week as the Japanese yen weakened, putting pressure on

Asset deflation is the price Hong Kong is paying for its The latest blow came dur- tenacious maintenance of scope for a further 30 to 40 As share and property

prices slump and interest rates rise, consumption has

Property prices have fallen

some 40 per cent from the peak in July last year and analysts reckon there is per cent pruning of prices. Royal Ascot, a short trot from the Shatin race course in the remote New Territories, is a case in point.

Sun Hung Kai irked tenants last Angust when car park spaces were sold off for

New Territories. In October last year a coveted high-level 1,820 sq ft flat with views of the racecourse went for HK\$19.2m, lower than the expected HK\$20m

Today KCRC said flats were going for around HK\$5,000 per sq ft, or HK\$3.5m for the smallest 700 sq ft flat without views.

See editorial comment

closes

ance sector.

strength.

The four insurers. Kukle.

government warned that

seven bigger insurers might

also be forced to close if they

failed to submit realistic restructuring plans to improve their financial

The decision to close the

insurers comes as part of a

South Korean government

programme aimed at helping

sort out the problems of the

Operations at the four

companies will be suspended

for three months before they

are merged with stronger

insurers, including Sam-

sung, Kyobo, Hungkuk and

First Life, in an effort to pre-

vent policybolders from suf-

fering losses. An estimated

2100 jobs will be lost as a

result of the mergers.

ailing financial sector.

S Korea

# 'River of Sorrow' hits China's industrial growth

Yangtze flooding has disrupted production but there is a flicker of hope, writes James Harding

hina yesterday reported a slowdown in indus-trial growth last month, following the most extensive flooding of the Yangtze River in more than 40 years, which has disrupted production and inundated large areas of the country.

Beijing said "the huge impact of floods and the forced shutdowns of enterprises in some areas" had caused the decline in output growth, underlining how the Yangtze crisis is dragging on China's economy.

Another surge of water has now swept down the central reaches of the river, but just spared the industrial hub of Wuhan, after frantic efforts to reinforce dam walls and divert flood waters to protect the city's Officials yesterday warned

that with further rains expected and river banks swollen after weeks of pressure, worse may yet occur. Zhu Rongji, China's prime ninister, was quoted earlier this week warning of the further potential dangers of collapsing river walls. "The flood situation is

very serious on the Yangize

interest rates and growing

fears of a policy drift under

the new administration of

The call came as the cen-

tral bank raised its over-

night borrowing and lending

rates by three percentage

The Bankers' Association of Monday,

points to 18 and 20 per cent fied strategy," said Deogra-



cent in June and 8 per cent

in May. The flooding rather

than the impact of Asia's

financial crisis had been the

main factor behind the slow-

Beijing has already

blamed the flooding, which

has claimed more than 2,000

lives and caused more than

in the first half of the year.

Call for Philippine interest rate clarity

slsing the lifting of over-

would expect the exchange

rate to be 46-47 ipesos to the

dollar] today," he said. "We

would like the exchange rate

"If we did not do some-

tion of Treasury bills on thing about interest rates, I bill auctions is unrealistic. about 42 to the dollar.

to be determined by the mar- Indosuez W.I. Carr Securi-

agencies to have a more uni- ket but a market that is not ties. "I think the likelihood fears of the Estrada adminis-

However, the continuing

cent for 1988.

of cave-ins and crumbling July, compared with 7.9 per along the main river dikes because of the long soaking

Yet, while more than 2m people continue to work along the banks of the Yangtze - China's ancient "River of Sorrow" - to prevent further damage and loss of life, the economists have already started counting the cost.

"Despite the scale of the tragedy, this will not affect the Chinese economy fundamentally and it will not be a factor affecting the Chinese currency." one western economist in Beijing said yesterday. "It will not be a devastat-

ing blow. But it may cut part of a percentage point off the growth rate." The State Statistical

day urged the central bank bank's moves conflicted with to protect the peso, empha-added.

and government to stop the government's rejection slsing the lifting of over-sending out mixed signals on of bids from financial insti-night rates was temporary.

tutions at the weekly auc-

Monday in an effort to pre-

vent interest rates rising

"It would be good for both

from the present level of 14

drag on industrial output has raised alarm that the flooding may indeed put fur-Bureau reported yesterday that industrial growth fell to ther strain on the Chinese "There is a high possibility 7.6 per cent year-on-year in economy, which achieved 7 markets.

per cent growth in the first half of this year and is struggling to hit the government's 8 per cent target for 1996. "It is not over yet and it is unclear what the impact has

been. Agricultural output in Industrial output rose 7.8 some provinces may be very per cent year-on-year in the badly hit and, especially if first seven months of this there is flooding in Wuhan. it could hit industrial year, markedly below the government's industrial outgrowth further." the western put growth target of 11 per economist said.

Agriculture has been the obvious casualty so far, as the relentless summer rains over the past two months have resulted in unusually \$5bn-worth of damage, for fierce seasonal flooding that shaving 0.4 percentage has forced the relocation of points off economic growth more than 14m people and left farmland, roughly the combined areas of England

and Ireland, under water. Broader economic concerns have also started to feed through into the stock

Analysts believe the gov-

erament's rejection of all or

most bids at recent Treasury

"It is totally crazy that the

government didn't accept

Connor, head of research at

heavily influenced by specu- is that interest rates tration's lack of direction.

the Shanghai four life exchange, the index of "B" share foreign currency shares sank to a new low yesterday, driven down by insurers fears over the weakness of the Japanese yen and wor ries that the floods will badly damage the performance of some listed compa-South Korea vesterday shut nies in central China. four insolvent life insurers

But some analysts suggest in a first move toward that in terms of China's economic performance there may be a silver lining. Wang Guoxing, associate Taeyang, BYC and Coryo, are relatively small. But the

sity in Shanghai, said: "From the macro-economic point of view, the floods may lift domestic demand. The reconstruction of flooded areas, restoration of agricultural and industrial production and bouse building will

be new stimuli." China has pledged to increase infrastructure spending to lift the growth rate in the second half of the

The government has committed already RMB1.9bn (\$229m) to fighting floods and to the provision of relief effort, funds backed by increasing international assistance.

The impact on industrial production might also not be as severe as feared, as this is the low point in the annual cycle, Prof Wang suggested.

But it all depended on when the flood waters would start to recede."If flooding continues after mid-August. that will be a problem."

market and intensified spec-

ulative pressure on the peso,

which until last week had

been trading steadily at

On Monday, it touched a

seven-month low of 44.8 to

have been compounded by

the business community's

However, the government decided to postpone the shutdown of two troubled general insurers, Korea Guarantee Insurance and Hankuk Fidelity, to avoid "a serious effect" on the financial sector. The two groups have more than 7m policyholders. A total of 22 troubled

insurers, including 18 life and four non-life companies were recently forced to submit restructuring plans as percentage point increase on Gabriel Singson, central yesterday closed stronger at In the past several days, part of the government's bank governor, defended the 43.6 to the dollar against its regional concerns have review of the financial monetary authority's move opening at 44.35, Mr Singson rocked the Manila stock industry. The government blamed the problems of the insurance sector on "excessive expenditure and the accumulation of non-performing loans" in an overcrowded industry.

The Financial Supervisory Commission has already shut five commercial banks and 14 merchant banks, specialising in short-term corporate lending.

# Rifts show in Vietnamese leadership

An open letter alleging corruption reveals tensions in the party. Jonathan Birchall reports

his time last year Pham The Duyet was the Vietnamese Communist party's clean-up specialist. After violent protests last summer against corrupt local officials in the northern province of Thai Binh, it was Mr Duyet, as politburo member responsible for mass organisations, who first went to the troubled areas to listen to the grievances of angry farmers.

The protests, during which mobs kidnapped policemen and vandalised government buildings, eventually led to the removal of the province's top party officials, prison sentences for some of the protesters, and renewed calls from the leadership to stamp out corruption in the party

was elevated to the elite five sidered run-of-the-mill by member standing committee of the Vietnamese polithuro, in what some analysts saw as a reward for a job well done in Thai Binh.

But now the 63-year-old is himself in the spotlight, ern diplomat in Hanoi. after the emergence of a letter from veteran party members in Hanoi accusing him of corruption.

The letter, sent to the party's top leaders on May Day, highlights complaints dating in a series of signs of tension capital and events in rural regional crisis.

stuff of headlines. The letter, party ideology boss, Tran chaos".



catalogues the kind of low level corruption and intimi-Soon afterwards, Mr Duyet Hanoi which would be conmost Vietnamese.

gations you could make darity. Vietnam's foreign against virtually any provincial party boss, anywhere in the country," says one west-

allegations against a named top party leader to emerge in The letter is also the latest

On a regional scale, the allegations are hardly the allegations are hardly the allegations are hardly the retired general and former party leader as "a recipe for its words, "it would be

signed by 11 party members. Do, who issued a series of open letters appealing to the party leadership to impledation over access to land in ment widespread political

The party leadership has responded to this latest "These are the sort of alle- attack with a show of soliministry emphatically denied that Mr Duyet is under investigation, while he himself promptly But it is extremely rare for appeared in the local press such detailed and specific going about business as fest failings of the lower

back to the early 1990s, within Vietnam's one-party carried an article attacking when Mr Duyet was head of system, which have come wavering party members wavering party members, Hanoi People's Committee to when Mr Duyet was need of against the background of including those who have declare their personal the party in Hanoi. It also Vietnam's growing economic "raised their voices publicly wealth, in order "to regain draws an monic parameter of the against the regime with the for the party the trust of its egional crisis.

aim of seizing power", Mr members, and of the people,"
The most vocal dissent has Do's calls for political reform and warned that if the party That Binh.

On a regional scale, the come from a 74-year old have been dismissed by one didn't match its deeds with

Some political analysts in Hanoi argue that the recent letter is evidence of an inter nal politburo power struggie. Others, pointing to the damage done to the entire system by the charges, see a party-wide split between the current leadership and an earlier, "purer" old guard. But what the letter does

demonstrate is that in the absence of an organised opposition, internal dissent within the party remains the main challenge to its grip on power. And by raising the issue of corruption, the dissenters are now touching on an issue which, as Thai Binh demonstrated, can mobilise popular discontent against the party. After the trouble in rural

Thai Binh, the party pledged to improve "grass roots democracy" in order to improve the public accountability of local officials. The party's general secre-tary, Le Kha Phieu, subsequently identified "corruption and the deterioration in the moral behaviour" of offi-

cials as the "greatest threat" to Vietnam's social stability But the party still faces the dilemma of policing itself, and of persuading ordinary people that the higher echelons are some how exempt from the mani-

ranks.

The 11 party veterans who n Monday, the conser-vative army newspaper, Duyet aren't convinced. Quan Doi Nhan Dan, They called on Mr Duyet and the deputy chairman of the

#### **CONTRACTS & TENDERS**

bids on Monday," said Alex the dollar. Those anxieties

# Invest in Romania! STATE OWNERS HIP JUND

Advertising release for sale of shares by direct negotiation

The STATE OWNERSHIP FUND, a Romanian public institution based in Bucharest, 6 Stavropoleos Street, sector 3, is offering for sale by direct negotiation according to the Government Urgency Ordinance no. 88/1997 approved by Law no.44/1998 a 69.603% of the issued share capital of ASAM S.A. Company, Issi.

Registered Office: Iasi, Str. Aurel Vlaicu, ur. 77, jud. Iasi.

Fiscal Code: 1965018.

Registration no, at Commercial Register Office: J 22-275-1941

Issued stock capital, according to the latest records at the Commercial Register Office: 17.097,650 thousand ROL.

Timover in 1997: 61-727,182 thousand ROL.

Net profit in 1997: 874,049 thousand ROL.

Main scope of activity: designing, manufacturing and trade of spare parts, subassembly for vehicles, agricultural machine, equipment and industrial installations, technical assistance.

Total number of shares at a nominal value of 25,000 ROL each: 683,906. The share ownership structure is as follows:

O State Ownership Fund
O Funncial Investment Company Moldova
O Share owners through mass privatisation
O Shares assigned to the manager



Selier's offer price for the 476,021 shares representing the 69,603% stake of ASAM S.A. is of 51,609,244 thousand ROL (108,418 ROL/share) for Romanian investors respectively 6,254,916 USD (13,14 USD/share) for foreign investors.

The Company PRESENTATION FILE required for subscription to the offer may be obtained at the State Ownership Fund. BUSINESS CENTRE, OFFERS DIVISION of the International Relations Department, Burcharest, 6 Surveypolesy Street, sector 3 phone 04-01/3110495; 3123130; 3124231 and fax (04-01/3121841, daily between 8" and 16" his., at a price of 8,000,000 ROLE Foreign critizens or legal cutties may pay cash in USD at National Bank exchange rate applicable on the PRESENTATION FILE purchase date. This sum has to be transferred in advance to the State Ownership Fund accounts; int. 2511000000242300008 in USD at the Romanian Bank for Foreign Trade (BANCOREX) for foreign investors, or no. 25110090002224 in ROL at the Romanian investors.

Further information about the company's privatisation may be offered by S.O.F.'s INTERNET SITE at the address www.sof.ro. or at the phone 04-01-3124234 and fax 04-01-3113094, Mr. Milhai Obaccscu.

The minimum accepted environmental objectives for ASAM S.A., last are included in the PRESENTATION FILE.

THE PRESENTATION FILE will be released on presentation of:

a copy of the payment order for the presentation file;
thentry card to passport for foreign citizens);
certificate from the bidding company.

In order to participate in the negotiations, bidders are required to present evidence of putting at the Seller's disposal a guarantee of a participation i.e. 1.548,277 thousand ROL or 187.645 USD as follows: Romanian critices or legal entities may pay each to the State Ownership Fund to account no. 251100960900313 m ROL at the Romanian Bank for Development - Burcharest Branch (BRD-SMB); foreign critizess or legal entities may pay each to the State Ownership Fund to account no. 25110000008242300008 in USD, at the Romanian Bank for Foreign Trade (BANCOREX); alternatively the bidders may instruct the bank where they hold their account to release an unconditional bank guarantee valid for 180 days.

Only bidders that prove they acquire the Presentation File may submit their PURCHASING OFFER.

Bidders should submit the PURCHASING OFFER, respectively the Business Plan and the documents stipulated in the Annex I of the Government Decision no. 55/1998, article 27, published in the Official Gazette no. 66/12.02 1998 to the State Ownership Fund, Official Division as the above mentioned address, in a scaled cuvelope, prior to 9° of November, 1998, 12° hrs. local time (from deadline for submission). The opening of the envelopes will be done in the same day at 14° hrs. at S.O.F.'s headquarters.

was der er

M. .... age of the s

2.20

3 ----

1. 1. 1. 1.

· 18 Sec.

mar ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

ž. 🛶 . . 🖚 .

Y ...

The state of the s - 25 200 

1 ... -. .....

EXECUTIVES' REWARDS

approach by all companies."

**NEWS DIGEST** 

rises in privatised utilities

yesterday said executive pay in the privatised utilities had jumped by 18 per cent over the last year. He based his

comments on a survey in Utility Week magazine. "People must recognise that today's excessive pay increase could

be toniorrow's interest rate rise or mortgage increase," Mr.

would consider taking action to increase shareholder con-

The survey in the magazine showed a 15 per cent rise

across the utility sector. The figures also show some indi-

vidual chief executives receiving pay increases of over 40 per cent," the Treasury said. "Where performance has not been outstanding, it should not be rewarded," Mr Byers added. David Wighton, London

Infrestructure, is increasing its bid for government subsi-dies to help build a rail freight link between Scotland and the Channel tunnel between England and France. The

(\$247.5m) mooted to complete the project. But it is confident that John Prescott, deputy prime minister and chief

transport minister, will find the money to help achieve his goal of shifting freight from road to rail. Government audi-

tors completed a three-month scrutiny of the project last

week and will be discussing their findings with Mr Prescott over the coming weeks. Railtrack wants to start work on

the link soon so it coincides with the upgrade of the west coast main line from London to the Scottish city of Glas-

company believes it will need more than the £150m

Byers said. That is why the government warned that it

trol over directors' pay unless there is a more positive

Concern over 18% pay

Stephen Byers, the chief secretary to the Treasury,

# Gingrich calls for end to 'posturing'

Newt Gingrich, speaker of unionists for "de the US House of Representa- ing" of Irish Republican tives, yesterday urged North- Army weapons, he said: ern Ireland politicians to "Our message is very clear, abandon their "posturing and the agreement is clear. and appealing to the extreme The agreement stands and it elements" and to implement the peace agreement reached in April.

He was speaking in Belfast, the capital of Northern decommissioning within a Ireland, on the first day of a two year time frame. three-day visit to the region with seven members of Con- arguing, a lot of talking and gress. He has already visited a lot of posturing", Mr Ging-

Electoral reform

agenda may avoid

radical prescription

The prime minister's office is assenting to

t is perhaps no surprise mentor of Mr Blair, delivers that the governing Labour party's policy document on has pledged to hold a refer-

end that the NEC's submis- it was slipped out during the

representation. Liam Halligan reports

a diluted form of proportional

proportional representation

was leaked in the quiet

month of August, when most

The decision of the party's ruling National Executive

Committee to reject voting systems "geared towards

pure proportionality" might

appear vague. But it repre-

sents a significant move in

the behind-the-scenes negoti-

ations on electoral reform

It emerged over the week-

sion to the commission, summer,

for the British parliament.

headed by Lord Jenkins,

rejects many of the criti-

Jenkins, better known as

Roy Jenkins, is a former

Labour cabinet minister and

past president of the Euro-

pean Commission. He is now

a senior figure in the pro-

ted by late October to pro-

existing first-past-the-post

system for elections, in

candidates with the biggest

number of votes - even if

The NEC document, com-

Labour party opposes it.

The slowdown in manufac-

turing has spread across the

UK to a degree last seen in

1990s, the Confederation of

British Industry, the biggest

employers' lobby, said yes-

the current slowdown on the

economy as a whole with the depth of the recession in

But CBI analysts con-

two weeks ago,

for change that much of the stituencies.

European Liberal Democrat

sms of the status quo. Lord

MPs are away from London.

In an apparent reference to demands by pro-British needs to be implemented." The agreement says only that parties should "use their influence" to achieve

It would take "a lot of setting up a power sharing cratic Unionists, today.

endum pitching first-past-

the-post against an alterna-

tive but it is not bound by

Lord Jenkins' recommenda-

The NEC has no power over Mr Blair, But its report,

cleared by the prime minis

ter's office, puts pressure on

Lord Jenkins to avoid radi-

cal variants of PR such as

the single transferable vote,

under which MPs are chosen

in multi-member constituen-

cies. This is one reason why

The anti-change tone is

highlights the cabinet split down, Liberal Democrat

ing system is undemocratic second-largest opposition

But the main reason the about the NEC report but

THE ECONOMY CONFEDERATION OF BRITISH INDUSTRY REPEATS CALL FOR INTEREST RATE CUTS

in the early 1990s," said are in decline in each region.

CBI's call for the Bank of months. A negotive balance

England, the UK central of 47 per cent - the differ-

"ahead of the curve" in cut-recorded in the region. The

Tony Blair is keen to keep the

embarrassing because it

on PR. Some senior figures,

eign secretary, feel the exist-

such as Robin Cook, the for-

His commission is expec- pro-European Liberal Democrats

pose an alternative to the engaged in 'constructive' opposition

which seats in the House of and incompatible with a party after the Conserva-

Commons are won by the modern constitution. Others, tives, engaged in "construc-

such as John Prescott, the

deputy prime minister, are

they fail to win a majority of vehemently opposed to ultimate prize for a third

change, arguing against any-thing which breaks the tradi-

tional relationship between

MPs and single-member con-

Sudhir Junankar, the CBI's

associate-director of eco-

saying the monetary policy

trasted the likely effects of committee needed to be with higher orders - was

ting rates as well as raising

The CBI's figures were a

"We are in the recession regional breakdown of its Wales, Scotland, northern

nomic analysis.

zone, but are likely to have a earlier industrial trends sur-

of a free society, but I do think that steps have been taken to move in the right

direction and I think I'm very cautiously optimistic." trip meant many of the lead- gressive Unionists, the politiing local politicians, including Gerry Adams the Sinn Ulster Volunteer Force. Fein president, are away on holiday, Mr Gingrich's visit talks with Dermot Nesbit is further evidence of the from the Ulster Unionists support among US politi- and separately with Nigel cians for the April accord Dodds, of the hardline Demoassembly and accountable

institutions linking North-

Democrats who are nervous

about their party's contin-

ued convergence with

Labour - personified by the

close relationship between

Mr Blair and Paddy Ash-

Mr Blair is keen to keep

the Liberal Democrats, the

tive" opposition. He has held

out the promise of PR - the

party that suffers dispropor-

tionately under first-past-

Liberal Democrat officials

insist they are "relaxed"

Tony Blair, the prime minis- NEC report could cause party activists are worried crats argue that Labour's Liberal Democrats, including

ter, could face a difficult shock waves is that it will that Labour will eventually commitment to electoral Lord Jenkins on board dur-

choice when Lord Jenkins, a anger the many Liberal propose a referendum on the reform was demonstrated by lng a second Labour term.

**Employers say they are in 'recession zone'** 

Employers in

south-west of England have

suffered the biggest fall in

ing orders compared to those

UK average was a negative

Orders in the north-west,

balance of 17 per cent.

Mr Junankar repeated the orders in the last four fell in every region of Britain

republic. Yesterday he met Mitchel

While the timing of the inson, of the "loyalist" Pro-The Speaker is due to hold

> Unionist politicians - and opposition leaders in the

Jack Straw, home secretary (left), opposes change in the electoral system white Robin Cook, foreign

alternative vote system,

where voters rank candi-

dates in existing constituen-

cies and preferences are real-

located until a majority

reformers say AV amounts

only to a watered-down ver-

sion of PR. They insist it

produces outcomes in which

the link between votes

gained and seats won is even

more tenuous than under

But AV may be enough to

fulfil Labour's needs - to

keep to its electoral reform

pledge and to change the

voting system enough to

undermine the Conservative

party, which was in power

for 18 years until ousted by

By arguing against "purer

forms of PR" the NEC has

signalled - with Downing

Street's tacit consent - that

radical reform is off the

four months is particularly

The number of workers

employed in manufacturing

for the first time in five

Neil Blake, research direc-

tor of Business Strategies -

except eastern England.

the weak in those regions.

the CBI said.

constitutional

secretary (centre), toyours it. Lord Jenkins (right) is soon to offer advice to the governme

winner emerges.

first-past-the-post.

Labour last year.

stepped up calls on Sinn McLaughlin, chairman of war over. But Mr McLaugh-Sinn Fein, the political wing lin said he had used yesterof the IRA, and Billy Hutch- day's meeting to "impress upon the American delegaagreement in place we have not yet created a political

> to avoid controversy and sidestepped questions about whether his trip was connected with his mooted bid to stand as a presidential candidate

Britain to hold the 1999 elec-

tions to the European Parlia-

But cynics say Jack Straw,

the home secretary and per-

haps the government's most

staunch opponent to change,

insisted on a "closed list" PR

variant - in which voters

are limited to choosing par-

ties rather than candidates -

precisely to undermine PR in

Were Mr Blair to opt for

the eyes of the electorate.

AV, he would have to square

his choice with Lord Jen-

kins, who has indicated pri-

vately he is likely to recom-

mend something more

But this could be solved by

the rapid introduction of AV

as a first step, possibly

before the next House of

Commons elections in

3001-03, given that the

reform requires no conten-

tious changes in constitu-

ency boundaries. Promises of

well as export orders.

The data also showed that

the economic turmoil

make a serious impact on

exporters in some regions. A

Ontimistic Liberal Demo- future reform may keep the

In the prosperous south- growing number of manufac-

years, "suggesting that fall-ing demand is now spread-cal and economic conditions

ing into domestic markets", abroad" as likely to limit

export orders.

See BOC Job Losses in

Companies & Markets

ment under PR.

whether the Rev Ian Paisley Fein to declare the IRA's leader of the Democratic Unionists, would be in Northern Ireland for today's meeting. Mr Paisley has boy cotted other visits by US tion that while we have an political figures, all of whom he believes are promoting a pro-Sinn Pein agenda.

Northern Ireland police Mr Gingrich was anxious confirmed yesterday that an explosion last week near the border with the republic had been caused by a bomb. Security sources believe republican dissidents may

# **Airline** slots dispute divides ministers

By George Parker, Political Correspondent

John Prescott, deputy prime minister and chief transport minister, yesterday intervened unexpectedly in the dispute over the terms of the British Airways-American Airlines alliance.

£500m (\$825m). Mr Prescott agreed with

One of the chief trade min-

Some trade department

Mr.Prescott yesterday said he had a right to speak on the issue as the minister with responsibility for the aviation industry. But his intervention, less than 24 hours after the Mr Mandelson left for his summer holiday, was reminiscent of the simmering feud between the two last summer. They were both left to "mind the shop" last year while Mr Blair was in Tuscany, but they both ended up squabbling over who was really in charge.

have been testing the device.

#### CHANNEL FREIGHT LINK Railtrack raises bid for aid Railtrack, the privatised owner of most of the nation's rail

Mr Prescott put himself on a potential collision course with Peter Mandelson, chief trade minister, when he said the two airlines should not profit from the disposal of 267 weekly landing slots at Heathrow and Gatwick airports, valued at around

Karel Van Miert. EU competition commissioner, that the airlines should surrender the slots to rivals without charge. "I have always been clear in my mind that the slots don't belong to BA -they belong to the commu-nity," he said on BBC Radio.

Mr Prescott's intervention was seen as a deliberate attempt to force the hand of Mr Mandelson, who has the final say on the alliance and will make his decision on September 4. Officials admitted it might have been better for the deputy prime minister to have made his views known privately as part of the consultation proc

ister's allies said: "Mr Mandelson has a quasijudicial role in this issue, so the views of colleagues are

Mr Mandelson last week published a report into the alliance by the Office of Fair Trading, the UK's competition watchdog, which concluded the airlines should be allowed to sell the slots.

officials said some airlines. buy and sell them already, suggesting that Mr Mandelson was inclined to accept the OFT view. The department stressed that no deci-

sion had been taken.

gow. George Parker, London

### **Vandalism 'endangering life'** increasing vandatism on the railways means it is only a matter of time before it causes a fatal accident, according

TRAIN TRAVEL

to Frank Davies, chairman of the Health and Safety Commission. Mr Davies, commenting yesterday on railway "very worrying" increase in vandalism. "Last year we were eppalled to find 51 per cent of all train accidents had been caused by vandals," he said. "This year I am horified to see that the proportion has increased to 61 per cent. This has led to a rise in the number of train accidents from 1,753 to 1,884." Andrew Bolger, London

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENTS**

#### 'Wake-up call' to companies

Michael Meacher, the environment minister, has written to the chairmen of 120 of the UK's biggest companies exhorting them to reduce their impact on the environment. The letters are designed as a "wake-up call" for companies, particularly in the service sector, that tend to underestimate their impact on the environment. None of the companies, all among the UK's biggest 350, comments on their environmental performence. Mr Meacher invites them to "engage seriously" with environmental issues. They should discuss their environmental strategy at their next board meeting, declare a policy and publicly report on its progress. The assumption of service companies that their business has little impact on the environment is incorrect, he says. All businesses generate waste and consume fuel

FOOD SAFETY

#### **Inquiry** ordered into milk

YOU NEED TO LOSE WEIGHT. HERE'S A LIST OF RECENT FOOD-SCARES WHICH MAY HELP



dangerous organisms may be able to survive pasteurisation. Provisional results from a small number of tests have shown that an organism linked to Crohn's disease, an infection of the intestine in humans, can survive the heat treatment of milk. Research had suggested the organism was killed by pasteurisation. Despite the findings, the government's health department said there was no need to change dietary habits. The

Nick Brown, the agriculture

minister, has ordered an

inquiry into the safety of

milk, amid fears that some

organism, mycobacterium paratuberculosis, is the cause of Johne's disease, a disorder in cattle, and one of several factors suggested as a cause of Crohn's disease. Jeff Rooker, the food safety minister, said pasteurised milk was safe, but said the government was making "doubly sure", with a survey into the possible link between bacteria in milk and Crohn's disease. George Parker, London

constraints of regulation and the ones who will take a

culture mean it is difficult to risk," says Mr Jones. "They

get national partnerships to need to get across a complex

PROFESSIONS LAW FIRMS, HEADHUNTERS AND ARCHITECTS SEEK TO BUILD BRANDS SO DISTINCTIVE THAT HARD-PRESSED COMPANIES WILL PAY EXTRA FOR THEIR SERVICES

couple of quarters of little or vey, published last week. lands were also very with the CBI - said many

no growth, rather than five The detailed figures show strongly negative. As a manufacturers were suffer-

or six quarters of decline as that manufacturing orders result, optimism for the next ing from weak domestic as

bank, to cut interest rates. ence between those with fall- east, total orders have fallen turers in the south-west, the

England and the West Mid- which conducted the survey

# Accountants consider selling themselves like cans of beans

By Jim Kelly in London

Can professional services beans? Ernst & Young, one of the UK's Big Five accountancy firms, intends to spend \$100m next year building a an advertising agency whose clients include Coca-Cola, Mars and General Motors.

already seen as a commodity by many of the companies forced to buy it. The aim of professional firms is to build new firm has reduced the a brand so distinctive that Big Six to a Big Five. hard-pressed companies will pay extra for it.

accountancy firms were consulting engineers, archimade up of federations teets and headhunters. But which shared a letterhead at the moment it seems only and a culture. Now they the accountants are prewant to be like Marks and pared to make the necessary Spencer," says Robert Jones, a professional firms branding expert with Wolff Olins, and globalising clients.

Ernst & Young - and the Fortune 500 companies

agency - is not alone in thinking it can build a global brand. Andersen Consulting. the management and IT consultancy, announced this year that it was spending \$100m on brand building including its own signature tune. Deloitte Touch Tohmatsu has launched a negative campaign against its The statutory audit is rivals. Pricewaterhouse Coopers, the new giant firm,

is considering a big advertis-

ing blitz. Formation of the

Other professional firms are also showing interest: "In the past the big law firms, investment banks, investment, prompted by consolidation in the sector "More than 70 per cent of

DMB & B, its advertising we talked to in a recent sure is that they do not sell baked what it promises more than ships with the kind of disci- way. National partnerships nesses everything they want vey said branding is increase beans but a diverse set of 99 times out of 100. If that plines that underpin a brand value their ethos, which pro- under one roof - makes speingly important in helping sophisticated services. David reliability drops to 70 per is the challenge facing the motes individuality over cific branding impossible. them to choose where to get a service," said Mr Jones. "They want to be able to tell who is good at what. They increasingly realise that in a professional firms. nobody is good at every-

Linklaters

Norton Rose

Herbert Smith

Allen & Overy

Lovell White Durrant

Staphenson Harwood

Slaughter and May

Skadden Arps State Meagher & Florn

The problem for the firms soup because it delivers Top legal advisers in UK public takeovers, Jan-Jun 1998.

26

Maister, the guru of the pro-

fessional sector, believes

a premium for Campbell's trols to deliver every time."

15,737

9,983

8.522

6,454

5,703

5,339

3.290

1.098

brand premium because they Instilling global partner-

Skadden Arps Slate Meagher & Flom is the only US law firm in the league table of legal advisers on UK public takeovers in the first

Three leading City law firms continue to dominate the league, produced by the trade magazine Acquisitions Monthly. Linklaters. Slaughter and May, and

cent the brand value simply managers of the Big Five. evaporates. "It's 99 per cent The old boast that they prothere is an inherent barrier or its nothing. The firms vide a "seamless global serto creating a brand premium have a long way to go to get vice" is viewed with suspicion by many clients who work smoothly under one set He argues that people pay do not have the internal con- want solid evidence and not of values. And finally the

Three obstacles lie in the shop" model - offering busi-

#### US law firm joins City of London's takeover top 10

Freshfields have dominated the legal advice on UK public takeovers for five years. Staughter and May is the most consistent six months of 1998, despite performer, having topped the influence of the US investment banks in recent UK takeovers, Robert Rice

the league tables in 1993, 1994 and 1997. Linklaters emerged as the leading legal adviser in the first half of 1998, having advised on 15 deals with a combined value of £15.9bn (\$26.2bn). The firm was involved in the two biggest deals of the first six months, acting for

Commercial Union in its 26.8bn merger with General Accident and for PacifiCorp on its falled £4.3bn bld for Energy Group, the UK's biggest electricity supplier. Despite the transatiantic nature of the EG bld - . PacifiCorp's rival was Texas Utilities, which won -Skadden was the only US firm in the top 10. It was also involved in Cendant's £801m acquisition of

National Parking and was

placed sixth in the league.

"corporate" discipline. The

diversity of the "one-stop

promote a single brand. "You can take 100,000 people and put them in a stadium and get them to feel like one crowd - it is possible."

Mr Jones points out that the drift towards more "corporate" management structures may help in brand building. He notes that firms that have strong cultures often have a high ratio of staff per partner, allowing the imposition of behavioural patterns downwards. Both Arthur Andersen and Andersen Consulting are good examples.

"The ones who succeed are

and sophisticated message,

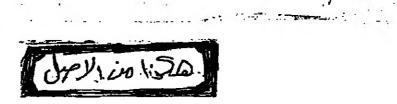
You just can't have a slogan

In the long run. Mr Jones

believes, big professional

firms can be galvanised to

and nothing else."



THE ARTS

Authority Rolling

CHANNEY TO THE WAY

Railtrack raises bid las

Vandalism 'endangering

and the same

Bert Water

والمراويج ومجواطأ

TRAIN THE SEC.

A SALES OF

#152 miles 1

got Operate

No en esta

ka ja **saak** ka a

देशकी भाग गरी हैं

or or

Mind of the

MONEY STEP

AND STREET

編集の学者

dipersian in the

Sales ....

100

The second

PE. Transaction E Garage

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

24-7:

The second second

資産サイナー

PRODUCT NAME OF THE

incurry ordered alogic

ま ニューティエン

Concern over 18

rises in privatised

The Stratford and Shaw festivals provide a kind of Canadian super-rep company, writes David Murray

The sumptuous Stratford and Shaw strong vandeville element - bursts of Festivals co-exist happily in Outario. revue-routine, sound effects like allem-Many an actor plays a season or two film accompaniments; the play still (or four or five) at the one, before proceeding west to Stratford or east to tion, with good jokes.

Niagara-on-the-Lake and often back I thought Outmette played the first again. The faithful who visit both festivals are thus watching a kind of superrep company, with the attendant pleasure of seeing familiar spirits con-

stantly inhabiting new personne. Yet for all that, the Shaw festival feels different from Stratford's: more focused, more of a piece. If the difference isn't in the actors, neither is it a matter of repertoires: though Nisgara's is confined to plays produced (anywhere) during G.B. Shaw's lifetime, those are easily as various as what

Stratford digs up. One clue is that Christopher Newton has been running the Shaw brilliantly for 19 of its 37 years, whereas Richard Monette has guided the older festival for a mere five. Each directs only a couple of plays, but Monette lets his other directors chance their arms rather freely, where I suspect that Newton keeps a sharper semior eye on what his hired hands are doing.

More pertinently, the Shaw festival

wants actors who can play Show, who can be persuasively articulate. That would be an asset in Shakespeare, too but at Stratford, Shakespeare keeps only one foot on centre-stage, and good verse-speaking is not what their popular "modern classics" require. The older generation of Canadian and British actors do it in style; some of the younger ones are in dire need of the "Classical Theatre" schooling that

Stratford is about to inaugurate. Stratford's modern plays this year range from excellent to competent to rather dim. Waiting for Godot, revived in Brian Bedford's 1996 staging on Ming Cho Lee's stark set, lets Tom McCamus and Stephen Onimette sport

act too much on one note of sollen rancour, but he sprang to life in the second. The Pozzo and Lucky (James Blendick and Tim MacDonald) were rather tame, not quite the alarming cartoons that they ought to be. Wattin for Godot was still a wrenching experience: the more so, perhaps, because of Bedford's occasional flat reductions into blank comedy, which suggested an infinitely bleak void behind the action. Of the other "modern classics", Wil-

liam Gibson's The Miracle Worker is a rawly crafted piece, though it had us all dabbing our eyes when young Helen Keller discovers her first word. She went on to discover a lot of other words with implausible alacrity; probably we were expected to keep crying, but we didn't. As Helen, blind and deaf, young Trish Lindstrom was nicely con-vulsive, and Cynthia Dale sparkled as cky young hish teach Robert Bolt's A Man for All Season

about Sir Thomas More's trials under Henry VIII, belongs to a superior cate-gory of drama: not quite Shakespeare, but alert to a certain human condition - embattled honesty, fencing to sur-vive, ultimate resignation. Douglas Rain infused More with sweet, luminous decency, downplaying More's (and Bolt's) pedantic relish for the legal casnistry that might have saved his

sound. Casting the Duke of Norfolk, however, as a black actor with Caribbean intenations (Roy Lewis, stoutly effective) was a PC excess. When Stratford is otherwise so sedulous about appearances, including costume details and period hairstyles, what is the point of introducing somebody who is visitheir third double-act of the season, as of introducing somebody who is vi Beckett's Didi and Gogo. There is a bly, jarringly wrong in the context?



At the Tom Patterson Theatre. Chek-dully charmless brother Gaev and a Shannon, the runed stud, with a nice is, but none of them cohered. Diana Leblanc's production was slow, soggy and shapeless, and used a flip American translation by John Murrell. Any mention of a serf or a peasant came out as "a country boy" - not the

Canadian classlessness is awkward in Chekhov. The status of Yasha and Dunyasha, the uppity servants. remained obscure; at the interval many of the audience were wondereing who all those people were. Several actors seemed to belong in different plays. With a prim, actressy Ranyevskaya, a

hov's The Cherry Orchard had its surly Varya, the great moments in Acis 3 and 4 went for very little. In the crucial role of Lopakhin, James Blendick's usual affable, laid-back performance was just inadequate.

The Night of the Iguana, Tennessee Williams' last Broadway success, eserved a revival, and in this same theatre Antoni Cimolino did it proud. Beautifully set and lit by Guido Tondino and Steven Hawkins, it was astutely sympathetic, more concerned with the real matter of the play (essentially autobiographical) than with its sleazy-glamorous surface.

Geordie Johnson played "Reverend"

Contemporary Music Group are professionals who have a good record of putting the music first, despite what the author of the leaflets might want us to believe. sen's brief Coursing was over, there was an ungainly dash for the leaflets that had fallen within reach. Sad to

blend of charisma and glum despair.

complemented by Lally Cadeau's

tough, slatternly hotel-keeper. But it is

Hannah, the itinerant quick-sketch art-

wise, temperate focus; and in the long

third act Seana McKenna did that

superbly - gently, quietly, with precise

intelligence. A radiant performance:

like Rain's Thomas More and Diane

D'Aquila's Paulina in The Winter's

'A Man for All Seasons' and 'Miracle

Worker' are in repertory until November; the other plays close in mid-September.

cal. The protaconists stand and deliver.

hand in hand, while the fire of love

drinking of the potion looks like a tea-

break; "O sink hernieder" is a cramped

tan does kiss Isolde, he does so on the

and spirit of the text. And at the final

Tristan should be an expressionist out-

pouring: the music tells us all we need

to hear. But unless the singers convey,

however inwardly, that longing for

"eternal obliviou", the whole exercise

Yet there is much to admire in the

way Zambello's regular designer,

Alison Chitty, has framed and focused

the action within the sprawling width

of the Seattle proscenium. I liked the

rainbow-coloured postmodern sets

more than the jumble of costume

styles. And everything is superbly lit

The supporting cast go some way to

suggesting what this Triston could

have been. Peter Rose's Marke - vouth-

ful but dignified, and entirely free of

mannerism - pours out his lines like a

Lieder singer. Greer Grimsley is the

commanding Kurwenal, Michelle de

Young a promising Brangine, With a

conductor as experienced as Jordan, it

is no surprise to encounter a perior

mance as unerringly pared and tex-

tured as this. But like the staging, it is

the opposite of explosive. That's why

this Triston is such a damp squib.

by Mimi Jordan Sherin.

ath". I'm not suppositing even

hand or the forebead.

is still-born.

Tale, worth going a long way to see,

ist, who must bring everything into

say, they were nothing but poison per letters, directed at influential people in the classical new music business. It would seem that some jaundiced soul wanted to get a piece of their own played at the BBC Proms and had it rejected, probably for a very good reaanything to go by. If you want to create a splash, at least try to get the grammar right.

MUSIC THE PROMS

Protest falls

on deaf ears

Who said nobody cares about modern music? Somebody cared a lot about the late night Prom on Monday - so much

that they decided to disrupt it with a demonstration. A few minutes into the

concert a portable alarm was let off in a second tier box and the stalls were

The most entertaining aspect of all this was watching the expression of

panic on the face of the BBC

announcer, as she wondered what to tell the mystified audience who were

listening to the event at home on the

radio. The performers carried on, their

concentration apparently undisturbed.

Simon Rattle and the Birmingham

showered with leaflets from above.

Having been so rudely interrupted the first time round, the performers gave us the Knussen again ("We rehearsed a long time on this", complained Rattle indignantly). Thomas Adès followed as conductor and piano soloist in his own Concerto Conciso, a BCMG commission from last year, which arguably tries to pack too much self-conscious novelty into its concise concerto form. Simon Holt's Lilith, first performed by the BCMG back in 1990, was more persuasive and displayed a sure touch at writing virtuoso music for a small group of expert musicians (splendid solo clarinet, in particular).

The main new piece on the programme was Colin Matthews's ... through the glass, written in 1994 but here receiving its first London performance. As elsewhere in Matthews's music, the structure is sound, the intellect keen, the orchestral writing clear-headed, and in its latter stages rears its head as a side-show. The the score begins to draw a cumulative strength of purpose from its material. The Mark-Anthony Turnage piece that followed, however, is something else. enddle on a couch, and even when Tris-The music of Kai, composed in a mixture of sorrow and anger after the These are not the only curiosities. death of a young cellist, feels as Brangaene, not Isolde, extinguishes the though it simply had to be written and light in Act 2 contradicting the letter the urgency of its inspiration made it easily the most powerful of the pieces curtain the comatose Tristan puts his performed here. As at its premiere in arm round Isolde; with a sign of life 1990, Ulrich Heinen was the eloquent like that, she should be jumping for joy instead of committing herself to a

There had been a first UK perforwell. This was Sofia Gubaidulina's And: the feasting at its height ..., a cello concerto in all but name, lasting just under half an hour. David Geringas and the BBC National Orchestra of Wales conducted by Tadaaki Otaka were the able performers, but there was little they could do to rescue this work from its self-imposed sentence of sterility.

The opening ideas, tapping rhythms in the percussion and glissandos in the strings, though none too promising, are batted back and forth between cellist and orchestra for far too long. Only after a big climax that sounded like a parody of the flying scene from Strauss's Don Quizote does the material gather itself into a sustained statement of some import, and by then it was too late. This was nothing like as impressive as Gubaidulina's companion Viola Concerto, which had a wellremembered success at the RBC Proms last year. Nobody staged a protest about that, though.

Richard Fairman

# Pussy-footing passion puts out fire of love

Andrew Clark is disappointed by the debut of two hot properties in Seattle's 'Tristan'

Wagnerites in search of an alternative fication with their roles, nor a trace of to the sclerotic Bayreuth festival have smotional abandon - which any true destination is Seattle, a city with a burgeoning Wagner tradition. Over the past quarter of a century, the Seattle. Opera has developed a strong reputation for performing The Ring. But before the company contemplates a new Ring, the first two instalments of which are due in 2000, it has pulled off a coup: the debuts of Jane Eaglen and Ben Heppner in Tristan und Isolde.

In a world short of beautiful Wagner voices, Baglen and Reppner have become hot property. Aficionados have charted their individual successes with mounting enthusiasm, and the chance to hear them together in the ultimate hymn to romantic love seemed heavensent. By securing Eaglen and Heppner, Speight Jenkins, Seattle Opera's gen-eral director, stole a march on other major companies. Most of this month's 10 performances in the 3,000-seat Seattle Center Opera House are sold out.

Judging by first-night reactions, you would think Eaglen and Heppiner were the long-awaited successors to Flag and Melchior, Nilsson and Vickers. In a country with a compelling need for stars, few seemed willing to ask the

obvious question: however impressively the new couple might sing Tristan and Isolde, could they act the parts? Unlike their illustrious predecessors, Eaglen and Heppner gave not ac much as a hint of psychological identiearly days for both stogers, but the signs are not encouraging.

What is required is not some radical transformation of acting style: with singers of such ample girth, that is probably asking too much. No, the only prerequisites are a sense that, in the Act 1 Narration and Curse, the interpreter of Isolde is using words and vocal line to suggest the battle taking place in her heart that the Act 2 loveldyll represents a union transcending worldly pleasure; in Act 3, that Tristan has reached the limit of what is bear-

Eaglen and Heppner did not seem remotely concerned with these issues: theirs was the kind of pussy-footing passion that flourishes in a recording studio. Both were supremely audible and, thanks to Armin Jordan's light-footed conducting, never under strain. But while we luxuristed in the bel canto sweetness of the music, we remained at one remove from the

As a feat of vocalism, Eaglen's performance is worth studying. She may made an attempt, albeit modest, to lend



talline timbre, a majestic top, a refusal to linger at climaxes. Everything is confidential intimacy in the Narration, a clarion control in the anticipatory heat of Act 2, an unflinching even in the Liebestod. She sounded so fresh at the end, she could probably have done a repeat performance there and

Unlike Eaglen, who did little but stand up and sit down, Heppner at have none of Flagstad's matronly tone, credibility to Tristan's Act 3 ravings -

then touring

OPERA

SALZBURG

Salzburg Festiva

Tel: 43-662-844501

Aufstieg und Fall der Stadt

Mahagonny: by Welll. Conducted

by Dennis Russell Davies in a staging by Peter Zedek, with sets by Richard Peduzzi. Cast

includes Dame Gwynneth Jones

and Wilbur Pauley. With the

Vienna Radio Symphony

Festspielhaus; Aug 12, 17

Opera conducted by Lorin

Le Nozze de Figaro; by

Mozart. Conducted by Sir

Don Carlo: by Verdi, New

staging by Herbert Wernicke,

Maszel, Cast includes Samuel

Plamey; Grosses Festspleihaus;

Charles Mackerras in a revival of

Luc Bondy's staging, directed by

Joël Lauwers. With the Vienna

Philharmonic and Opera. Cast

includes Dwayne Croft and Barbara Frittolf; Kleines

Festspielhaus: Aug 15, 17

with the Vienna Philharmonic and

Orchestra; Grosses

Aug 13, 16, 18

and little of Misson's steel, but she has without the bloody bandages that usuqualities of her own: a pure and crys- ally decorate this scene. He was equally the master of legato; in fact, his was an extremely intelligent vocalsung legato. She may look befty, but isation, with a lyrical timbre not unlike she does not sing heary. There was a the young Siegfried Jerusalem. But he lacked the burning heart. This Tristan sounded deferential, faceless, like the ideal civil servant.

No one is in danger of getting carried away in this Triston, and the absence of a nerve-centre in Francesca Zambello's staging is largely to blame. Faced with two heavyweight singers, she evidently could not decide whether to porleast proved nimble on his feet, and tray the action as naturalistic or tran-made an attempt, albeit modest, to lend scendental, real or mythical. The result is cold, controlled, occasionally comi-

> broke away from them to develop his own style; to Aug 17, New, co-production with the

> > Landestheeter, Aug 12, 15,

**OPERA** Santa Fe Opera Tel: 1-505-986 5900 www.santafeopera.org A Dream Play: American

SANTA FE

will sing the role of Beatrice, with Elizabeth Futral as Hero. The conductor is Edo do Waart,

 The Magic Fluter by Mozart. New production by Jonathan Miller, with sets by Roni Toren and costumes by Judy Levin. Cast includes Sheri Greenewald;

Festival Tel: 49-431-567.080

 Anne-Sophie Mutter: recital of Beethoven violin sonatas; Kiel, Schloss (Aug 14), Flensburg, Deutsches Haus (Aug 15) and Lübeck, Musik- und Kongresshalle (Aug 16) Philharmonie der Nationen: conducted by Justus Frantz in works by Brahms: Sytt. Vesterland, Halle 401 auf dem Flugplatz (Aug 12) and Lüneburg, Markiplatz, Open Air (Aug 14)

SEATTLE OPERA Seattle Opera Tel: 1-206-389 7676 Tristan und Isolde: by Wagner, New production by Francesca Zambello, conducted by Armin Jordan. The title roles are sung by Jane Eaglen and Ben Heppner, Aug 13, 16

TOKYO CONCERTS Suntory Hall Tel: 81-3-3584 9999 Andreas Rothkopf: recital by the organist of works by Bach; Aug 14 Yomiuri Nippon Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Yuzo Toyama in works by Schubert

EXHIBITION Metropolitan Art Museum Tel: 813-3823 6921 The Carmen Thyssen-Bornemisza Collection: touring show of 94 paintings. Highlights Include 19th century Spanish works and

and Beethoven; Aug 17

الله و المراكد والمراكد والمراكد المواجع والمراكد والمركد والمراكد والمراكد والمركد والمركد والمركد والمركد وا

on display are recently acquired works by Delaunay and Braque; to Oct 4

VERONA DANCE Testro Romano Tel: 39-045-800 5151

www.arena.it Romeo and Juliet: by Prokofiev, Robert North's choreography, reated in 1990, is presented here for the first time in a production designed by Andrew Storer, Romeo and Juliet are danced by Benito Marcelino and Mia Johansson; Aug 16, 18

**OPERA** Arena di Verona Tel: 39-045-800 5151 www.arena.it Tosca: by Puccini. New production by Giuliano Montaldo. with sets by Luciano Ricceri. Cast Includes Ruggero Raimondi and the conductor is Zubin Mehta; Aug 14 Un Ballo in Maschera: by Verdi. New production by Giuliano Montaldo with sets by Luciano Ricceri, Conducted by Daniel Oren; Aug 15

WASHINGTON EXHIBITION National Gallery of Art

Tel: 1-202-737 4215 www.nga.gov Mark Rothko: major retrospective of the American abstract artist. including loans from Europe and works by American painters. Also Japan; to Aug 16, then touring

### INTERNATIONAL-

# **Arts** Guide

### GLYNDEBOURNE

OPERA Glyndebourne Festival Opera Tel: 44-1273-815 000 Capricclo: by R. Strauss. Revival conducted by Andrew Davis and directed by John Cox. The Countess is sung by Felicity Lott. With the London Philharmonic Orchestra; Aug 14, 17. ● Le Comte Ory: by Rossini.

Revival conducted by Yves Abei and directed by Jérôme Savary, with the London Philharmonic Orchestra; Aug 12, 15, 18 Simon Boccanegra: by Verdi: New production conducted by Mark Elder in a staging by Peter Hall. With the London Philharmonic Orchestra. The title role is sung by Elena Prokina; Aug 13, 16

### LONDON

CONCERTS BBC Proms, Royal Albert Hell Tel: 44-171-589 8212 BBC Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Andrew Davis in works by Ravel and Mozart, and Royal Academy of Arts

Payne's elaboration of the sketches for Elgar's Third Symphony: Aug 13 Chioral Day: afternoon events include the New College Choir conducted by Edward Huddersfield Choral Society conducted by Martyn Brabbins at 6.15; Aug 15 . Carriera Buranac by Orff.

Terry Edwards conducts an mbled chair of 1,000 voices as the finale of the Choral Day; Aug 15 . City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra and Chorus:

conducted by Simon Rattle in works by Birtwistle and Beethoven. With soloist including soprano Rosa Marmion, tenor Philip Langridge and bass Willard White; Aug 14. Onchestra of the Age of Enlightenment: conducted by Heinrich Schiff in works by Haydn, Gluck and Beethoven. With baritone Thomas Allen: Aug 12

Royal Festival Hall Tel: 44-171-960 4242 Kodo Drummers: return visit by the 14-strong Japanese troups; Aug 12, 13, 14, 15, 16

EXHIBITIONS Berbican Art Gallery Tel: 44-171-638 8891-The Warhol Look/Glemour Style Fashion: includes screen prints. films, reconstructed window displays, photographs, Bustrations and clothing; to

Tet: 44-171-300 8000 Summer Exhibition: held every. year since the Academy's foundation in 1768, the world's largest open exhibition displays work by established painters and sculptors alongside that of younger and less well known artists; to Aug 16

**NEW YORK** CONCERTS Avery Fisher Hall, Lincoln Tet 1-212-875 5030

www.lincolncenter.org Canadian Brass: programme includes works by Bach, Mozart and Bizet; Aug 13

Mostly Mozart Festival Orchestra: conducted by Ivor Bolton in works by Mozart. With violin soloist Christian Tetzlaff and piano soloist Louis Lortie: Aug 12

 Mostly Mozart Festival Orchestra: conducted by Carlos Kalmer in works by Mozert, Rossini and Schubert. With piano soloist Alexei Lubimov and clarinet soloist Richard Stoltzman; Aug 14, 15

PARIS EXCUBITIONS Centre Georges Pompidou Tel: 33-1-4478 1275 www.cnac-go.fr --Max Ernst Sculptures, malsons et paysages. Around 100 sculptures and paintings by the German-born artist (1891-1976),

Dada and the Surrealists, Ernst

Salzburg Festival Tel: 43-662-844501 · Soon: by Hal Hartley, with music by Hal Hartley and Jim Coleman, and sets and costumes by Steve Rosenzweig. Co-production with deSingel who lived and worked in Paris and the US. Associated with

<del>reasonate and a second of the second of the</del>

THEATRE Aug 15, 18

Antwerp; Perner Insel; Aug 12, Danton's Death: by Büchner,

Berliner Ensemble, directed and designed by Robert Wilson, with costumes by Frida Parmeggiani;

 Troitus and Cressida: by Shakespeare. New, co-production with Theater Basel, directed by Stefan Bachmann; Lehrbauhof; Aug 13, 14, 15, 16, 18

premiere of Ingver Lidholm's opera based on Strindberg's play. The director is Colin Graham; Aug 14 Beatrice and Benedict: by Berlioz. New production directed by Tim Albery and designed by Jennifer Tipton. Susan Graham

SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN

CONCERTS Schleswig-Holstein Music

The value of the second be

Sixth, large and stable

corporate labour forces wil become a thing of the past.

This is partly because of th

decline of employment in manufacturing. But it will

to monitor home workers.

service operations and the

weightless the growth, the

less energy-intensive it will be. The transport of bits

may work apart, but have

close proximity at work may

continue to be an invaluable

complex changes in relations between citizens and

envernments. The latter will

find it easier to monitor the

physical activity of people

han their communication

movement of large objects

will become placeless and

dramatic effects on taxation

in the end, the reality may

prove far less exciting than

Personally, I rather doubt

this. A world in which the

information is cheap and

difficult to monitor is likely

to be different from - and

far better than - any that

mans have enjoyed before

The Death of Distance: How

polition will Change our

Lines, by Prances Cairneross,

hismess School Press, 1997;

Boston, Mass: Harnard

The Weightless World:

traceless, with possibly

(and liberty).

manipulation and

communication of

Governments control

territory, on which the

such as recole, can be monitored. But transactions

source of creativity.

Finally, there will be

Seventh, the more

the flexibility demanded by

will be downgraded.

# A bearable lightness

The rise of IT and the shift to services will determine who succeeds, how and where we work and how we are governed

The economic output of the US, measured in tons, is roughly the same as it was a antury ago. But its real value is at least 20 times eater. As Americans have ecome richer, they have not nsumed more commodities, but added

more value to the commodities they consume. As Alan Greenspan chairman of the US Federal Reserve, pointed out in 1996. this growing lightness of gross domestic product is explained by the addition of a host of intangible attributes to physical important of all is knowledge. A modern Nintendo games machine

contains more computing power than the main processor of the Apollo 13. I owe this delightful titbit of information to Frances Cairneross of The

Economist. Hers was one of two fascinating books on the broad theme - the other being by Diane Coyle of The Independent - that I took with me on holiday.\* These two commentators do much to clarify the talk about the weightless economy and the death of geography.

The starting point must be the underlying economic changes. Here two things need to be distinguished: the first is the increasing importance of services: the second is a revolution in

information technology (FT). Between 1960 and 1994, the share of services in US GDP rose from 58 per cent to 72 per cent and the share in employment from 56 to 73 per cent. One reason for the rising importance of services is the growing desire for such things as

ntertainment, travel, medical care, financial security and care of both young and old. Another is the relatively fast growth of manufacturing itself. A great deal of the

spending has been wasted,

ng power

to do with all that

because nobody knows what

The importance of IT has

The technology is still too

new to have brought about

We may be unable to

in productivity that are

to have most force.

the expected transformation.

Of these, the last two seem

improvements in quality are

always difficult, but this is

particularly so for services.

revolutions took a couple of

At this stage, it is unclear how hig the impact will be.

But what might it be? Here

are at least a few pointers.

First, the tradability of

output will be changed, unpredictably. A meal at a

museum, a haircut, or the

consumed where they are

tradeable than ever before.

As Ms Cairneross points out

even electronic surveillance

services of a nanny must be

produced. But IT will make

restaurant, a visit to a

many services more

enerations to have their

full effects. A similar lag

could occur now.

Again, past technological

Demand for manufactures has failed to grow fast. enough to offset the resulting decline in their relative prices. which intrinsically weightless services account for more than 90 per cent of GDP and employment could

two decades. Yet something potentially still more significant is happening: the exponential rise in the ability to manipulate and ninate information. As the US Department of Commerce pointed out earlier this year. IT (that is, computing and communications) has generated more than a quarter of US real economic

(see chart).\* There is a well-known puzzle, however. As Robert Solow, the Nobel laureate economist of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has noted drily, You can see computers everywhere but in the productivity statistics," What is going on? Five explanations may be

growth over recent years

advanced: Investment in IT is not yet large enough to make

might be conducted on the other side of the globe. Second, the increased tradability of parts of services and the growing ability to transfer technology and monitor output across frontiers could transform labour markets

through what Ms Coyle calls "virtual immigration" by electronic means. Wages of people with the same skills will then start to converge across frontiers, while wages of those with different skills will diverge inside them.

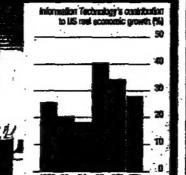
Third, there will be further increases in inequality between countries able and willing to exploit the new opportunities and those that are not. The former will liberalise provision of communications and

computing infrastructure But they will also already have an adequate supply of educated people. Fourth, the historical horder between manufacturing and services

will progressively erode. Once upon a time, manufacturers made things produced at a distance and used mass production. Today, most people enga in statistically defined nampfacturing do not make things; many services can be provided from a distance;

and they can also be ngly mass-produ Fifth, the marginal costs of some activities will fall to close to zero. Dissemination of an additional copy of a recording of a piece of music, of an article or of a piece of software will be

close to costless. This then is a "winner-take-all" world. The performances of the best singers will be available to everyone. So will the best pieces of software and the thoughts of the best pundits.



Strategies for Managing the Digital Economy, by Diane Coyle, Oxford, Capstone, 199 \*\*The Emerging Digital Economy, US Department of

Commerce, http://

the Commis

Martin. Wolf@FT.com

# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

# Proposal to provide for successor to duty free regime is way forward

also be because of the ability. From Mr Monfred Körner. Sir, The French governneed is giving serious consideration to the immediate ease of shifting work around problems associated with the proposed abolition of mira-60 duty free from June 0, 1999 ("France considers buty free proposals", August

consumes virtually no energy. That of people and 1). The French prime minister, Lionel Jospin, has goods is far more expensive. pledged to avoid an abrupt application of the "abolition Eighib, among the most important determinant of future patterns of living and lirective?. Along with working is how much people desire face-to-face contact. in rance, ever more member tales recognise that "blunt" sholition is against their a world where work may be performed anywhere, people

ocial interests. The exception, perhaps, is the Scandinavian countries.

are seeking a derogation of their import restrictions for goods they subject to high domestic taxes, such as tobacco and alcoholic beverages. To achieve this they need the support of those countries fighting for an acceptable successor regime on duty free

Capet model (put forward by the Socialist deputy for the northern French region of Nord-Pas-de-Calais, which political, economic, and stands to be worst affected) is only one option. An expert committee of the European Committee of the Regions (CoR) has just called for an

They might have to change

den, Denmark and Finland, regime for five years, Durmy that time all political, routmercial and social interests affected should work out a successor regime. While not prescribing a

specific model, the CaR proposition has all the political ingredients of winning majority support because all Mutual interest is the best be members of the consensus building process right bargaining ground. The from the beginning. Surely in a modern, democratic Europa this should be the way forward on an issue which cries out for an

. 20

20016

.....

4.5.

2.

• • • • • • • • •

· - 21.55

150 ....

er verzeg

Manfred Körner, Gezellenkump 40, sir position, however. Swe extension of the existing D-22529 Hamburg. Germany

# No evidence supplier workers mistreated

rom Mr Tony Nesh. Sir, in your story "Wal-Mart attached for supplier labour standards" (July 31) you state that factories with bhorrent labour conditions n China were investigated by the National Labour Comnittee, but you do not eplicitly state that the fac-

ories are suppliers to Wal-Mart. These factories could be vendors to retailers in acceptable quality is a 50129 Florence, Japan, Germany, Britain, competitive advantage, as Italy

that Wal-Mart release the names of its vendors, while it has no proof of misconduct or mistreatment of drink formula, so why workers in the factories of should Wal-Mart release the Wal-Mert vendors. In the names of its vendors? retail industry, the ability to find vendors and create a Tony Nash,

(maybe even China).

US, or any other country is product design, develop-

maybe even China). ment and costing for all The NLC has demanded other industry-leading companies. Coca-Cola will not release the ingredients to its suft

cost-competitive item of 120 via San Zanobi.

### Two currencies cannot maximise benefits

from California (Letters, August 10), would like to see not just one but two European single currencies the euro for the core, and the pound for the pariphery orbiting each other, like binery stars, perhaps "indefi-

and the non-UK BU ecomomies' business cycles tend "for good reasons " to be out of step with one another and sustain tedeshippy, one of U.S.

milian dollar leses ground

Sir, Jon Livesey, writing a bad thing", is nevertheless open to question. The busiman-made and not endemic, gle market can only be a necessarily a permanent feature of any economy. Nor. if there must be such a thing, fits to participants and nonare two "counter-cyclical" cycles better than one, except perhaps for third

countries like the US, which currently, of course, is cale-

that this is "not necessarily the longest expansions in its No, two (or more) currenness ("economic") cycle is cies circulating side by side neither a welcome nor, being within one purportedly sin-

makeshift, incapable of maximising the potential bene-

Walter Grey. 12 Arden Road Finchley. brating and striving hard to London N3 SAN.

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

He are keen to encourage letters from residues woodwide. Letters may be fewed to +44 171 873 5938 (set fex to Yine) - sured.

Intersuction of the province of the set letters written in the main international languages. Fex +44 171-573 5938. Latters should be typed and not hand written.

Poor productivity partly

reflects the rigidities of Can-

southern neighbour, Corpo-

rate and personal tax rates

are higher than in the US

Until the current Liberal

government finally turned

things around, Ottawa had

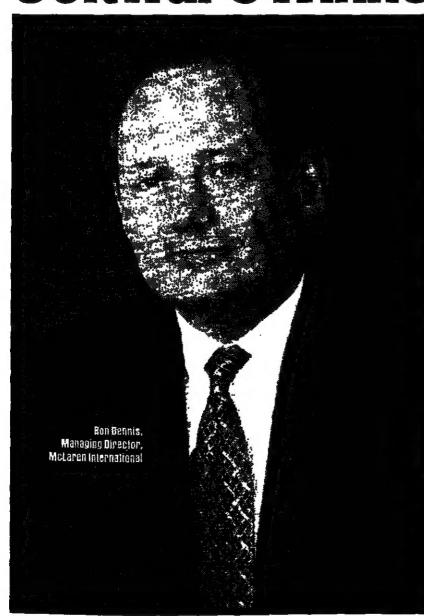
cits. The legacy is a C\$600bn

28 cents of every tax dollar.

That situation has been

ada's labour market, which

# Software Winner.



McLaren is one of the winningest teams in Formule One history.

Since 1966, McLaren has won seven Constructor's World Championships, rune Driver's World Championships and more then 100 Grands Prix. Not to mention three indianacolis 500 wins, the LeMans 24 hour endurance race and five consecutive Cars-Am scoots car titles.



To win consistently, you have to have the best. That's why we've teamed up with Computer Associales," says Pon Dennis, Maneging Oirector for McLaren International. Processing our engine and race data efficiently and intelligently is crucial and CA is helping us approach

It in an entirely new manner." Under a technology partnership, the West McLaran Marcedes Formula One Team and CA are developing an racing team's engineers the ability to easily assess and analyze the Formula car's performance data,

Bulk around CA's Unicenter TNG", the program can monitor the elemetry data that the race car transmits to the pits while It's racing. Exception from throttle resource to braids pressure to even the G-forces exerted on a driver. TNG then displays the data through its awardwinning 3-D, Reat World Interface.

"I have a favorite saving, that is. to come in second is to be the first. of the loners," says Aon Dennis. "At McLaren we're interested only in withing and we associate ourseives only with winning companies. With Conventer Associates and McLaren, we have two winning companies sharing a continion goel and common pertnership."

Software superior by design.

# Peso of the north

Canada's dollar has declined to an all-time low. Its poor performance reflects structural

or Canadians who thought their dollar had finally shaken its unwanted nickname, the "northern peso," this summer has been a sobering experience.

The currency, which closed at an all-time low of 65.39 US cents last week has lost 5 per cent of its value in a slow but releatless decline over the past three months. So stubborn is the trend that aggressive buying of Canadian dollars by the central bank in the past few days has produced a rebound of less than half a cent.

nothing new for Canada. Since 1976, the last year a Canadian dollar was worth more than a US greenback, the currency has steadily

When the Mexican peso collapsed in late 1994, the Canadian dollar fall to 70 US cents. Investors were wary of Canada's huge budget deficits and its political uncertaintles. The Bank of Canada was forced to raise interest rates by 250 basis points in two months to stop the slide. Since then, much has

changed. Ottawa has surned a C\$42bn budget deficit into a small surplus and total debt is shrinking as a percentage of gross domestic product. The political situation has also cleared. The possibility of Quebec separating from the rest of Canada, often blamed for the currency's weakness, now

appears remote. But one thing has stayed the same: gloom about the currency. Even though the economy is fairly strong until recently economists were predicting growth of 32 per cent this year - the currency has fallen 10 per cent ductivity. The 1988 free trade monetary policy, in the early over the past year.

What lies behind this weakness, and why are the markets punishing the Canadian currency so severely? The answer is they believe addressed many of its strucof the economy.

ness is the country's persistent dependence on commod- average, about 25 per cent of market savvy. He raised ities, which account for less efficient than their US interest rates sharply in 1996 Other resource-dependent disn brokerage.

Agailet the 15 doing (15¢ per CS)

A declining currency is countries, such as Australia and New Zealand, have also seen their currencies burt by the fall in commodity prices is more inflexible than its resulting from weaker Asian demand.

Tempting as it is to blame the currency's woes on weak and may have discouraged commodity prices, this alone investment. cannot explain its fall from grace. Australia and New Zealand rely much more on resource exports, especially to Asia which absorbs only 9 · ductivity. Its real problems per cent of Canadian are caused by bad economic exports. Yet their currencies have not suffered any more than Canada's.

Besides, Canada has steadily diversified from spent 20 years running commodity exports over the unsustainable budget defishould have made it less vulperable to price shocks. A second, and more serious, weakness is lagging pro- compounded by inconsistent

The markets believe Canada has not addressed many of its structural weaknesses and that it has fumbled its management of the economy

tural weaknesses and that it ment in labour productivity per cent. has fumbled its management last year, the gap between The most obvious weak- ity levels has widened Cana- both for inconsistency and

agreement with the US was 1990s, Canada suffered a supposed to help Canadian punishing recession - its further than the US market businesses rationalise on a deepest since the 1930s - as confidence in the curcontinental scale to meet after John Crow, the then rency fades. Moreover, competition from south of Bank of Canada governor, recent aurveys show conthe border. But Canadian pushed the overnight lend- sumer confidence falling Canada has not yet properly companies have not kept ing rate to 14 per cent when pace. In spite of an improve inflation was running at 45 threatens to undermine the Canadian and US productiv- Thiessen, has been criticised

dian manufacturers are, on for what many say is a lack started to slow.

Last year, Mr Thicssen kept hinting strongly be would raise rates and then failed to do so until investors began dumping Canadian dollars. That forced his hand: rates had to be raised sharply to keep the dollar from falling still further.

Mr Thiessen appears to have made things worse this summer by saying he did not think an interest rate increase would be necessary. Until the change of policy at the end of last week, he also ruled out aggressive intervention to prop up the falling currency.
This inconsistency has left

Canada's business cycle far less advanced and its growth less predictable than in the US. The economy grew strongly in 1994 but fell back in 1995 and 1996. Last year's. 3.8 per cent growth was only the second truly robust year this decade.

Canada's biggest weakness, according to critics, is With the Asian crisis hitneither its reliance on comting more deeply than expec-ied and growth slowing in the US, which accounts for modities nor its lagging promore than 80 per cent of Canada's merchandise exports, the Canadian economy is starting to wane. Economic growth has been flat for the past two months and the unemployment rate is stuck at 8.4 per cent. Econonational debt that swallows. mists are downgrading their forecasts daily.

The Bank of Canada. which intervened for the fourth straight day yesterday, finally appears determined to halt the currency's slide. But the damage may already have been done.

Bond yields and mortgage rates have risen and most currency traders believe the central bank will have to raise its overnight rates to keep the dollar at more than 65 cents. The Canadian stock market has fallen harder and along with the dollar. That strong domestic spending His successor, Gordon Canada needs to keep its economy growing.

All of this has been unsettling for Canadians who thought the worst was well behind them. Says Mark nearly 40 per cent of mer- counterparts, according to only to drop them quickly Mullins, chief economist at chandise export earnings. CBC Wood Gundy, a Cana- again when the economy Midland Waltyn: "There's a sense of gloom setting in."

WHEN EITH

n spurns pleasing

ibition tax breaks

priculs still suspend

**COMMENT & ANALYSIS** 

# FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Teles: 922188 Fax: +44 171-407 5700

Wednesday August 12 1998

# The birth of a giant

These are difficult times for oil companies. Politicians want people to curb consumption to ve the environment. Financial turmoil in south-east Asia able to achieve this by another has knocked the bottom out of their fastest growing markets, while in Europe and the US an ageing population will become n on driving.

weak, the lingering effects of the steep price increases in the 1970s and impressive advances in technology have kept supply more buoyant than most people expec-ted. More oil is progressively squeezed out of more hostile environments at ever lower costs.

Result: a depressed oil price now back in real terms to its level at the end of the 1960s and strong pressure on profits. Most of the big oil companies have responded by drawing in their costs and hoping for better times.

The merger plans of BP and Amoco announced yesterday represent an altogether riskler strategy. The combined company. with a market capitalisation of \$110bn and reserves of some 15bn barrels of oil equivalent will jump straight into the top league along with Exxon: and Royal Dutch/Shell. These groups will be about twice as big as their near-est rivals and therefore in a position to take higher risks in the battles for the next big tranche of reserves, whether in Iran, Russia or Khazakstan. In the pest size has mattered; and BP, the domi-

Karel Van Miert, the European

Union's competition commis-

sioner, this week tried to block

the sale of British Airways and

American Airlines landing slots.

This restrictive approach typifies

how the international airline

market has come to be so dis-

torted. Regulators should ensure

alliance, Mr Van Miert has

demanded the airlines give up

267 weekly slots at London's

The Office of Fair Trading, the

UK competition watchdog, has

ment But the OFT argues that

the airlines should be permitted

to sell these valuable rights, just

as companies sell controversial

assets in return for merger

legal and economic grounds.

final say on airline alliances. The

OFT clearly thinks that this is a

safety and free competition. But

doubtless hope that it will con-

In the short term, it should be one. The risk is that this difficult and painful task will cause BP main chance. Still, BP has experi-ence of swallowing large compa-nies after completing the purchase of Standard Oil of Ohio and

Britoll in 1987.

companies will be diverted by wide ranging anti-trust investiga-tions. Except perhaps in a few local markets, there is no need for the authorities to intervene super-league, with 15 very large competitors at its heels.

For SP the move represents a ment stake, built up in 1914, was finally relinquished little more meanderings into coal, copper, and nutrition were coming to an end. Since then it has successfully sharpened its focus on oil

spectacular finds it made in Alaska in 1969 and the North Sea

Would this damage competition

imposed reflecting the value of

these property rights, starting

with BA-American. John Pres-

responsibility for transport, yes-

terday pointed out that landing

rather than companies. A wind-

fall tax would allow the commu-

Mr Van Miert says that selling

airline slots would raise barriers

transport commissioner has long

system already favours incum-

nity as a whole to benefit.

a year later. Now it will pack a much stronger financial punch. It

Slot market

markets work as well in the sir as the commissioner claims? It is

As a condition for EU approval an insurmountable problem. A of the proposed BA-American one-off windfall tax could be

Heathrow and Gatwick airports. cott, the UK minister with

broadly endorsed this require slots belong to communities

approval. Mr Van Miert refuses to new entry. But this is by no to countenance such a sale. But means inevitable. Nell Kinnock

his tough line is shaky on both would certainly disagree. The

The Treaty of Rome is unclear advocated the sale of landing

on whether national govern- rights, precisely in order to pro-

ments or the Commission has the mote competition. The existing

matter for the UK authorities. ers. Under a traded system, air-

Peter Mandelson, the new UK lines could gain a foothold in

minister for trade and industry, new markets. They would need

will make his ruling next month. only capital, rather than lobbying

The economic case is more clout and friends in government.

non-transparent lobbying that

reserves has intensified. This is partly because such oilfields are becoming increasingly hard to the world. Competition for those reserves that remain has also grown as state oil companies and recently privatised groups move outside their domestic markets.

Sir John is hoping the merger will help that cause. BP Amoco, he said, will have the financial wherewithal "to take decisive stakes in the best projects". Although BP on its own was "top of the second division", it found itself constrained from fully exploiting the best opportunities

The merger also catapults the

**Curtains** for

So is India's film star turned

coalition?

"We want to be number one or group, also has extensive experi-

# Land of the giants

BP's takeover of Amoco will catapult it into the super league. That will have profound implications for its competitors, says Robert Corzine

modity seemingly in Petroleum yesterday as Sir John Browne, BP's chie executive, threw down a gauntle to Royal Dutch/Shell and Execuing to introduce a new dimension to competition in the industry. We plan to shape our own destiny," he said, creating "real com-

over of Amoco, the US's fourth-biggest oil company. It will creand one of the three largest oil

the biggest producer of oil and natural gas in the US, the world's largest energy market. And its combined daily output of about 3m barrels will be greater than that of the UK and of most members of the Organisation of Petro-

possible pitfalls. But even as executives finished their brief-Company headquarters in Lon-don, it was already clear that the BP Amoco link-up is likely to cause fundamental shifts in an

There are four big questions that, arise from yesterday's announcement. The first relates to strategy. What lay behind

The phrase "distinctive assets" intioned several times by Sir John. The worldwide search for outstanding projects has become an obsession of the lead-

handful of assets that are seen as "company builders". These are the prolific and long-lasting fields that produce very high rates of return and fund an oil company's constant - and phenomenally

that came its way.

combined group to new competitive levels in downstream refining and marketing, as well as in chemicals. It will be the biggest marketer of gasoline in the US east of the Rocky Mountains (excluding Texas). The combined group will rank as the world's third largest chemical company

Sir John, who will be chief executive officer of the combined



Sir John, although he said that "scale is an outcome of what

ment came as oil prices dipped to fresh 10-year lows. Analysts say that do best in cyclical downturns. They can also move faster in responding to opportunities

when markets begin to recover. Big companies can also spread their risks more widely. The new group will have the financial clout and reach to take on the riskiest long-term development world, but it will have most of its assets and production in western-

chances of a smooth integration of BP and Amoco? The answer is, probably better

than many previous Anglo-American ventures. BP has had substantial experience in combining its operations with a US group. Two years ago, it merged its European refining and marketing operations with those of Mobil That too was an effective takeover, albeit it on a much smaller scale.

The Amoco merger is of a different order. But initial job losses - about 6,000 out of a combined workforce of 100,000 - means the vast majority of BP and Amoco employees will be unaffected, at least in terms of losing their lob. Cultural clashes should be minimal, as BP already has a substantial US business and a smattering of senior US executives.

MBA from Stanford Business School and enjoys working in

time, but some analysts said such a deal would have been complicated by questions of who would lead the combined group. Mobil utive leader in Lou Noto, and Sir John is known to have been concerned about the dengers of sharing the top leadership slot. Larry Fuller of Amoco, on the other hand, is due to retire soon,

We want to be number one or two in everything we do'

over the difficulties and distrac-Mr Fuller, who will be cochairman of the combined group along with Peter Sutherland of BP, acknowledged yesterday the pitfalls that might emerge over the next two years or so. "We've thought hard about the need for speed" in integrating the two

Sir John said BP had also put into place measures to ensure that the drive for greater efficiencies already under way within tures would not suffer.

He played down the possibility

would fail to find or exploit the big opportunities that are the underlying reason for the deal. Such opportunities are few and far between," be said. "We won't

If Sir John's optimism is mer ited, the deal will have profound implications for the rest of the the effects be?

The merger is likely to put Royal Dutch/Shell, long accustomed to having the "super league" to themselves, the BP/

No longer will Shell and Exxon be able to take for granted that the biggest projects will automatically come their way. In the past, other companies did not have either the management e nor money to con them. That will now change.

But it is not clear that Shell and Exxon will feel the need to emplate BP by growing even bigger. Just last week, Mark Moody Stuart, the new Shell chairman, speculated that one reason there was such little consolidation in tion of integrating big mergers. the oil industry was "because

we're all so big anyway". Mr Moody Stuart also wondered whether a wave of mergers and acquisitions would have any point. He was not convinced it would result in long-lasting efficiency gains. "When everyone is done with the consolidation you fundamentally have a zero-sum gain. All you've done is extract something. You haven't created anything."

Yesterday's deal may change his thinking. But the supergiants are more likely to pursue joint rentures rather than direct take. that the combined group might overs. Mr Moody Stunrt said it become so absorbed in the inte-

boss, to resign. Sports minister Jacek Debski has alleged

financial misdemeanours at the

association, which Dziurowicz

governments should keep their

Debski suspended the PZPN

last week after Fifa and Uefa

threatened to ban Polish clubs

from International matches, After

all, Debski is from Lodz, whose

LKS Ptak team is due to play

So far the fans are backing

Debski and Dziurowicz's days

seem to be numbered. But the affair has cast a shadow over the

game and attendances are low: these days, it takes Mick Jagger

European Cup today.

bodies Fifa and Ueta are backing

denies. International football

noses out of sport, an odd

defence for someone whose roots are firmly planted in

Potand's communist past.

Dziurowicz. They say

But if the RP Amoco deal does not force the supergiants to go on ers among the smaller compa nies. The deal will certainly put medium-sized US integrated oil companies, such as Texaco and Arco, which are struggling to build meaningful foreign busidomestic production.

One of the big barriers to con solidation in the US has been the fact that most of the companies, failed in their attempts to lift their reserves in recent years Putting together two companies with a declining reserve base only makes that task harder.

Continental European compa Total of France and Eni of Italy,

also face tough choices. Even though Elf and Total have been privatised, analysts say it is doubtful that the French government would allow them to to subsume their national iden-

Eni, under Franco Bernahé, its chairman, has shown a greater willingness to move beyond its international status. But it is still 40 per cent owned by the Italian

Whatever actions smaller companies may contemplate, and eventually take, none will be able to attain the intangible benefit that can come from being first If nothing elso, yesterday's deal shows that Sir John is willing to act on one of his most treasured business principles; that the blggest gains go to those who are

# Pegged down

determined to scent blood around perspective. By comparison with the Hong Kong dollar. Local some other Asian economies, doning the peg would bring even economic adjustment by coming more pain than Hong Kong is off the peg.

That would cause a collapse in

oresently facing.
Only part of the problem relates to fear about a possible Chinese devaluation. This fear is deeply embedded in the market psyche but it defies logic. China's last devaluation, in 1994, passed off without upsetting Hong Kong's dollar. If a depreciation by its signals of desire to mitinow stimulated the mainland's gate the adjustment process. It economy and exports, it would needs to make categorically clear surely boost Hong Kong's too.

pernicious pressure building up essary and inevitable and that it inside Hong Kong as its own sees the peg as an essential part economy weakens. There is now of that process. a widespread view that the authorities will use the first requires more technical and period of calm in the markets - political skill than Tung Cheeperiod of calm in the markets maybe sometime next year - to abandon the peg. Market horishown. The test is critical for reazons being what they are, traders sons which are more than merely

see no point in waiting that long. No one can deny the cost of ment. That is much harder now that Hong Kong has a sizeable and vocal middle class many of . whose members are now underwater on their mortgages.

Financial markets seem. Yet the pain must be kept in interest rates have again come. Hong Kong's economic contracunder painful upward pressure as tion is modest. The suffering of a result. The pressure will persist its banks is umpleasant but not unless the authorities do more to terminal. Above all, there is no get the message across that aban- way that the territory can avoid

its currency, sharply higher about the property market and a massive loss of confidence which would jeopardise its role as a financial centre.

The government has not helped that it will not stand in the way A more serious worry is the of an adjustment that is both nec-

Conveying this message hwa, chief executive, has hitherto

From Japan to South Korea, sticking with the peg. It means a Thailand and even Indonesia, wrenching adjustment in prop- governments have been thrown erty prices, wages and employ- out for economic failure. In undemocratic Hong Kong, voters would understandably resent their mability to do the same to a government that fell short of the requisite competence.

serious this time? She's threatening to pull India's fragile encore. Bharatiya Janata Party-led withdrawing her small party's support. But she has made such noises before, so some suspect that she's just crying wolf.

ex-thespian's latest flounce was a BJP-brokered deal in a complex wrangle over water supplies involving her home state of Tamil Nadu. But in the background there seems to have been a change of heart within the Congress party, the dominant force in Indian politics for most of the post-independence period.

Since the elections earlier this year, party officials have discouraged speculation about taking power. Congress was in a mess, ran the official line, and would concentrate on sorting itself out. The party is still in a mess but

some senior figures are. apparently alarmed by a series of attacks on non-Hindus - largely uncondemned by the government - and rising tension with Pakistan. They have begun to signal that if "internal contradictions" were to bring the government down, Congress might be willing to lead a non-BJP coalition. A senior

Congress official has even set out a foreign policy agenda. So now, as Jayalalitha sings her familiar song, Indians are paying more attention than they did the last time. And wondering whether there will be another

Rocky's return

Wherever he is, John D. Rockefeller must be grinning from ear to ear. The mother of all mergers between British Petroleum and Amoco reunites two parts of the oil empire he created - and saw smashed to smithereens.

It's taken more than 80 years for market forces to reverse the work of the US Supreme Court's trustbusters but Rockefeller would be pleased as punch to see Standard Oil of Ohio (nowadays a BP subsidiary) back in the same camp as Standard Oil of Indiana - or Amoco, as it now prefers to call liself.

Show time

Garth Drabinsky, the flamboyant Canadian producer of Broadway musicals such as Showboat. Regtime and Phantom of the Opera, rocked Toronto in April by stepping down as chairman of Livent, his theatre company. He handed control to a group headed by former Walt Disney

chairman Michael Ovitz, insisting

that he wanted to devote himself

to the creative side of the

It turns out that creative frustration may not have been uppermost on Drabinsky's mind. Livent's new management has now suspended him and

business. It seemed an odd

multi-screen cinema across

North America as chairman of

entrepreneur, who pioneared the

ambition for the driven

**OBSERVER** 

co-founder Myron Gottlieb, stating that they had found "serious accounting irregularities" involving millions of dollars. Not that things are going much better on the creative front. Drabinsky's latest spectacle

Fosse, a tribute to the late dance genius Bob Fosse, opened on Sunday to reviews typified by the Toronto Star's verdict; "A tad repetitious, overwhelming and even a bit numbing."

Game plan

The Rolling Stones, those creaking veteran rockers, are at Poland's national stadium in Chorzow on Friday - which may be all the action the country's football vanues will see for a

PZPN meets today to discuss a crisis that led to all but one of the nation's premier league football matches being cancelled at the weekend - most of the 16 clubs went on strike. The clubs want Marian

Dziurowicz, the association's

make political capital out of the The Polish Football Federation

Magnanimous it was generous of Portugal's opposition Social Democrats

to fill a football ground.

fraud scandal at Expo '98, the world fair in Lisbon. Mind you, it was the Social Democrat government which appointed the chief accountant who has been detained by police investigating the shindig's accounts. So political capital

might have been hard to find.

and a second contraction of the second contr

yesterday to promise not to

### Ginancial Times 100 years ago

New York in 12 Hours We have seen many singular prospectuses, but few more curious than that of Davidson's Air-Car

Construction Syndicate. The capital is £20,000, and the idea is to provide Mr. Davidson with funds to construct a flying machine. Some experiments appear to have been made, and we get a most stimulating picture of an aerial-motor careering along in mid-air. We also have sectional plans of the machine. by which it is suggested we may soon be able to journey from London to the Riviera in eight hours, New York in twelve and round the world in eighty hours. But we have no adequate explanation of how these marvels are to be accomplished. "Subscribe and you will see," Is Mr. Davidson's idea, but that is taxing too severely the faith of the investor. The only Director on the board so far is Mr.

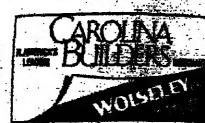
Davidson himself. The scheme seems more likely to result in the flying away of investors' money than in any other form of aerial locomotion. Another amusing prospectus is that of business of canary breeders.

Mackley Brothers, which proposes to carry on the The issue is to be secured on the value of the canaries.

arge price talian in

ardural cobast tag

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 12 1998



THE LEX COLUMN

# Brownean motion

In a single bound, British Petroleum's takeover of Amoco has created a new super-major to sit alongside industry giants Shell and Exxon. No longer will Sir John Browne be playing, albeit stylishly, in oil's second division. Instead, Sir John will be slugging it out for industry domi-nance on the back of the leading market positions created not only in key produc-

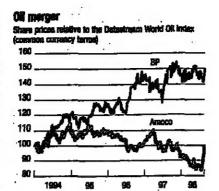
More than anything else, the acquisi-tion demonstrates BP's unceasing drive to move the company forward in spite of 10-year lows in the oil price.

In terms of access to resource basins BP Amoco will have the scale and deep pockets to compete aggressively for the best stakes in the most attractive projects. And its strength downstream, particularly in the US where Amoco is the market leader in premium petrol will force com-petitors on to the back foot. That will force mergers between those still stuck in the second rank, such as Elf, ENI, Mobil, Chevron and Texaco, as the need to catch

However, as with the DaimlerChrysler deal - which also boasted of being the largest industrial merger of its day - putting such a deal together on paper is the easy part. Making it work will be considerably harder. To this end, the BP Amoco combination has got off to a good start. A simple management structure headed by Sir John with a single headquarters in London is a marked improvement on DaimlerChrysler's bicephalous approach.

And again, the cost savings currently envisaged - the \$2bn target by 2000 represents less than 3 per cent of the combined targets would be more impressive if they unambitious forecast savings are well worth the effort. Taxed and put on a mul- what the impact of a big stock market tiple of 10 times, some \$13bn of share- correction will be on end demand. But the holder value will be created by the risk is clearly that a cheap stock could yet

A modest 15 per cent premium to Amo-co's shareholders accounts for over \$5bn uring of the Anglo American/De Beers of the cake - but still leaves this looking like a good deal for BP. That the compavalue created reflects inclement global



to offer arbitrage opportunities. But the

#### De Beers

Is De Beers about to regain some of its lost sparkle? Falling Asian demand and a severe destocking caused first-half headline earnings to fall by 33 per cent. But the outlook for rough diamond sales in the second half is more favourable. Moreshare is trading at less than half its net asset value, with the entire diamond interests valued at a measly \$1.2bn.

What, though, are the prospects for retail demand? Groggy US stock markets will make De Beers' executives nervous, and rightly so. With Asia in a slump, the US now accounts for over 40 per cent of more tightly entwined with share prices.

group will certainly unlock value. And in the shadow of the millennium, "dismonds are forever" will be a powerful proposition factors kick in, the sparkle will return

Kingfisher may not succeed in achiev-ing an alliance with French DIY retailer Castorama, but it is certainly right to be trying. Retailing is notoriously parochial but Europe's single currency will change this, as improved transparency drives prices lower. In this environment only the most efficient retailers will flourish. Scale is critical, but not easily achieved when cultural and family factors can still trump

Hence the need to pursue solutions short of a takeover, that bring together valuable brands and deliver benefits of scale and central controls without losing local flavour. This is a model, of course, that fits nicely with Kinglisher's way of

It is also an approach that seems well suited to the European market. The alternatives - organic growth or acquisition fisher should offer lessons to some of its slower moving UK rivals.

#### Dresdner/PaineWebber

European bank determined to make a splash on Wall Street and likely to end upfloundering out of its depth. News of its talks with PaineWebber sent Dresdner's shares down 6 per cent and PaineWeb-

The purchase of PaineWebber would make little sense. What Dresdner needs to gain critical mass is a top-notch investment bank. What it would get is a secondtier retail brokerage and a decent position in asset management. Just possibly, that could lead to a three-way alliance in fund management with Allianz, Dresdner's biggest shareholder, But merging PaineWeb-ber and Dresdner's Kleinwort Benson investment banking arm would, given their very different products and cultures,

Even scarier is a suggested price of \$80n-\$10bn, or more than four times book value. There is nothing wrong with thinking big. However, for that kind of money, Dresduer could buy, say, a reviving Lahman Brothers, and a real shot at the top

## PR COMPANY HIRED TO HELP REVERSE DOWNTURN IN RUSSIA'S MARKETS

# Moscow brokers go west in quest of better image

group of Moscow-based stockbrokers is hiring a western public relations company to improve Russia's image among foreign investors and help reverse the savage falls in the country's financial markets over the past year.
The stockbroking firms, which have seen daily turnover on Russia's rudimentary stock market reduced to just \$10m a day, are desperate to entice foreign investors back into

"There is a feeling that Russia generally gets a bad rap, and we are looking at ways of correcting that," said one of the members of the

Russia - and salvage their own

non-profit industry association called the Pinancial Council of have selected Burson-Marsteller to head the public

relations companies in the world, with wide experience of working for

information about Russia's financial markets and liaise with the government - about how it can communicate its own sconomic

The council is also looking to recruit a prominent spokesperson who would devise a communications strategy with Burson-Marsteller for "selling" Russia to foreign investors. Charlie Ryan, chief executive of United Financial Group, one of the council members, said the firms had met several times over the past two months to discuss ways of encouraging the development

Russia's financial markets.... "All of us have been so

"But there is now a sense that w need an industry association which can represent our views and correct

The financial council, which includes leading local brokers such as Troiks Dialog and MPK First Boston, also intends to lobby the government to improve the

Abuses of minority shareholder the Russian market, which has plunged more than two-thirds this

The Russian government is encouraging the stockbrokers' initiative, although it has not given it any direct support.

# Arrest casts a shadow over Lisbon's prestige world fair

yesterday to prevent the prestige project Expo '98 becoming a source of embarrassment rather than national pride, after police detained the chief accountant of the Lisbon world fair in an investigation into

Government ministers and opposition leaders united in urging the country not to allow the alleged fraud to detract from the prestige of the national showplece, which has won wide praise from visitors and international specialists.

Any scandal involving Expo '98, which marks the 500th anniversary of Vasco da Gema's discovery of the sea route around the south of Africa from Europe to India, is a blow to the national esteem of the Portuguese, who see the exhibition as symbol of modern Portugal.

The fraud probe involves the

ent linked to the fair. It is Expo '98 director, said three others embarressment which exhibition officials, including the \$2bn exhibition, which has failed attract the expected number of visitors so far. The fair, on the theme of preserving the oceans, opened on May 22 and closes on September 30. Joho Vilela Caldeira, the chief

accountant of Pargue Expo, a state company which is running the exhibition, was detained during a concert at the Expo site on Friday night. Portuguese media are asking why the alleged fraud was not detected by a series of independent audits before being brought to light by an

internal inquiry. the alleged embezzlement of cheques the Expo '96 development. The development involves a large property project on the Lisbon waterfront.
Mr Vilela Caldeira was vice-

head of computer systems, had been suspended from their posts to "ensure the transparency" of the investigation. The secretary-general of the event has also resigned pend-Antonio Costa, the government

minister responsible for Expo '98, said the investigation would be "carried forward to its ultimate consequence" regardless of who was with taxpayers' money," he said.

The Socialist government is hoping to be spared any direct party political ambarrassment. The erument at a time when the Socialtion of failing to crack down on sleage and corruption.

CONTENTS

Arts Guide.

next to the US embassy in Nairobi. Kenya counts cost, Page 4

Features

Markets Bond futures and options Short term interest rates

FT/S&P-A World indices World stock markets records World stock market failes FTSE Actuaries UK share Indices

Companies & Finance

FT.com

Directory of online services via FT Electronic Publishing

FT.com: the Financial Tapes web site; http://www.FT.com The Anchine: online archive of back issues of the newspaper since July 1998. http://www.archive.FT.com

FT Acuted Reports Services online underno of annual or interim moods and ecounts of 1200 UK pics.

Styline: how to get share prices and mer-

### Republic of Ghana

DIVESTITURE OF STATE-OWNED ENTERPRISES

The Government of Ghana as part of its overall Economic Recovery Programme, is n Committee ('DIC') was established by the Government to implem unent policis la respect of divestiture programmes.

The directions programme is intended to induce the size of the public sector and to improve the performance of enterprises by mobilizing private sector a mpital. The financial and managerial burden on Govern seet will be undered and the state will be able more efficiently to manage the business of Government. The proceeds from the services and education.



#### MODE OF DIVESTITURE

on each emergrise listed for diversions Once that has been done, a decision is made 22 to the preferred mode of diversiture. This will usually be the sale of the emerprise's assets by competitive tender. However, other options include the sale of shares (purticularly where the enterprise already has some private sector investors), the crestion of joint venture companies between the state and private sector investors and the leaving to private sector investors of an emerprise

#### INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT

profits and fees abroad. In intervention and reforms that have reduced

#### ACCELERATION OF THE

ENQUIRIES

Executive Secretary F35/5 Ring Road Bast, North Labone P.O. Box C102, Cannon Acres Ghana

Tet (233-21) 772049 (233-21) 773119 (233-21) 760281

Faz: (233-21) 773126 E-mail: dical-Procecometh

each assignment, draws up a short-list of suitable firms appearing on the regimes. The short-listed firms are invited to submit proposals in connection with the assignment aned and the winning firm is selected on the basis of those proposels.

addition, trade regimes devoid of public thank asser passe perfect to make the

#### DIVESTITURE PROGRAMME

The Government, through DIC, is commit-ted to an acceleration of the divertiture programme. This is being achieved principally by means of outsourcing some diversiment to the private sector. DIC closely manitors becommend work to ensure that it is carried out in accordance with DICs procedures and scatterory responsibilities.

DIC maintains a Register of pre-qualified firms to undertake work on diventioned Except for small assignments or in care tional circumstances, DIC, in the case of

### INVITATION TO PARTICIPATE

The Government is fully committed to the lavites all investors, both local and internacional, to participate in it.

DIC will provide full details of the are procedure to be followed in any

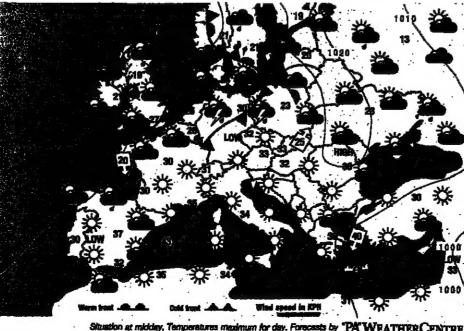


### FT WEATHER GUIDE

Europe today Much of western and centre Europe will have hot sunshine, but clouds ow Poland and northern Germany will bring ace thunderstorms, Towards evening, north-east France will have thundary showers Southern Scandinavia will become wet, with heavy rain over Norway, Southern Europe will stay surmy but

**Five-day forecast** 

Heavy or thundery showers will give way to heavy rain states to the Pyrenees. The thundery showers will move across eastern Europe on Friday, Scandinavia will remain unsettled, and the



PAWEATHER CENTRE Fero
Prantidurt.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Gandovi.
Handovi.
Hong Kong.
Hondulu istenbul.
Jelovis.
Jersey
Johatmeebi.
Kamedi
Kumeli
L. Angelee
Lan Palmas Son Febr Febr Sun Thunder Febr Sun Febr Sun Febr 14 25 34 28 30 51 21 34 18 27 38 28 24 25 35 35 31 13 28 35 Rome S. Fraco Beoul Singapor Stockhol Sun Fair CHEF Sun Fair Barceton Beling Belinat Belgrada Bernuda Bogsta Bornbry Brussela Budapes C.jugan Fair Rain Fair Sun creen Pair Sun Cloudy Fair Sun Fair Fair Sun Fair Sun Fair Straebo Sydney Tengler Tel Aviv Tokyo Toronto Vancous Venice Vienna Werseer POWER IS NOTH 03000



# **COMPANIES & MARKETS**

**WEDNESDAY AUGUST 12 1998** 



INSIDE

### **UPM-Kymmene** predicts 'more forestry sector consolidation'

UPM-Kymmene, the Finnish pulp and paper manufacturer, predicted further consolidation in the world's fragmented forestry products industry, as four of Europe's leading paper groups announced improved first-half results. Page 12

Consumer spending boosts Wal-Mart Wal-Mart Stores, the US store operator, posted another profits surge in its second quarter, boosted by the continued strength of US consumer spending. Net profits were up 30 per cent, from \$795m to \$1.034bn, its first non-Christmas season figure of over \$1bn. Page 14

Tokyo bears brunt of yen drop The yen again rode roughshod over Asian mer-kets, slipping to an eight-year low against the dollar. Japan's Nikkei 225 Average has dropped 5.9 per cent in seven days, it ended 1.4 per cent lower at 15,406.99 yesterday. Page 32

GeoCities higher in early trading GeoCities, the online community of that pages and personal websites, launched its initial public offering. One of the most eagerly awaited listings of the summer, the stock opened at \$33 a share on the Nesday, Page 14

Goldman offer to create windfalls



shadow over

tige world fair

s of Ghana

C. CEST

1.71.32

The second

The state of the s

Protestations by Goldman Sachs' co-cheirmen Jon Corzine and Hank Paulson (left), that the investment bank's move to public status is strategically credibility, since partners had repeatedly rejected proposals to take the firm public. But Goldman's 169

pertners do stand to gain a massive windfall, totalling at least \$40m each, with the firm's top executives receiving about \$250m. Page 14

Small oil producers feel the pinch Times are hard for America's small oil producthe small producers, who operate 500,000 merginally economic wells across the country, are driven to the wall. Page 22

Greece allows bigger drachma deals Greece is to increese the size of dractime issues by foreign borrowers in order to accommodete the growing number of institutions feed to gamble on Emu interest rate convergence in crechme-denominated debt. Page 20

Boosey & Hawkes prospects traclear Though Boosey & Hawkes, the instrument maker and music publisher, survived the threat of sale, it is difficult to see where real growth: will come from in the short term. Page 15

		•	· · ·	
COMPANI	ES IN	THIS	ISS	UE
Albertz	12 · G	ecCities		- 1
American Airlines	# G	zidom Se	de	16
		حسنيه حدف		

11 LIG Group 1,17 LG Metals

MARKET STATISTICS 26,27 Emerging Market books Annual reports club enchement Govt bonds Bond futures and options Bond prices and yields Euro brices ood prices

# Electrolux buoyant at half-year

Reorganisation takes effect at Swedish appliances group supplier of household appli-

ances, yesterday amounced a sharp increase in first half profits as buoyant European and US demand and the bene-Electrolux's overwhelming fits of restructuring overcame

Underlying profits at the Swedish group, which is helf-way through a SE/2.5km (\$315m) overhaul, jumped 21 per cent to SE/205km to sales. up from SK157.5km to

heavy sales declines in Asia

and Brazil.

over as chief executive last year, said the figures reflected improved productivity and ris-

SX index by rising SKr4 to more than offset declines in SK-128.50.

south east Asia, where sales halved, while demand in Brazil For the year as a whole, he said, stable market conditions stumped by almost a third.

Mr Treschow add the group
had telers a SKr175m charge to pled with further restructuring to a conjugate with the supplemental and the supple After stripping out such items, the second quarter operating "It is a remarkable come-back and should pay further

.fully.completes its reorganies-

and North America – which from schieving a margin tar-rose 7 and 11 per cent respec-get of between 6.5 and 7 per or sold 12 small plants in its tively in the six mouths to cent, Electrolux's most com-professional appliances divicent. Electrolux's most comprofessional appliances divi-monly traded B shares defied a sion and has reduced its work-108.24-point fall in Stockholm's force by 3,300. Of the 12,000 job losses announced when the restructuring was unveiled last autumn, some 7,100 have

> Mr Treachow said the group would use the remaining SKr1.32bn of its restructuring provision to withdraw from trial lauraby equipment, and to shut down three more plants making refrigurators and freezess.

After accounting for last year's SKr2.5bn provisions,

Bertelsmann to

distribution

Bartelsmann, Europe's biggest media group, plans to establish

centralised distribution operations for books, music

and other consumer products

The UK and Italian operations, which will handle

Bertelsmann's own products

and those of other companies.

will be modelled on the

group's vast multi-purpose dis-

tribution centres in Germany.

Bertelemann is also stepping

up its efforts to secure third

periy distribution contracts in

win contracts for parts of the

continent with BMI, the UK

music group, and Sony Music, part of the eponymous Japa-

nese electronics and entertain-

solidation. The cost of equipping highly automated distri-

bution centres is so high that

many consumer products com-

panies, which have tradition-

ally handled their own distri-

bution, are forming joint

ventures with other compenies

Sony Music and Warner

Music, a subsidiary of Time

Warner, the US entertainment

or sub-contracting to third par-

Europe. The company is understood to be in talks to

in the UK and Italy.

France and Spain.

boost centralised

the UK.

pre-tax profits jumped to SKr2.94bn in the first half. compared with a luss of SKr311m last time.

One-off items in 1997 also flattered the headline operating profits, which rose from SKr432m to SKr3.6bn. Earnings per share were SKr5.20, compared with losses of SKr1.1 lest time.

Profits rose solidly in all three of the group's main divisions. Household appliances contributed gains of

SKr1.89bn, up from SKr1.36bn. Profits from professional appliances, which has been the target for much of the restructturing, leaped from SKr94m to SKr326m. Outdoor products reported gains of SKr1.24bn.

company, recently set a prece

dent by announcing proposals

to pool distribution facilities in

Bertelsmann declined to

comment on its European expansion plans. However, it

affirmed that the centralised

distribution business, run by

its Bertelsmann Distribution

subsidiary, was one of its

Doubleday Dell book publish-

ers as well as the RCA and

Arista record labels, described

the possibility of winning third

party contracts from compa-

nies such as EMI and Sony

centralised distribution opera-

tion in Germany, initially to

handle its core products of

third parties, notably Luft-

Four years ago, Bertelsmann

product distribution centres in

other European countries.

most recently in Spain. The

Berteismann Distribution divi-

sion now employs 6,000 people

and has annual sales of about

hansa, the German airline,

might offer.

distribution, notably music mail order catalogues, as well

The group, which owns the

fastest-growing activities.

# Swiss pay \$153m for stake in Siam City Cement By Too Bardiscke in Hampiok and

William Hall in Zurich

company, has acquired 25 per cent of Siam City Cement, Thailand's second largest rement company. for \$153m, beating competing offers from

The purchase is the latest econsition in south-east Asia by western cement groups taking advantage of local producers weakened by a slump in construction following the

Last month, Cemex of Mexico offered \$257m for a 35 per cent stake in Semen Gresik of Indonesia. In June, Holderbank, the world's largest cement company, paid \$28m for a controlling stake in Tenggara Cement, a leading Malaysian producer. In July, the Swiss group agreed to invest \$210m for a 40 per cent share In Union Cement Corporation, the Philippines' biggest pro-

Holderbank's latest purchase is the first step in a three-part rescue of Siam City, which curlier this year stopped principal repayments on its \$800m for eign debt. In the coming months the company will increase capital by up to Random House and Bantam \$200m, via a rights issue, and sign a debt restructuring deal

The move should kick-start consolidation and foreign takeovers in Thailand's cement nies such as EMI and Sony industry, which is wallowing Music as "typical services" it in debt and suffering from the collapse of the country's construction industry.

TPI Polene, which has a debt moratorium in place, has been entertaining offers from forbooks, magazines and recorded | eign suitors, including Holderbank and Cemex, but has been The operation has since hampered by an inability to time when many areas of expended into other sectors, reach a debt restructuring European consumer products including mobile phones and deal. Industry leader Siam subsidiary, which could then take on a foreign strategic

> Holderbank is paying the equivalent of \$110 a tonne of claims is Thailand's most efficient cement producer, it is paying \$153m for its 25 per cent stake, will have a seat on the board, and will contribute which comes from third party another \$55m to the restruct-

pariner.



Nycomed Amerikam's critis executive, 28 Castell, tell, and Stance director Glice Kerr reported on 8 per cent rice in Stat

# Oxford Health shares down 7% on \$507m loss

TIB health maintenance

United HealthCare, which covered its strategic withdrawal from the Medicare market in several regions, and the subsequent abandonment of United's planned merger with Humana. This deal, valued at \$5.5bn on its announcement in largest health management

reanisation in the US. Dramatic selling of health- attempt to enter a risk-sharing care stocks continued in more-deal with healthcare providers ing trading on Wall Street. By sid-session, Oxford was down \$5 at \$65, a fall of more than 7 per cent for the day. It peaked last year at \$55.

organisations fell, too. ruptcy protection, and to Humana dropped more than 6 strengthen reserves.

more than \$58 last week before. Its medical loss ratio, express

Health Plans, the troubled companies registered falls far portion of the premiums it New York area health manage—worse than that of the market ment company, amounted it as a whole. Oxford's loss had taken a \$597.5m loss on included one-off charges introrevenues of \$1.19hn in the sec. duced by Norman Payson, the The news followed last this year. He said they were week's \$909m charge from aimed at "drawing a line in the sand and separating the company from its past. They include a restructuring

charge of \$174m; which will subsidiaries. This will involve the company withdrawing from commercial businesses in Illinois, and from several Medlead businesses it will also for its Medicare business. Oxford is also taking an tmusual charge of \$112m to cover its write-off of its investment in FPA Medical Management, which has filed for bunk-

to \$21%. It had been trading at \$189.04m during the quarter. ing its total expenditure on received, was 102.8 per cent, including the effect of the

> its problems stem from a computer systems problem last. | ties. year, which meant it failed to spot many serious warnings aignals about its financial health and the medical costs it was paying. This also led to serious service problem viders complaining they had been left unpaid.

Systems problems and diffibusiness profitably have both ing the sector in the last year Under Medicare, the state

nance Organisations' reimburament rates are controlled by the government and vary from state to state and from county to county, making it very difficult to create com-

# BOC to axe 3,700 jobs in worldwide restructuring

in its biggest worldwide reorganisation in two decades. .The group has been badly

"This is not just a slaut and been job," he said. "It's an attempt to look at the business from a different angle, to four years to turn it around; become more global, and to said businesses would be position ourselves productly in organised on product rather showed no sign of improve

pointment that the measures carbide business. deterioration in BOC's main years has expanded heavily in markets. They are making Asis, reported pre-tax profits law, Page 15

redundancies but I had hoped the job losses would be part of BOC, the UK-based industrial a larger restructuring," said for the first nine months of the gases group, is to sate a tenth of its workforce - 3,700 jobs - This is defensive. It's a exceptional charge for the first response to deteriorating mar- part of the restructuring and a ket conditions and BOC is not £144m gain on the sale of doing anything its competitors Ohmeda. Operating profits fell

hit by the east Asian financial haven't started to do already." 8.6 per cent to £363m. BOC said it would take The underlying results a

years, ago that it would take hit by a develoed currency. than regional lines. Earlier ment with weak demand and The shares rose 5 per cent in this year he oversaw the early trading but closed down disposal of Ohmeda, BOC's to find. This had hit its Austra-4p at 736p, compared with healthcare division, for SS40m liam business. 211.70 a year ago, on disap and agreed the sale of its . In the UK, the manufactor

had not been more radical and The announcement came as since December and had also on concern at the continuing the group, which in recent begin to fall in the US.

Dancy Rosenbrans, Chief exec-clarges of about 2567m - more in line with expectations and, urive, said the move would cut than analysis had expected - although profits fell, analysis annual costs by at least 1120m to cover the reorganisation said the group's husinesses (\$198m) within two years and costs, including the loss of 500 were performing relatively was also simed at changing jobs in the UK and 3,200 in the robustly in Asia despite the the group's approach to rest of the world, over the next difficult conditions there. About half of group sales are Mr Rosenkranz, who said in Asia and in South Africa, when he joined the group two, where profits have also been

ing sector had been in declina





Fully PEP qualifying for tax free returns.

So, invest in Europe with confidence. bavest with Threadneedle.

Ask your financial adviser about Threadneedle or call 0800 0683000.



# Paper groups 'face further consolidation'

By Tan Burt in Stockholm

UPM-Kymmena, the Finnish pulp and paper manufacturer, yesterday predicted further consolidation in the world's fragmented forestry products industry, as four of Europe's leading paper groups announced improved first-half results.

Stora of Sweden and dated figures for the first

Juha Niemelä, UPM-Kymmene chief executive, said: "We cannot just watch this consolidation from the sidelines. We are studying and scanning the industry for opportunities."

Announcing sharply increased profits yesterday, Mr Niemelä emphasised the Finnish group was not under The company - which is pressure to seek deals to set to be overtaken as the redress the balance with the region's largest producer fol-newly merged Stora Enso, lowing the \$8.5bn merger of which also unveiled consoli-

consolidation trend is gathering pace." he said.

UPM-Kymmene, Store and Enso - along with Swedish rival MoDo - all announced improved six-month results following price increases in fine paper, newsprint and magazine grades, and better capacity utilisation.

UPM-Kymmene reported pretax profits up from FM3.5bm to FM5.6bn (\$1.08bn), even though sales fell from FM26.4bn to FM25.5bn.

bined pro-forms figures, said it had also benefited from increase price stability and higher volume deliveries for

Of the four paper groups, pulp, paper and board.

IPM-Kymmene reported preThe enlarged company. which is awaiting European Operating profits rose FM2.91bn on joint sales newsprint. Operating profit pean markets.

increase in contributions by

magazine papers, which

reported gains of FMI.25bn.

Earnings per share increased

Stora Enso, reporting com-

to FM14.67 from FM9.85.

June 30.

It announced that it would SKr7. be seeking a return on capital employed of 13 per cent, while also emphasising improved productivity and MoDo. meanwhile,

by 52 per cent to SKrl.39bn (\$172m) in the first half. sales up from SKr11bn to ter placed than rivals to Commission approval for the SKr11.5bn, followed absorb such pressures merger, saw pre-tax profits increased prices and deliv- because of greater exposure

a big strategic move but it is from FM4.43bm to FM6.03bm, of FM31.8bm, up from increased from SKr1.03bm to obvious to us all that the fuelled mainly by a fourfold FM28.5bm, in the period to SKr1.43bm and earnings per

Stora Engo and MoDo indicated, however, that pricing pressures had intensified during the second quarter, while UPM Kymmene said orders from Asia had fallen reported pre-tax profits up by one-third across all prod-

net groups. Nevertheless, the Finnish The result, achieved on group suggested it was betincrease from FM1.85bn to eries of paperboard and to the US and western Euro-

### Finland's Enso - hinted that half. it could play a decisive role "We have no need to make **Investor** eyes IT and telecoms

as returns sag

Investor, the main investment vehicle of Sweden's Wallenberg business empire, vowed yesterday to increase its exposure to high-growth technology and telecommunications stocks after seeing returns on its stock portfolio underperform the Swedish market by 7 percentage points over the past 12 months.

The company - which has controlling interests in companies accounting for 43 per cent of the Stockholm stock exchange – said it had been held back by sluggish growth in parts of its

In the year to June 30, Investor's total return amounted to 20 per cent, compared with 27 per cent growth for the stock market

Class Dahlback, chief executive, said the group was seeking acquisition and expansion opportunities in joint venture with Merck. four broad areas: information technology, telecommunications, healthcare and

company was under-exposed. 35 per cent stake in Saab and to IT stocks and had not contributions from the stock moved fast enough to market listing helped to lift increase its presence in tele-

Investor, for example, has seen shares in Ericsson increase by 56 per cent during 1998, while shares in bearings manufacturer SKF

declined by 14 per cent. The company owns 3 per cent of Ericsson's share capi- SKr551a share or SKr110.4bn, tal and 18 per cent of SKF's. compared with SKr442 a Officials said that share or SKr88.4bn at the high-growth stocks would be restructuring among compa- SKr10 to SKr409.

SUB-FUND NAME

Sterling Bond Fund US Dollar Breat Fund European Bond Fund PA European Bond Fund International Bond Fund

European Balanced Fund

Capital Builder DM Cash For US Dollar Cash Fund

Latin America Fund®

Malaysia Fund Nordic Fund South East Asia Fund

PA South East Asia Fund

United Kingdom Fund\*\*
FPS HK Balanced Growth Fund

FPS HK Higher Growth Fund PA FPS DM Defensive Fund

Paying Agent in Ireland:

Bendwell Ligions 41-45 ST. Stephen's Green

CanitalBuilder DM Income Pund

This is expected to follow the three-step plan imposed last year by Percy Barnevik, Investor chairman: first, restructure the company; failing that, change the management; finally, arrange a merger or disposal.

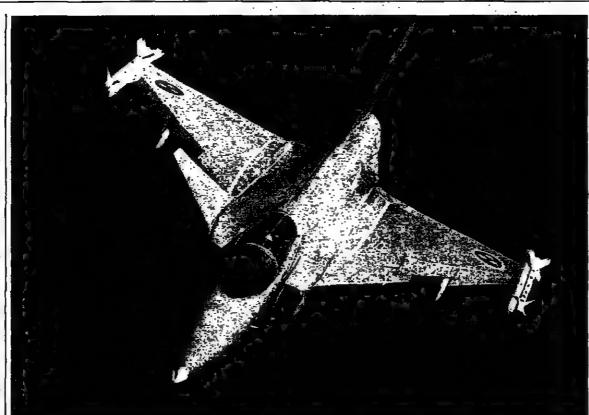
Industry suggested yesterday that SKF, which is already undergoing restructuring, was the most likely candidate for further treatment.

Investor said the overhaul however, was unlikely to keep pace with activity over the past 12 months, in which it has concluded a number of strategic deals.

In that period, SE-Banken, its financial flagship, has merged with the Swedish insurer Trygg-Hansa. Saab Aerospace has been listed, with a stake sold to British Aerospace. Astra, the drugs group, has overhauled its US while Stora, the paper group, has announced a merger with Enso of Finland.

In the first half of this In particular, he said the year, BAe's acquisition of a Investor's pre-tax profits from SKr1.51bn to SKr4.26bn

> The figures were flattered by a SKr3.5bn payment from BAs and SKr2.14bn derived from the Saab share offer. Investor's net asset value - measured at June 30 - was



# Saab and BAe extend links

Saab, the Swedish aircraft and defence group, yesterday signalled the latest phase of the restructuring in Europe's defence industry by announcing plans to develop joint supply chain and customer support operations with British Aerospace.

This follows BAe's acquisi-Saab earlier this year, and comes less than a week after three senior BAe executives attended their first board meeting as directors of the

FIDELITY FUNDS SICAV

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Vansallis House - Place de l'Espile

B.P. 2174, L-1021 Luxembourg R.C. No B 34036

Pidelity Funds SICAV (the "Fund") has declared a quarterly dividend in respect of the Sterling Bond Fund and an annual dividend in respect of shares of each of the undernoted sub-funds held at close of business on July 31, 1998. The dividend amount, Bearer coupon number and payment currency are

as indicated below. In the case of registered shares, dividends will be reinvested in additional shares of the relevant fund as appropriate on August 3, 1998 (Ex-dividend date) and cash distributions will be effected within 10 business days, on August 17, 1998. Dividends not cashed within 5 years from payment will lapse and the dividend will revert to the Fund.

DIVIDEND

1.3039

0.0504

0.5801

0.6016

0.0002 0.0002

0.9648 0.1991 0.8841 0.0546

0.0677

0.3402

0.0063

0.0276

0.1256

0.1647

PAYMENT

GBP USD XEU DEM

USD DEM DEM

DEM USD DEM DEM USD

AUD ESP USD USD SEX USD DEM

GBP USD GRP USD USD USD

\*"Please note that in order to comply with UK Distributor Status rules, the distribution for these Funds fully or partly includes a distribution for the fiscal year 1996-1997.

Dividends will be paid to holders of Bearer Shares in the currency of denomination of the sub-fund (or by arrangement with the Paying Agent and at the cost of the shareholder, in any other currency) against tender of the coupon number histed to:

BANKERS TRUST LUXEMBOURG S.A.

P.O. BOX 807 14, BOULEVARD F.D. ROOSEVELT

Paying Agent in Luxembourg:

Saah is understood to be negotiating with a number of BAe staff about moving to its Linköping headquarters

oil price

By Tim Burt

first half profits.

this autumn.

hits Neste

The company, which is merging with state power group Imatran Volma (IVO),

said pre-tax profits fell to

FM255m (\$47m) in the six

months to June 30 from

FM460m last time, as sales

For the first half, Neste

saw profits fall in three of its

up from FM358m to FM348m.

That contrasted sharply with

the exploration and produc-tion arm, where profits fell

from FM322m to just FM60m.

energy and chemicals divi-

FM213m to FM194m and

from FM169m to FM123m.

FM3.93, down from FM1.79.

At IVO, meanwhile, pre-

tax profits fell from

reduced sales of PM6.6bn. down from FM6.99bn in the

first half. Lower electricity sales and a weaker contribu-

tion from engineering activi-

ties depressed the figures.

Operating profits declined to

FM1.33bn from FM1.52bn,

Earnings per share fell to

Contributions from the

ns fell respectively from

in southern Sweden. Mr Haise is keen to tap BAe's expertise in supply chain management and customer support in regional aircraft, an area where Saab has decided to transform tion of a 35 per cent stake in Itself from an aircraft manufacturer into a component

and airframe supplier.

Co-operation between the two companies dates back to a 1995 marketing joint ven-Swedish company. ture for exports of the Gri-"We are looking at how we pen. Saab's fourth genera-

can get more out of our rela- tion combat aircraft. key positions in Saab," said and Saab believed it could saw pre-tax profits jump to SKr70-50.

COUPON

Bengt Halse, chief executive. capture 20 per of the esti- from SKr177m to SKr475m for such fighters.

> ply new generation air-to-air sailes for the UK ministry of defence. Mr Halse said such work towards restructuring by defence ministers in the UK, France, Spain, Italy and Swe-

co-operating on a bid to sup-

year profits following its listing last month on the Stock-

holm stock exchange.

mated 400-aircraft demand (\$58.8m) despite fiat underlying sales of SKr3.57m in the The companies are also six months to June 30.

At the operating level, the absence of losses and restructuring costs associ ated with regional aircraft enabled Saab to announce a and the commitment SKr344m profit, compared

with a SKr38m loss last time. Of the ongoing businesses, the sharpest increase was den opened "significant poe-sibilities" for Saab. achieved in military aero-space, where profits rose sibilities" for Saab.

He was speaking after from SKr117m to SKr286m saab unveiled maiden half amid buoyant demand for avionics and further Gripen

The company - floated by Maiden earnings per share The company's most com- are in the process of hiring yet to secure its first export ment vehicle of Sweden's group's most commonly coupled with further monly traded B shares fell more people from the UK to order, Mr Halse said BAe Wallenberg business family - traded B shares fell SKr1.50

# Decline in | PetroFina shares fall 5% on results

By Hell Buckley in Brusseis

Neste, the Finnish oil and the Belgian oil and petro-. petrochemicals group, yesterday blamed weak oil orices and increased exploration costs for a sharp fall in from BFr10.95bn to PetroFina less than some of

BFr9.71bn (\$265m). But the company insisted its results compared favoura-bly with competitors. Underlying profits before exceptional items were broadly flat at BFr10.96bn, against BFr11.04bm last year.

shrank from FM22.3bn to distorted by a BFr2.7bn gain on asset sales in the US and Africa, offset by a Bfr4.3bn The figures were expected to be the last separate firsthalf results from Neste write-down on the value of stock after the oil price fall. before its merger with IVO. This summer the two compa-Analysts said the results nies became subsidiaries of were in line with expecta-Fortum, a new holding group due to be privatised decline was largely a correcby the Finnish government tion after PetroFina shares

on Friday and Monday.

Some analysts also warned Shares in PetroFina fell of a difficult second half, 5 per cent yesterday after with oil prices now below the Belgian oil and petro-chemicals group reported a level of the first half. But the fall in first-half net profits cyclical downturn affected its peers as it is less dependent on exploration and pro-

Higher refining margins in Europe and the dollar's strength pushed pre-tax earnings in the downstream BFr11.04bn last year. sector up almost 10 per cent The bottom-line figure was from EFr1.04bn to EFr1.04bn - despite a BFr1.7bm loss on Stocios.

Earnings in the chemicals sector also recovered strongly, increasing from BFr5.78bn to BFr6.37bn. Upstream earnings fell 26 tions, and the share price per cent from BFr12.9bn to

Group turnover rose 4 per bucked the Brussels bourse's cent from BFr340.3bn to recent downward trend BFr352.9 bm.

### four main divisions. In splte of volatile crude prices, the oil division reported profits Israeli retailers edge ahead in half

By Judy Designary In Januarian

largest retailing groups, and Shk32.7m to Shk36.3m. and net income for the first income for the second quarsix months, in spite of a con-ter, blaming higher provi-FM1.56bn to FM1.04bn on tinuing slowdown in the sions for doubtful mortgage =moomy.

> from Shk48.37m to Net income for the quarter Shk68.24m (\$18.5m), while fell from Shk55.3m to revenues climbed from Shk41.5m, while for the first Shk2.26bn to Shk2.38bn. Nestlé, the Swiss food pro- Income before debt providucer, recently lifted its sions rom from Shkats.7m to stake from 40 per cent to 47 Shk442.Am for the half.

Supersol, one of Israel's income increased from Osem, its smaller competi- o israel's First Internator, yesterday reported mod- tional Bank reported a 11.7 est increases in revenues per cent decline in net

half it declined from Sales at Osem, in which Shk104.3m to Shk92.1m.

per cent, climbed from Shk770.3m to Shk778m. Net

November 1998 will debts and the costs of introd-Supersol's net income rose ucing a new credit card. US\$1,421.53 per US\$100,000 12 August 1998

CITIBANCO

# talks with PameWebber

Drescher Basicar Germany that hald exploratory talks with Paintwebber, the US brokerage, as part of its drive to increase its US envestment handing and asset management presence Analysis said a deal with Paintwebber – in which Drescher implicible jeried by Allianz, the German Insurance group which is a big shareholder – could enable the bank to the children in the prescript goal of expanding its US activities. Neither prescript goal or expanding its US activities. Neither breaking within the present wat mached the ment on reports of talks, which have not yet reached the negotiating stage. But banking sources said discussions had taken place noting that Dresdner has constantly reaf-firmed its US ambitions.

Analysis also said Dreadner indicated at a recent analysis meeting that talks were being held on possible deals in Europe and the US. "I would not be surprised if it was talking to PalitetWebber er a variety of US firms," said Neil Crowder, benking analyst at Goldman Sachs. "This does not mean a merger will inevitably take place." Michael Idein, analyst at Sal. Oppenheim, said Allianz and Dresdner could jointly manage a purchase of PaineWebber, at up to \$9bn, with relative case — but it would be a big deal for Dreadner to undertake alone.

55

In New York, PalneWebber shares rose 6 per cent to \$47. In morning trading. With assets under management of some \$55bn, it is primarily a retail brokerage and asset management firm, enjoying only modest success in invest-ment banking. Other potential targets for Dresdner include Donaldson, Lufidn & Jenrette, majority-owned by Axa-UAP of France, and Lehman Brothers, an independent investment bank which has seen a resurgence in profitability. Andrew Flaker, Frankfurt and Tracy Corrigan, New York

#### Bouyques expects uptum

Bouygues, the French construction, television and telecommunications group, yesterday reported a 2.4 per cent advance in first-half turnover and said it expected an upturn in its building and public works activities in the secand six months.

The company, the subject of a simmering feud between the Bouygues family and Vincent Bolloré, a French financier with a streetle group of his own, said its building and public works activity "flas reached its lowest point and should recover during the second half of 1998": It said its order book in the sector stood at FFr22.3bn (\$3.7bn) at end-July 1998, against FFr20.8bn a year earlier.

Bougues reported first-half turnover of FFr43.4bn, against FFr42.4bn in 1997; Construction was one of the parts of the Bouyques business that attracted Mr Bolloré, who has built up a state of 11 per cent in the group. The stares climbed FF16, or 6.8 per cent, to FF1,073, signifi-cantly outperforming the benchmark CAC-40 index which fell another 2:4 per cent. Devid Owen, Paris

#### DIAMONDS

#### Asia affects De Beers

De Beers, the South African diamond mining and investment group which has sought to revive a flagging diamond market by restricting the supply of precious atones; yester-day reported sharply lower profits in the first half of the year. Combined rist earnings of De Beers Consolidated Mines and its Swiss sister company De Beers Centenery fell 57 per cent to \$336m, largely because of lower dismond income. Combined dividends were maintained at 27:4 cents. De Beers blamed the loss of sales in Japan and south-east Asia. Viotor Mallet, Johannesburg

#### **AUSTRIA**

#### Erste Bank ahead 6.5% midway

Erste Bank, Austria's second biggest, increased pre-tax profits 6.5 per cent to Sch2.25bn (\$180m) in the first half of 1998. Net interest income fell to Sch5bn, commission and fee income rose 20 per cent to Sch2bn, and net profit from trading activities rose 12.5 per cent to Sch776m. Operating expenses rose 5.4 per cent to Schillon, and the group's cost/income ratio fell from 73.1 per cent to 72.9 per cent. Erste Bank's shares have outperformed the market since they were floated last December at Sch610.

William Hell, Zurich

Commerzbank Overseas Finance N.V. USD 150,000,000 Subordinated Collared Floating Rate Guaranteed Notes Due 2005 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes the following

-

/ 4

And the second s

Interest Period: August 11, 1998 to February 11, 1999 (184 deys)
Interest Rate: 5.50 % p.a.
Coupon Amount: USD 140.66 per USD 5,000 Note USD 2,811.11 per USD 100,000 Note February 11, 1999

COMMERZBANK SE

Cassa di Risparmio di Verona Vicenza U.S.\$100.000,000 Floating Rate Depositary Receipts Due 1999 Notice is hardly given that the Rote of Interest has been fixed at 5.9375% and that the interest poyotale on the relevant Interest Payment Date of the Victoria Interest Payment Date (Interest Payment) Date (Interest Paymen August 12, 1998, London By: Gilbonk, N.A. (Slobe) Agency & Tradit, Agent Bank CITIBANCO



Notice is hereby given that at 5.5625% per annum from 12 August 1998 to 12 Noon 1998. Interest payable on US\$1,000 note, US\$142.15 per US\$10,000 note and

In secondarios with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hamby given that for the Interest Period Inch. August 12, 1998 to February 12, 1998 the Notes will carry an Interest Palls of 5.46973% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payable on the relevant interest payable on the relevant. By: The Chase Maniattes Sout Lumins, Agest Bank AUDUST 12, 1996 CHASE

U.S. \$100,000,000

Crédit Commercial

de France

rdinated Floating Rule Notes Due 2005



Paying Agent in Sweden:

Svenska Hundelsbanken

Blasicholmstorg, 12 10070 STOCKHOLM

investments'

INVESTMENT TRUSTS OVERSEAS GROUPS TAKE ALMOST ONE-TENTH OF JAPANESE MARKET AS FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT LEAP 120%

# Foreign fund managers surge in Japan

The state of the s

V. W. DIGEST

esdner in explorator

alks with PaineWebber

PRANCE

**CHARGOS** 

ALE TRA

. . .

× – 1

- : - · · ·

**Asia** affects De Beers 

Company of the Compan

September 1997 - State S

Erste Bank ahead 65%

AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON

724

W. Sandana State & State State STREET OF THE AREA SHOWN AND Photo of the Factor of Programme

Bouygues expects upon

The second second

The state of the s

A STATE OF PARTY

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

1000年

F P Dead Dean State

La company and the second second second second Service of the Selection of Company

マイステージン マロ マアコス 情報電流 and the control of the problem in the control of th

った。 Moderate att 2 **編**報

VIII.76233

Foreign financial companies have now seized almost onetenth of the entire Japanese investment trust market, as their funds under management surged 120 per cent during the past year. Total assets under management at the 19 foreign companies rose to Y4,180bn (\$28.5bn) at into the country. Until higher than a month earlier. almost exclusively domi-These companies now control 9.3 per cent of the

onshore investment trust how the recent fall in the Clifford Shaw, president of groups. "I think we have investment trust association

the inroads foreign compalation attracts new groups nated by Japanese brokers...

suading growing numbers of

bonds, which have surged in trast, tend to offer primarily

year ago, the Japanese Japanese economy is per-Management in Japan, said: Mr Shaw said. There are a lot of factors Japanese investors to pur-which favour the foreigners by foreign groups could end Y1,217bn under manage

popularity in Japan in the era suspect the surge will now foreign bonds are flathe end of July, 12.5 per cent recently the market was past year. Japanese asset continue as deregulation per your of the month, but the largest Japanese manag management groups, by con- snades Japanese savers to people are not thinking ers, with Y11,309bn and

market, against 4 per cent a 'yen and the weakness of the Merrill Lynch Mercury Asset only scratched the surface," man Sachs was the largest Others believe the surge

The increase illustrates chase non-yen instruments, at the moment, because we if the Japanese economy ment, Non-Japanese companies offer asset classes which suddenly picks up or the year nies are making in Japanese generally specialise in offer- have done better because the recovers. Edwin Merner, of mutual funds as Japan's ing non-yen instruments, yen has fallen and interest the Atlantis fund, manage. "Big Bang" financial derego- such as European and US rates are low." ment group said: "Japan is a rates are low." ment group said: "Japan is a country of fashion and right move their money out of about the credit risk or for-

foreign investment trust manager, with some

Credit Spisse was the second largest, with Y383bn under management, followed by Alliance, with Y741bn of

Dalwa and Nomura wer Y10,337bn under manage

# Financial big boys of the West go on a 'dating frenzy'

Cross-border alliances rapidly being formed among banks, brokers and finance groups following Big Bang, writes Gwen Robinson

finding an opportunity - pursuing multiple strategies there are too many opportu- including direct retailing. nities," a European investment bank executive said incredible, once things like recently. "The problem is finding the right one."

In just one year, foreign financial groups have moved at astonishing speed into the Japanese financial market, previously dominated by Japan's hig banks, brokers and financial services

Not only have they seen previously impenetrable harriers crumble under Japan's Big Bang" financial reform, but they are now being courted for their marketing know-how and management expertise. The result has been what one broker calls a "financial dating frenzy" across markets, including mptual fonds, consumer credit and insurance.

Japan for us is the big-

or foreign financial side the US," says Bill Wil- was its deal to acquire Lake, with Nikko Securities, one of Y1,200,000bn (\$8,190bn) The growth here will be K-style idefined contribution] pension plans take off." The next big trigger will be the entry in December of Japanese hanks to the mutual fund market, followed by expected deregulation in 2000 of pension

Dians. Western companies must now decide whether to find a domestic partner, or several, or to go it alone.

The biggest western groups have pursued the boldest strategies, buying their way into the market to challenge Japanese competitors head-on.

moves, GE Capital, the financial services arm of the US General Electric group, has made a number of strate-

Mutual, a life assurance service in Japan.

entry by a western group in Nikko. Through its into the country's booming planned \$80bn merger with consumer finance market. Citicorp, Travelers will also This followed a landmark link with Citibenk, the only agreement with .. Toho foreign bank running a retail

Mutual funds account for less than 4 per cent of the country's \$8,190bn

household savings pool. company, to develop and dis-

tribute western-style insurance products. Merrill Lynch became the first : foreign broker to acquire a national retail not- sonnel to its 1.020 staff. work, through the takeover Among the most striking of more than 30 branches and 2,000 staff of the failed Yamnichi Securities.

Travelers Group, mean-

After a difficult start in Japan, Chibank last month announced a one-year plan In an equally bold stup, to intrees in dementic network, from 19 to 30 branches, and add 300 per-

prepare for December's lifting of the ban on banks selling mutual funds directly to clients. Mutual funds while, has formed an invest- account for less than 4 per to nine. By this Decemb gest growth opportunity out- gic acquisitions. Most recent ment banking joint venture cent of the country's when Fidelity will close its

groups, the trouble with der, president of Fidelity Japan's fifth largest con-Japan these days is not investments Japan, which is sumer credit company, and invested \$1.6bn to growth has been rapid in the agent too ment of pursuing multiple strategies marking the first full-scale, acquire a 25 per cent stake past year and the foreign share has soured from 2 per cent to 7 per cent, repres ing Y555bn worth of sales in The biggest growth in the

mutual fund market will be through wholesale channels, osion funds, especially after banks come on line in December. But in terms of percentage growth, retail will probably have the highest growth rates - although it's coming from a very low base," says Mr Wilder.

As an initial step, the government last December allowed banks to rent space to investment companies to sell mutual funds, Since then, when Fidelity opened The big push now is to its first booth in a branch of Sanwa Bank, business has gies to penetrate the Japasurged. The group now operates bootles at branches of six banks and will shortly go appear to matter. "Bigness

banks, it will be well positioned to have its product included in the banks runges of mutual funds. "For us, getting into those banks will be the next big area of competition." Mr Wilder

Cross-border alliances

have lured some of the biggest names, because the "quality partnerships cost money", according to one analyst. Prudential Insurance of America said last month it would spend \$25m or more to form a partnership with Mitsui Trust & Banking to develop and market mutual funds. Among other big groups, Putnam investments of the US, Commerz International Asset Management and Allians have all invested in strate-Dese market.

In the end, size does of name helps." says Mr

#### **NEWS DIGEST**

SHIPBUILDING

### Won's fall helps Samsung Heavy return to black

Samsung Heavy Industries, the South Korean shipbuilder, reported first-half net profits of Won51bn (\$38m), compared with a loss of Won91,3bn a year ago, as a weaker currency boosted export earnings. Sales rose 12 per cent to Won1,970bn. The fall of the won against the dollar is expected to boost first-half profits for Korean shipbuilders, as exports are dollar-denominated. The weaker currency is also expected to lead to new orders. John Burton, Seoul

#### ELECTRONICS

#### Pioneer slides 83%

Pioneer, one of Japan's leading electronics manufacturers, yesterday announced an 82.7 per cent decline in firstquarter net profits after taxes and exceptionals, to Y177m (\$1.3m). Operating profits turnibled 60 per cent to Y780m. The group blamed the results on weak sales in Asia and South America, increased price competition in consumer electronics, and costs associated with a deferred income tax payment. The total tax charge increased 14 per cent from the previous year to Y1.47bn.

However, the group reported steady growth in sales. both at home and overseas. Turnover rose 7.1 per cent to Y139bn, which the company said reflected gains from the

Overseas sales, which were up 8.8 per cent to Y94.7bn, accounted for 68 per cent of turnover. Alexandra Harney, Tokyo

#### LG in talks on copper unit

South Korea's LG Group said it was holding discussions with three foreign bidders on acquiring a stake in LG Metals, its copper smalting unit, as part of a plan to raise \$6.5bn in investment capital from overseas. LG confirmed local media reports that Glencore, the Swiss-based commodify trading company, was one of the potential buyers for the company's facilities in Onsan, South Korea, with a decision expected in autumn.

LG hopes to gain \$15n from the asset sale, which would be one of the largest foreign investments in Korea. The Korean government is pressing LG and other Korean con-glomerates to restructure by disposing of non-essential subsidiaries. John Burton



# Holderbank builds in Asia

That stake is latest move by an overseas group into the region's cement industry, report Ted Bardacke and Sander Thoenes

the latest, but certainly not the last, move by foreign major issue." investors into south-east. Hence the excellent may well take a look at the Asia's hattered cement industry.

devastated businesses, they are focusing not on traditional measures such as supply, demand and investment costs, but on production costs and export potential. The reason is simple. On top of billions of dollars in unhedged foreign debt, the

pacity and a shift to exports that analysis had not expected until the turn of the Before the economic crisis; companies throughout the reasonable profit on cement region were already increas-

industry faces severe overca-

prices high and provided little incentive to export. slashed too: Thailand was are vulnerable to further before the crisis But Chumdown 42 per cent in the first price declines. five months of the year and

the decline is accelerating. while Indonesian cement the first half.

low production costs are cru-. Gresik, a partially privatised in the cement industry. ctal analysts say.

petitive as well, says Timo so buy 16 per cent more on William Burnes in Bangkuk

land's Stam City Cement is pore. "Cross-country cost have been invited to make competitiveness is now a counterbids this month.

esia and more difficult proscement companies pick over sal of the situation in many region's two biggest countries and cement resultate.

Malaysia and the Philippines have also seen a wave of acquisitions led by Holderbank and the world's three other big cement companies, Lafarge of France, Blue Circle of the UK and Cemex of Mexico.

The real gens are in indonesia, which has the only companies in southeast Asia that can make a ers. Gresik's sales rose in the exports, given the collapse of domestic demand. ing supply much faster than the export price to \$21 a in Thailand, some analysts demand, but there was still a tonne - less than half the capacity deficit that kept price of a year ago. That companies, according to Mr King, just about break even Now demand has been on a cash basis and therefore

The three main Indonesian cement companies - Semen profitable. Gresik, Indocement Tunggal companies - the big poten- Prakarsa and Semen Cibitial winners in the new nong, which control 90 per thies you can expert Excess export game - saw sales fall cent of the market - are all 28 per cent to 8.9m tonnes in expected to sell stakes to for- able but adds nothing to the eigners to stay in business. bottom line," he says. "We

To survive, which now indonesian officials in July should have anticipated that often means being taken signed a conditional sales more it would have saved over by a financially sound agreement with Cemex for a us a few hundred infillion overseas group, exports and 35 per cent stake in Semen dollars worth of investment cement plant.

to be domestically competi- more than double the latest not be used further. tive but internationally com- market price. It also offered Additional reporting by

esterday's acquisition by thy King, regional cement the open market at the same Holderbank of Switzer-analyst with Indosuez price to obtain majority conland of a stake in Thal-WL Carr Securities in Singatrol. Holderbank and Lafarge

The losers in this tender long-term outlook for Indon- smaller two companies once Gresik has been sold. But As big international pects for Thalland - a rever- the successful sale of Gresik does not guarantee high bids the carcasses of the region's heavy industries in the for its competitors. Greatk drew much of the attention because it was by far the largest cement company for sale, the only one to report a profit and, before the bid was made valued at \$46 a tonne of capacity, or less than half of its competitors.

Moreover, Indocement and Semen Cibinone have each stopped servicing more than \$900m in offshore debt, while Gresik continues servicing a mere \$250m to offshore lendfirst half, despite falling

say that Siam Cement appears to have hit an export jackpot, having raised exports to 30 per cent of revenues from just 9 per cent pol Na Lambiane, president says the company is barely

"Excess capacity in pulp and paper and other induscement is marginally export which now is a plant which "Companies not only have Cemex offered \$287m, is just sitting there and will

ENTRACTS FROM THE UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 1998

Attributable to the De Beers/Centenary linked units

Difficult trading conditions

♦ Headline earnings down 33% in Dollars (26% in Rand) ♦

◆ Interim dividend maintained in Dollar terms

Year	Half	<del>juk</del>			<del>Lyar</del>	Yes	Year		di-ver	-		∯-vcar	- 3
Dec. 1997	الس	4444		لسا	<b>1997</b>	Dec	Dec. 1907		1998	·	1998	14-57   4-57	. Y
	1771 		• • •	15	Dolbra			ive Randari				i i ollar a	
_		- an	-	-			•			Coded on Amed	٠.	31 ~ HELL 1	ПШЮ
~	11 144	1174	Tupovic	2367	3 902	6 411	40 649	44.475	52 094	Capital employed Lucked and holder' microsis	0.40	4744	
1	2316	1 685	Disposed account	334	510		337	314		Preferred and outside shoreholders' microsis	8 M7 87	71	-
1	744	897	Investment income	166	164	33	43/0	2941		Lone- and medium-term labilities	1 130	160	
9 Da	146 341	70	Inspet income	14	<b>X</b> 57	6	31,295	_	59 343	and an american appropriate to the second		10 370	-
				-		- 1	31270	47.339	37 745		9 844	10 441	)11
	354	1 592		514	तीर	1 135				Represented by			
	303	253	Proyecing and research	<b>59</b>	47	149	2 104		3 60	findage	903	100	- 11
	147	195	interest papalle	45	34 13	4	23691		25 142	increments	A 156	3 4441	41
			Other	39		_	21.34		26 281	Dramond sincles	4 675	4 142	4.
	3 041	1944	Not income before tomains	36	670	893	353	3/1		Store and materials	86	67	
	706	_566	Tension		156	_33	j4 <b>5</b> 51	6 64	1	Clarifoot eacts	734	1 494	-
	2333	1 378	Net income after rotation	273	514	640	14 565	4862	4 293	Current balabas	712	1,000	!
)	(33)	(116)	Assignable to quade shockoldus	(22)	(I)	G	(14)	1733	142	Net carrier parts (baldates)	24	350	
			Region course of annound companies				51 398	47 331	39 383		9 844	10 451	ju :
	791	666	Current todag	133	174	4(6	-	12.774	27 199	Marker subser of head surrements	4 541	8.4/4	4.5
	<b>45</b>	(20)	Epopolemi and assembling	-(49)	94	36			17 274	L'increm' valution of unback un cament.	3 845	3 601	34
	3516	1 694	Total set enalogs	_334	_775	125	3457		3 317	Commission and contract labeless	551	1.00	- 1
	٠.		Retained as					-	69 278	Net age value	11 499		137
	1 198	444	Non-distributable systems	68	264	418				Net aut value per linked mat	2 982c	4.30%	
•	1947	622	Districtly proves	142	467	231				Rand US Dellar proprieted exchange non	RAJE	R4.54	-
	47)	636	Divigioude on Suited voits	184	184	391	Kezer	de ar Th.		year on even beautiful to the second	- March	354	157
	3 516	1494		334	775	1 339	1						
	·									as been operating well and the parties are discussing her respected by a lack of Ressum supply directly			
			Reconciliation of soul not encologs to							the level of production from Amoula	CHARLE SER	L BITTE	7 40
	1516	1'494	Total act comings a shore	336	775	1 229				od the De Been Consolidated Mines and De Heen Co	त्यातामः	gradja .	at qili
	(343)		Exceptional items as above	330	//s (75)	4				necrest in the CSO companies, which have conseque			
	(ara)		Net defeat on scalings on of faced agent and		1.07					n sepon of each group for the current period in le	ides the	te adts a	ef th
		186	investment plus assents wines of laws	21		36				out I April 1996 mend Trading Company (1970) year in the De Br	er the	odelus.	1.54
	(425)	342	Experience and non-testing input of associated companies	49	(94)	(315				an's transver arm redects all sales of touch shanner			
•	279	280	Budie coles	45	106	1 (44	Londo	20d S	oesta Äfri	ca. The combined number figure excludes sales bere	aneri the	test en	up.
-	-	<del>-</del>			_					se on the De Beers Compleheed Mares 171419's cham-e		as jurju	ue V
	380	383	(مجاليم جديد جينية بالأنفية جينيد المانية)	,369	380	340				by the consultation of DTC's working stocks on hand			
										deviced has been maintained in delta term. The meeting in March 1999 by which time the results of th			
	975-	440-	Receivings per Halted suit. Testal are:	-	304c	323				perts for 1999 will be clearer.			
•	734c		Health	SHC SHe	.5496 1596	275	YEAR						
	-276		District	Name of Street,	1200	_/3				Martin - In h 1 com			
	70.0			49.0-	40 m	£4 =	150th 12	e De Be	een Louis wah in-	oldered Manes and De Beers Centernary proups have ex- reasonal best practice, anneal at management the pure	n Ladarin	of hines	artan L
			Per De Benn linkel defennel dure	15.9e 11.5e						on the two groups' operations, trust both marital and			ilec
	E2 6-												
			Per Contentry depository receipt				أحدر عثيا	in the	ic program	nages has been the approximent of deals and texture to	nder was		100121
			Per De Biens/Contenney finited mit	ZJ.Ac	2740		direction	a, respo	nable for,	mages has been the approximates of deck and trans us into this, compelation of investores and complative events as and operating system likely to be affected by indoor	dustries (	of all the	V R

ineix in the diamond industry communt to be affected by global even maker in the USA less grown throughy and growth in other areas, notably the United Kingdom, France, tody and China, means that more than 50 per cent of the global market his grown in local cannoty terms. This growth has bowever, and been sufficient to compensate for the low of take a hours and south east Asia. Notesthemating the CSO tales policy of restricting supply in the baser ha the cating cores begin the year still in an or policy of severely resuscing supply during the first half of 1996 and CSO tales for that period, at \$1 700 million, were 41 per cost below the first half of 1997. The effect has been that upply to the number his been below the level of retail consumptions and outsing course stocks of rough and polished have declined by more than one billion dollers ance July 1997. Although it is will difficult to place these dismosts which used to be sold at Japan and south out Asa, and confidence remains fragile it all the customy countries, while liquidity a particular concests, there is now the prospect of the CSC क्टाराखीतु अपूर्ण y to 3 देखते more मा तिक करेते हराजी व्यक्तिहरू,

	Year Dec. 1997	ij	E-venr lene 1988	•		f-von und 1477	Ye.
١.		ربر اسام				l follar n	
				Capital employed			
•	40 (49	44 (73	52 094	Limited som bolder' microsis	8 b47	4"(4	9.5%
3	337	314	323	Preferred and conside shareholders' assertes	87	70	- 4
	43/8	244	6 636	Long- and medium-term labilities	1 130	hāt)	16%
9	31 295	£2.30v	59 JAD		9 844	10 379	10.54
,				Represented by			
3	3 184	454	3 60	Fordares	903	1010	Ub
ы	2569	2) 494	35 NQ	incomes	4.156	3 441	1303
.	21 940	10 745	28 281	Diamond spels	4 695	4.142	449
	353	3/1	395	Store and materials	66	67	7.
1	j4 <b>5</b> 51	6 614	4 435	Correct ages	734	į 494	93
	4 565	4862	4 293	Current labelions	712	1009	436
0	(24)	1733	142	Net carrier anno skahlaren		350	í
,	51 295	47 3311	29 383		9 844	0.444	111 54
.	34.72	38 334	37 199	Market value of lated processors	4.541	844	489
: 1	14 145	to 395	17 276	Precion' values of university as estimate.	2 848	3600	3 444
٠ ا				Commitments and contingent labilities	551	1.80	710
	th th	74 (44	49 278	Net aux value	13 499	[h 61]	1475
	176140	19 4750	17 %5c	Net aret value per limbed mat.	2 <b>98</b> 2¢	4,30%	Նրի
1	<b>R437</b>	R4.53	R6.02	Rand US Dellar personi end enchange rates	R4.02	R454	Res

mponents and operating systems likely to be affected by information to his day, related a Band on the results of these evaluations, appropriate recorded action, will be taken as provinces. To date, no potential material damptions to the mo groups' operation in a corresponde of Year Manto the parameter honocases agrangly occur, them was somice terpited to most-vandiguous, og edinbutest with the open betweening agrandation to real standard the same price per pole open opening opening agrandation to real standard the parameter of the contract opening opening agrandation of the contract opening openin systems. The operations of the two groups could be affected in the event of minute parties not achieving Year 2010 compliance, but analysis of potential problems wheing undersaken in order to ecabate such miss.

Expenditure by the two groups we the vacuus programmes to date animalis in approximately R23 million (USSS million).

Both the De Beers Councilisted Manes unerum dividend (No. 157) of \$2,0 \$A cents per indeed determed draw and the Centenary Depositary dividend distribution (No. 17) of 11.5 US cents per depositary recent have been declared psychic on Wednesday, 21 October 1946 to baked non-holders registered at the close of business on Friday, 11 September 1998. The registers will be closed from 12 September to 19 September 1998. The full conditions relating to the dividends may be inspected at the offices formationed below as nell as the offices of the South African Transfer Secretaries and the United Kingdom Registrar.

Capies of the interior region and dividend notices will be pasted to linked unit holders on or about 13 August 1998 and will also be available from the following effices: DE BEERS CONSOLIDATED MINES LOUITED DE BEERS CENTENARY AG



(Imagestei in die Republic of South Africa) (Compley Registration No. 11/8007/91) aberley, South Africa

London BC1N 6QP, England

en marian protesti i en la compania de la compania La compania de la co

CH-6000 Luzern 14, Switzerland The interior results may be interest on the Internet through an independent garact pareider at http://www.eduta.co.zu

finary events I under the laws of Supportunis



larger US record retailers. Until now, Torrance's activities outside its core chain next year.
interests have been concenmedia and entertainment The video chain

trated in just seven states. It will gain a far wider regional spread of interests by adding the Blockbuster Music outlets, which are dispersed across 33 states.

For Viacom, which owns MTV networks and the Paramount movie studio, the disposal of Blockbuster Music is in line with its strategy of

interests.

ENTERTAINMENT SALE WILL MAKE CALIFORNIA-BASED WHEREHOUSE ONE OF THE LARGEST US RECORD RETAILERS

Viacom recently sold the Simon & Schuster book publishing business to Pearson, the UK media group which owns the Pinancial Times,

Having sold Blockbuster Music, it is considering the final decision. possibility of selling or spinning off its Blockbuster Viacom intends to time the

reducing its debt by selling Entertainment video rental transaction for the fourth been unofficially up for sale The video chain, which is reasons.

considerably larger than Blockbuster Music, includes 4,000 stores in the US and 2,000 elsewhere. Viacom affirmed yesterday

If it decides to go ahead, inventory value.

quarter of 1999, for tax ever since Viacom bought

Until recently, Blockbuster Entertainment was one of Viacom's weaker divisions, but its performance is reported to have improved that the disposal was still after a restructuring exercise under consideration, but which involved Viacom tak-said it had yet to make a ing a \$437m charge in the first half to write down its

Blockbuster Music has

But partners and investors

benefit from the cashing-in

of Goldman's partnership

that the spoils of the offering

should be shared as widely

In an internal memo on Monday, he and Mr Paulson

said that one of the objec-

tives of the change in struc-

ture was "sharing ownership

benefits and responsibility more broadly" among

bout 86bn of the value

of the firm will be

Ispread among all

employees below partner

level, who will receive 50 per

cent of their 1998 compensa-

tion and a set amount for

each year they have worked

senior staff will receive sub-

stantially less than partners.

but the best rewarded could

gain more than \$10m. Never-

theless, the wealth creation

for lower-paid employees is

expected to be substantial,

though not on a per with the

millionaires created by

options in Microsoft and

other high-tech companies.

wealth, Goldman's manage

Under this system, even

at Goldman.

strongly from the begins

Mr Corzine has argued

Blockbuster Entertainment five years ago.

However, until recently Viacom's hopes of finding a buyer were impeded by the weakness of the US music market and the instability of the record retailing sector. The market has strengthened since the start of this

purchasing Blockboster Music, which achieved profits before interest and tax of \$1.9m in 1997 on turnover of

The deal is scheduled for completion in the fourth quarter of this year.

Sumner : Redstone, - Via com's chairman, said it would "enhance Blockbust-er's] ability to focus on what

# **GeoCities** higher in trading

After a delay caused by US stock market terbulence. GeoCities, the online community of chat pages and erstmal web sites, launched its initial public offering yes-

The stock, one of the most of the summer, opened in early afternoon at \$88 a share on the Nesday, almost twice the other price of \$17. Expeciations had mounted since the share price was reliably twing before the other. ing. The offering of 4.75m theres was expected to be priced at between \$12 and \$14 a share, but was

increased late on Monday to However, soon after open ing yesterday, the share price fell to near the \$32. "It's being hurt by the broader market, said Ken Fleming. IPO analyst at Renaissance Capital in Greenwich Connecticut. "When the Nasdao is off 50 points it's hard for a technology stock to have a block-

buster opening." US shares plunged in early trading as a broad-based sell-off gripped the market and by early afternoon the

"This is probably going to make people littery about committing to after-market positions in the stock," said David Menlow, president of the IPO Financial Network in Springfield New Jersey.

Monica California, operates one of the most popular web sites, which offers users a

ny's solid name-recognition lysts to expect one of the strongest IPO openings of

# Market turmoil hits Mexican finance stocks

by Henry Tricles in Mexico City

Mexico's largest financial groups saw shares pummelled yesterday as turmoil in worldwide emerging marest rates and led to fears of steep trading losses.

Bank valuations were also hit by a growing controversy cue of the banking system in the wake of the 1995 eco-

Opposition parties blocked the government's efforts to absorb the cost of the ballout which has raised questions about the fate of emergovernment

banks in lieu of bad loans. The widely traded B shares of Mexico's two largest banking groups, Grupo Financiero Bancomer and Banacci, owner of Banamex. were down more than 10 per Their prices are at less than half the peak reached in early May, sharply underperforming the Mexican market, vhich has also slumped.

have ignored improvements in the two banks' core business of lending in recent quarters to focus on the bad,

In the second quarter.

economy. Their past-due loans, which crippled the system during the 1995-97 hanking crisis, also fell.

Instead, attention has centred on the banks' vulnerability to swings in interest rates, especially because of their impact on the cost of funding in the interbank market, where banks acquire overnight loans to support lending. Higher rates also raised fears of new loan

On Monday, Banco de Mexico, the central bank. moved to tighten liquidity to shore up the peso and head off inflationary fears.

Investors have also steered clear of bank stocks because of the controversy over Fobapros, the contingency fund that spent 14.5 per cent of GDP bailing out the banks in the last three years, giving banks zero-coupon notes as cent at midday yesterday, assets in exchange for acquiring part of their loan portfolios.

"The whole Fobsproa issue has cast a cloud over the banks because no one knows Analysts say investors how it's going to affect them," said Paul Warme, bank analyst at Paribas in

"The question now is whether the government will have to renegotiate these both reported significant [Fobsproa] agreements, and loan growth, albeit in the if so, to what extent." .

# Goldman Sachs aims to spread the IPO speils

Firm's 189 partners will each receive at least \$40m but even junior staff will enjoy windfalls, says Tracy Corrigan

n an era when the spread the partnership has not been stock, will most likely take of stock options and the financially motivated have Goldman mock. rapid rise of the stock mardented riches for executives of many US companies, the take the firm public, the conversion of Goldman most recent being two years Sachs into a publicly quoted company will nevertheless be an unusual exercise in wealth creation.

Goldman Sachs, whose partners formally voted on Monday to abandon 130 years of partnership, will raise \$3bn-\$5bn in an initial public offering this autumn. But this represents only 10-15 per cent of the total value of the firm, estimated at \$25-\$30bn. And since the IPO will inevitably be followed by secondary offerings, the total value of the company - currently owned by partners, retired partners and a few outside investors,

in the run-up to the flota-Co-chairmen Jon Corzine and Hank Paulson, who have backed the shift to public status, have been eager to peint the move as strategically motivated.

including Japan's Sumitomo

Bank - is being divvied up

The firm, they argue, needs the greater flexibility of a public company's capital structure to remain competitive in a global financial market, although they say they do not envisage embarking on a trail of big

GNI

ED&F MAN DIRECT

some credibility, since partners have in the past repeatedly rejected proposals to

ners each stand to gain windfalls totalling at least \$40m, with senior partners eetting as much as \$100m and top executives around

These numbers are based on estimates which value the firm at about 3.5 to 4 times its book value of \$7bn. The exact carve-up will not be clear until the pricing of the IPO.

Of the existing \$7bn of capital, about \$1.2bn is invested by limited partners, mainly those who have retired from the firm and receive interest They have 10 days from

Monday's vote to decide whether to cash out their investments at 1.25 times book value; to take Goldman stock at 1.55 times book value, which they would then have to hold for a set period: or take an eight-year debenture at book value paying 12 per cent annual In addition, the company's

capital also consists of about \$1.5bn owned by external investors including Sumitomo Bank.

All Futures, Options & Margined Forex

☎ 0500 565717

Petroleum Argus

OFFSHORE COMPANIES • BY LAWYERS •

REAL-TIME ELECTRONIC FOREX DEALING

WANT TO KNOW A SECRET?

The LD.S./G.M.L. Seminar will show you how the markets REALLY work. The

iones of the legendary W.D. Gang can increase your p

E-Mail: roder2 iforex-cinc co.uk + Tel: 144 (0) 1962

Argus Gas Connections

BOOK YOUR FREE PLACE PRONE 0161 474 9080

TRADE FUTURES

www.forex-cmc.co.uk

ternational tix planning firm, offers (ull service.
leten Harper, LLB 0+ON8) Talt + 46171 882 2224
dear Murphy B.Comm. Talt + 3831 682 1388
fishere@s-tgruu\_cus Websits-way.scigrop.see
90-100 STDNEY ST, LONDON SWS SKL, OX

ment must be hoping that People familiar with negothe distribution of equity Their protestations that tiations believe that Sumi- throughout the firm will the debate over abandoning tomo, which holds preferred help maintain a cohesive



culture, which competitors, and Mr Paulson these boards are hoping the change in directors are John Thain, structure will shatter. Previous shifts from permership to public company at Morgan Stanley and Salomen Brothers proved divisive and resulted in a number of

new board of directors.

chief financial officer, Roy Zuckerberg and Robert Hurst, vice chairman, and John Thornton, head of .. Details of the initial public

departures from both firms. -- effecting of 10-15 per cent will as part of its shift towards, only be revealed when the a public company structure, company files with the Secu-Goldman has named the six sities and Exchange Commembers of its executive mession later this month or committee as members of its in early September, and in a in addition to Mr Greine, to be filed in early October.

stall

**4.** المجاذب

IMPORTANT: NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS **AND FORMER SHAREHOLDERS** 

Urai Caspian Oil Corporation Limited

The New Schibaleff Petroleum Company Limited The Grozny-Sundja Oil Fleids Limited The North Caucasian Oil Fields Limited

(together the "Russian Companies") Any person who was a holder of shares in one or more of the Any person who was a holder of shares in one or more of the Fussian Companies on 2nd May, 1986 or heir to a holder at that date, since deceased is requested to contact The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. ("The Trustes") as Trustee for the Beneficiaries (as defined in a Declaration of Trust dated 2nd May, 1986), with reference to certain arrangements regarding Flussian Companies compensation moneys at the address below. Your latter abouted contains of their departments of the date of the date.

Any shareholder who has received a letter from the Trustee in this connection, is requested to ignore this notice. Any holder of bearer shares in The North Caucasian Oil Fields Limited will be required to sign a Declaration that he held such bearer shares on 2nd May, 1986 (or that he is the personal representative or heir of such a person). The form of such Declaration is available on application to the Trustee at the

letter should contain details of your shareholding as at that date.

The Trust Manager The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.Lo. Princes House London, EC2V 7L1

NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA

US\$ 250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1999

In accordance with the Description of the Notes, notice is here-by given that for the Interest Period from August 12, 1998 to November 12, 1998 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of

The Interest Amount payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, November 12, 1998 will be US\$ 150.46

per US\$ 10,000 principal amount

per US\$ 100,000 principal

12th August, 1998

# **Philip** Services falls into the red

By Scott Merrison in Teronto

Philip Services' woes continued to mount yesterday after the Canadian waste munagement company reported a second-quarter loss of US\$73m, or 56 cents a share, owing to low commodities prices and higher than expected restructuring costs.

The company said it lost 3 cents a share excluding extraordinary items, while analysts had expected earnings of 2 cents a share before special charges. Philip posted earnings of US\$7.5m. or 11 cents a share, during

the same period last year. The earnings report is the latest blow for the company, which has been beset by copper trading losses, account-ing inaccuracies, large debt obligations, a plummeting share price and lawsuits

filed by investors. Philip had revenues of US\$686m in the quarter com-pared with US\$354m last year, reflecting a series of recent acquisitions. But it was affected by low prices for the metals it sells and by falling crude prices, which led to the deferral of maintenance work at refineries serviced by Philip's industrial services group.

The company took a US\$43m loss for the quarter associated with liquidating its copper inventories. The group is trying to return to profitability and reduce debt by selling its metals operations, which account for more than half of revenues. The company incurred US\$1.1bn in obligations to finance its rapid expansion.

Philip said a portion of its long-term liabilities had been reclassified as a current liability, given that it did not comply with some loan obligations. The group said it was trying to reach stand-still agreements with its creditors to allow time to complete the sale of its metals operations assets.

Philip's shares were down 15 cents at C\$3.75 in late morning trading in Toronto. The shares have fallen more than 85 per cent from their 52-week high of C\$27.90 since the copper trading losses

### helps Wal-Mart surge ment, real wage growth and perisons resulting from last high levels of spending in year's solid performance." By Richard Tomkins

Strong US economy

la liter York

Wal-Mart Stores, the US discount store operator. recorded another surge in profits in its second quarter to July, helped by the continued strength of US conmmer spending.

Net profits shot up 30 per cent from \$795m to \$1.034bn, the first time the company has recorded a profit of more than Sibn outside the peak Christmas season.

Earnings per share rose from 35 cents to 46 cents, beating analysts' forecasts of 44 cents. But the shares eased \$% to \$62\frac{1}{2} in early afternoon trading as shares tumbled across the board. US retailers are benefiting

domestic economy, which

from the strength of the

has led to low unemploy- because we face strong com-

its aggressive expansion. It has also attracted more customers into stores by offering goods people want at affordable prices.

Wal-Mart has been doing

particularly well because of

Second-quarter sales rose by 18 per cent to \$83.5bn. Sales at stores open a year or more rose by 9.5 per cent, comprising a 9.3 per cent increase at Wal-Mart stores and a 10.3 per cent increase at the Sam's Club member-

ship warehouses. David Glass, chief executive, said the company was "excited" about the earnings growth achieved in the first half of the year, but spoke of "tempering" enthusiasm for the second half "purely

However, Mr Glass said the company expected thirdquarter results to be in line with, or slightly better, than analysis' expectations. Analysts surveyed by the First Call research service are predicting third-quarter earnings per share of 41 cents.

Operating profits in the Wal-Mart stores division rose 27 per cent to \$1.8bn in the second quarter, while in the Sam's Club division, they rose by 19 per cent to \$173m.

In the international division, which now comprises Wal-Mart's recently acquired German operations as well as those in Argentina, Brazil, Canada, China, Kores, Mexico and Puerto Rico, operating profits rose from \$27m to \$124m.

# Textron plans European buys

By John Authors in New York

Textron, the US industrial. and finance company, is planning an aggressive acquisitions campaign in Europe, using the proceeds of the \$3.9hn sale of its Avco Financial Services unit to Associates First Capital.

announced yesterday.

Avco specialises in consumer lending, and the sale completed Textron's exit from the retail financial services business in the US. It had also previously held a life assurance company.

The deal will provide Textron with after-tax proceeds of \$2.9bn. While 40 per cent of this will be used for repurchasing

shares, the remainder will be used for acquisitions. At present, Europe accounts for 17 per cent of Textron's total annual revenues, and it aims to increase this to 40 per cent within

three years. The company added that it was also interested in exploring opportunities for cheap purchases in Asia, where it does not have as significant a presence. Any acquisitions will prob-

ably be "bolt-ons" to its existing industrial, aircraft and automotive businesses which include Cessna aircraft and Bell helicopters. It also has an industrial financing business. It will aim to retain a

broad portfolio of businesses so that it avoids reliance on specific industries with long product cycles. Associates First is one of the largest US consumer

finance companies and was spun off from Ford earlier this year. The acquisition gives it a retail presence in several

new markets outside the US, including Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong and India, and continues its own aggressive acquisitions campaign.

The deal, which will take about six months to complete, will leave The Associates with a loan portfolio of about \$72bp.

The deal priced Avco at 3.3 times book value, roughly the norm for retail financial services deals in the last

Textron was jointly advised by Goldman Sachs and J.P. Morgan.

# **Brewers** break off alliance

By Rivyround Collin to Company

Belgium's interbrew and Venezuela's Cisperos group have ended a strategic alliance that aimed to conquer a 15 per cent share of the Latin American beer market, an official close to Cisperos said yesterday.

"There were different views on how to develop the market," the official said, insisting that the separation was "on friendly terms".

The alliance, formed last November, was to have invested \$2bn over five years to penetrate the Latin American beer market - one of the world's fastest growing. with an expected annual growth rate of 5 per cent. The two companies had celebrated the link-up as a unique marketing approach

to promote local rather than global brands. Regional, the Cisneros Group's Venezuelan brewer

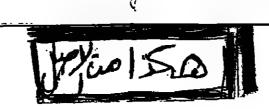
that was to have been the springboard for the alliance, claims it has met its growth target and increased its market share in Vonezuela from 8 per cent to 17 per cent over\_ the past 10 months.

OF YEN 15,000,000,000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 2005 ISSUED BY COMUNIDAD DE MADRID Comunidad de Madrid, pursuant to Condition 6 (b) of "Terms and Conditions of the Notes", hereby give irrevocable notice to the Noteholders of the redemption of all of the Notes, at their principal amount, on the Interest Payment Date falling on the 30th of September, 1998. Comunidad de Madrid CONSEJERIA DE HACIENDA

REDEMPTION NOTICE



Ł



mevick in

HEALTHCARE COMBINED ANGLO-NORWEGIAN GROUP SEES 8% INTERIM RISE AS PRODUCT MIX IMPROVES

. Tough tune to call

# Merger savings help lift Nycomed Amersham

SANS SAL LINES.

\$115m

 $G^{\epsilon_0 C^{\dagger\!\!\!/}}$ 

7743

1 425

1.023

1725

1.32

1231

ies arra Emp

. S economy

Wal-Mart sun

Nycomed Amersham, the merger. Combined with by 0.9 per cent to 5197.1m. Anglo-Norwegian diagnostic strong growth in its imaging imaging and biotechnology company, yesterday reported an 8 per cent rise in first-half (\$188.1m), driven by a combination of merger savings and an improved product

The company realised

total cost savings of 19m in

largest business unit, this an 8 per cent rise in first-half helped raise operating profit ing profits to £17.1m, pre-tax profits to £114m by 7 per cent to £127.8m com-reflecting a one-off profit £119.6m last time.

Sales fell to £667.9m had not maintained the in the US market. years because of uncertain-The company's life science ties in the former Soviet.

the six mannes to June 30 business, Amersham Pharm- Union and investments in pany saw turnover in two of from the effects of last year's acia Biotech, lifted its sales new product launches. "The company did a little

Pharma, the pharmaceutibit better than market conproducts, the company's cals business, showed a 0.6 sansus," said Bruce Diesen, per cent increase in operatanalyst at DnB Markets in Oslo. The imaging division did better than expected as pared with a pro forms from a disposal Bill Castell, people were talking about chief executive, said Pharma price pressures in the US on momentum of the past few has come out with new prod-

its newer imaging products. iodine seeds and Myoview, replacing Omnipaque as the main revenue contributor. Myoview, a heart imaging

agent, is expected to reach sales of 250m next year, as would sales of the iodine seeds used in the treatment its imaging products. But it of prostrate cancer, said Flemming Thorup, Nycomed Amersham imaging senior-

£19.7m in the first half and iodine seeds reached £18.7m. Omnipaque accounted for imaging business from a total turnover £115.8m at the X-ray contract media busi-

A dividend of 1.8p was declared, payable out of earnings per share of 10.4p (9.5p). The shares fell 7 p to

# **Offshore** moves forced on S&N

Smith & Nephew, Europe's largest medical equipment company, yesterday said the strength of sterling had forced it to move 10 per cent of its UK manufacturing

operation overseas.

Mr Chris O'Donnell, chief executive, said the relocations - mainly to France, but also to South Africa and Indonesia - had seen the company run down its UK workforce by between 2 and 3 per cent in each of the past

Smith & Nephew highlighted its moves out of the UK as it unveiled a first-half decline in pre-tax profits of 11 per cent, to £71.9m (\$119m), on sales down 1.5

per cent at £516.9m. Adverse currency movements had out first-half profits by £9m and were likely to knock £15m from full-year earnings, the group said.

Unlike the textile and clothing industry, which has also been moving out of the UK, Smith & Nephew is a high-technology manufacturer. "If it had not been for the strength of sterling, this production could and would have been happening in the UK," Mr O'Donnell said.

The group had also suffered what it described as "a very significant setback" in the first half, with the failure to secure US regulatory approval for its first biotechnology product, Dermagraft.

The US Food and Drug Administration said it head of the Pillsbury food were known to oppose the than had been collected in (\$4.3m) of shares, Jack the first round of clinical trials. The combination of new clinical trials and adverse currency movements had cut the group's operating profit margins from 17.5 to 15.9 per cent over the last year.

As a result, Smith & Nephew's primary focus had shifted away from achieving growth through blue-sky technologies. It was now concentrating on improving its profitability, said Mr

# COMMENT

**BOC** 

BOC's restructuring was BOC Group expressed in grandiose lanmore prosaic. The plans include a big fob-shedding exercise, which accounts for nearly half BOC's chunky £267m restructuring charge. There is also a mystery 194m goodwill write-down - breakdown undisclosed. Staff cuts should probably save around 090m, so butting the target of annual savings of £120m in two years looks achievable once IT benefits and disposals of poorly performing businesses are thrown in. Even essumme some savings are

handed to customers through lower prices, the shake-up should still get the group to its 16 per cent margin target and yield a return on assets that clears BOC's cost of capital at last, But BOC's rivals are not standing still. Most are already implementing the changes BOC is grappling with, like making its businesses more customer-focused and benchmarking products internationally. It would be a shame, therefore, if BOC stopped here. And for investors to overcome their current distaste for all things chemical, BOC will need to woo them with a share buy-back. After all, it netted £640m for its healthcare business earlier this year and seems reluciant to spend it on acquisitions.

#### National Power

Senior management at National Power cannot be sleeping easy in their beds these days, as rumours circulate of a consortium led 17bn bid for the company.

But it is hard to see how the deal could create value at the 600p level - valuing National Power at 27.3hn - as most break-up valuations suggest a price considerably lower. That assumes a generous valuation of National Power's international business of say £2,2bn or 1.5 times book value. Throw in £4.7bn for National Power's generating assets and £650m. for its lease income on other plants, subtract debt of £1.2bn and the break-up value is 520p a share. Of course, some bidders, such as a regional electricity company, may feel they can create value through vertical integration.

A second issue also raises problems: the government, is keen for the company to shed assets. A bid at this stage could disrupt negotiations. On the other hand, it could be a useful gun to National Power's head.

# Diageo fends off shareholders

Two leading shareholders in Diageo voted against the food and drinks company's executive incentive scheme at yesterday's annual meet-

ing.
The long-term incentive scheme could result in three top US-based executives being awarded bonuses of name the two institutions 450 per cent of their annual salary.

ded more information division, receive \$2.65m Keenan, head of United Dis-tillers, £2.3m, and Dennis Malamatinas, head of Burger King, £2.1m.

UK-based directors would be in line for more modest

bonuses. The scheme applies to the top 1.000 executives worldwide. It requires Diageo to improve its total shareholder return against a group of 19 other global consumer com- 150 per cent of salary, droppanies but proved controver-

ers, led by Standard Life, suggested the criteria were not sufficiently demanding. The company said that, of 1.86bn shares voted on the scheme, 1.86bn were in

favour and 200m against. The votes were 89 to 11 per cent in favour of adopting the scheme. The company declined to

whose votes were cast against, but both Standard That could see Paul Walsh, Life and Norwich Union

The incentive scheme runs from 1998-2000 and will pay out in March 2001.

The three IIS executives will receive shares equal to 450 per cent of salary if Diageo is in the top three of the league table of consumer companies, 300 per cent if it is in the top five, and 100 per cent if it is in the top 10, The maximum pay-out for

UK-based executives will be ping to 50 per cent of salary sial because some sharehold- for a top 10 rating.

# Boosey & Hawkes looks to sustain those high notes

Christopher Swann finds the market. looking for signs of strong sales growth

he diamond the of a computerised engraving justitutions, restoring Boosmachine etches the Besson brand on to a trumpet at the Boosey and Hawkes factory in Edgware, north London. Efficiency gains from adopting such specialist engineering equipment helped make the instrument maker and music publisher a star performer on the UK stock market in the early 1990s. However, having recently survived the threat of sale or break-up, Boosey may now struggle to justify its generous pie ratio of 20.5. Richard Holland, the chief executive who nursed the company back to health in

the upside of the business is far from exhausted. Tried and tested strategies hold in the short term. First, the company,

Europe's largest musical instrument maker, must overcome the legacy of a year of uncertainty which ended only in May. The shadow was cast by the protracted change in ownership of its largest share-

In spite of interest from EMI and Sony, attracted in . part by Boosey's unrivalled

broking group, said yester-day that it had designed an

insurance product to help

cap the liabilities it faces

from the government's

the shares to be placed with ey's independence.

ing period the strength of sterling and turmoil in Asia were taking the shine off the company's strong growth. Mr Holland accepts there

is ground to make up. "Between negotiating with a line up of trade buyers, dealing with advisers and devising our own scheme, we inevitably had less time to run and develop the business," says Mr Holland. Precious acquisition opportunities slipped through Boosey's fingers. Despite this, pre-tax prof-

its for 1997 increased 14 per cent to £8.1m (\$13.4m) onturnover of £94.8m - well below the 20 per cent comthe key, he says. Yet it is pound growth average difficult to see where significant exhieved between 1989 and cant growth will come from 1996. Merrill Lynch, company brokers, expect this to slow to 5 per cent this year. Most of the group's profit growth has come from mar-

gin improvement rather

than sales growth. As instrument craftsmen have been supplemented by machine have risen from 5 per cent in holder, the US publisher 1993 to 11 per cent in 1997. Carl Fischer. But sales have risen by a less speciacular 35 per cent. Mr Holland is determined that the increasing use of catalogue of 20th century machines, tools and tech- taking its share of the niques posched from the engineering sector, as well

tinue this process. "But at 11 Hardman of Hardman and Co, the equity analysis. "If the company cannot get for-

run out of growth." musical instruments is growing, but slowly. In Asia, home to Boosey's principal manufacturing competitor, Yamaha of Japan, it is more feeble still. Demand is growstrong pound and a weak yen makes Boosey's task a totten one.

ward motion on sales it will

Yet over the past five years Boosey has lifted US sales by 20 per cent a year instrument market there from 2 to 8 per cent. Boos-

acquisitions. Rivals are largely small and family owned. Independence may tools; operating margins ing fastest in the US. But a matter more than profit to meny. Nor can the publishing is indicative of the long-term division be expected to inject nature of the business. much dynamism. The - Despite the energy and

ey's strong portfolio of instrument brands com-

mands half the European

market for some of its prod-

ucts and gives a strong plat-

form for growth. However,

this is a long-term prospect

and may only mask a decline

in east Asia - where the

A resolution of the Fischer

issue enables Boosey to

resume its search for

group made a loss last year.

amulty-like income derived skill of from Boosey's collection which hosts the works of return to the heady growth Rakhmaninov, Elgar and rates of the early 1990s Stravinsky – will grow, but

Sedgwick insures against mis-selling By Jim Kelly ing an exceptional charge of placed with insurance companies in London and Ber Sedgwick, the insurance scenario to meet claims over muda.

Charles Landa at SG Securities said: "They've been months to June 30, including very sensible. Analysts "We have put together the a total exceptional charge of

at a pedestrian rate. Royalty

income from CD sales.

providing a quarter of

publishing revenue, is declining as consumers

complete the process of

converting vinyl collections.

True. Boosey managed to

engineer the success of

Gorecki's Third Symphony,

which topped the classical

charts. It has also signed up

many promising composers

But a sanguine acceptance

that, despite skilful

promotion, many new

signings will not make much

money until after their death

management, therefore, a

seems a distant prospect.

Boosey's

months to June 30, including very sensible. Analysts pension transfers - but now when have put together the a total exceptional charge of expected that the 235m pro-had insurance cover for a biggest belt and braces we \$77m, were £16.9m (£66.5m vision they had indicated and this is an innovative solution to the problem. The review of pension mis-sell-ing.

Sax Riley, chairman, said showed profit before tax and showed profit before tax and tad a strong last quarter, aging given the appalling trading conditions."

Prints for electricity disturbance for the purposes of the stockholy pushing test softeness arrangements in England and Walte.

# Sax Riley, Chairman, said showed product bed been exceptional items of 280.1m said Mr Riley. Kingfisher plays waiting game

further £37m and an option could find," said Mr Riley.

 Kingfisher's terse statement envisage an offer for Castoin France, smacks more of dinlomacy than reality.

The group took six years to get its hands on Darty. two years to build a controloperator.
In both cases, the UK

retail conglomerate, which owns B&Q, Comet and Woolworths, held talks about strategic alliances long before it clinched any deals. Kingfisher has had on/off talks with the family. Kingfisher could repeat forecasts that Castorama controlled Castorama group for several years. The most

recent began just a couple of weeks ago and the companies' statements admitted only to discussions about "the commercial benefits of

rama, the leading DIY chain international joint ventures trying to expand abroad.

on £25m more.

the number one French elec- is prepared to play the long probably the strongest of all trical retailer, and a further. game. He had to live with ling stake in another big decision to buy Darty in 1993

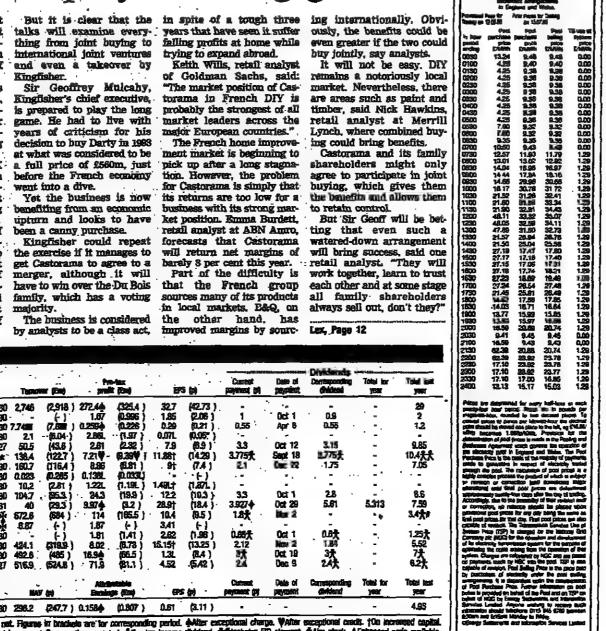
The shares closed 2p up at announced along with sec. The interim dividend was

But it is clear that the in spite of a tough three ing internationally. Obviyesterday that it did not talks will examine every years that have seen it suffer ously, the benefits could be envisage an offer for Casto thing from joint buying to falling profits at home while even greater if the two could

profits). Losses per share

The provision was were 1.3p (8.4p sarnings).

nding Yotel for Total last



# **CONTRACTS & TENDERS**

République du Congo Ministère des Finances et du Budget

TENDER FOR THE SELECTION OF A PRE-SHIPMENT INSPECTION COMPANY

The Government of the Republic of Congo invites scaled proposals from internationally reputable companies for the provision of PSI services covering imports and some exports. Interested companies will be required to submit their bid in one original and three copies to the Ministry of Finance and Budget, in Brazzaville in two separate scaled envelopes:

Envelope "A" will contain technical data to be used for prequalification Envelope "B" will contain price proposals

Tenders must be received at: Ministry of Finance and Budget, Office of Mr. Kaba Mbousla before 15 September 1998 at 12:00 noon, when public opening will take place.

Proposals should remain valid up to 16 November 1998. They must contain a bid bond worth CFA francs 30.000.000 (thirty Million) or its equivalent in convertible currency, established in the name of the Ministry of Finance and Budget. Bid bond is liable to forfeiture, should the Bidder chose to withdraw his/her bid between the time of the public bids opening and the expiry of the validity period, or fail to accept and sign the contract established in terms with his/her proposal by the Ministry of Finance and Budget

Interested companies can apply for a copy of the Request for Proposals from one of the following sources through a formal request on Company stationary signed by an authorized representative;

Mr. Kaba Mbouala **Economics Advisor** Ministère des Finances et du Budget Brazzaville

Tel: 242 41 12 66 Fax: 242 81 41 45

ICS. (the SWIPCO Group) 4. rue de la Paix 1003 Lausanne, Switzerland Tel: 41 21 318 8230 Fax: 41 21 318 8231

and the second second of the second second

1101 30th Street NW Suite 305 Washington, DC 20007 Tel: (202) 333-0092 (202) 333-0109



April 18 Comment

an buys

;-- -2.17

41.0

...

Brenen

 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

- - - '

working together".

RESULTS

evestment Trusts

es (a) Mercury Grossenor \_ 6 miles to June 20 296.2 (247.7 ) 0.1584 (0.807 ) 0.61 (3.11 ) -

4.95 Earnings shown basic. Dividends shown not. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. Value exceptional credit. (On increased capital. "After educational to stare spik. After education of the comparatives restated. Afterior income dividend. Aftercises FID element, &Am stock, &Entended acrip available. Acknowledges pro forms. For nine months to December 31 and after adjustment for share spik and acrip issue.

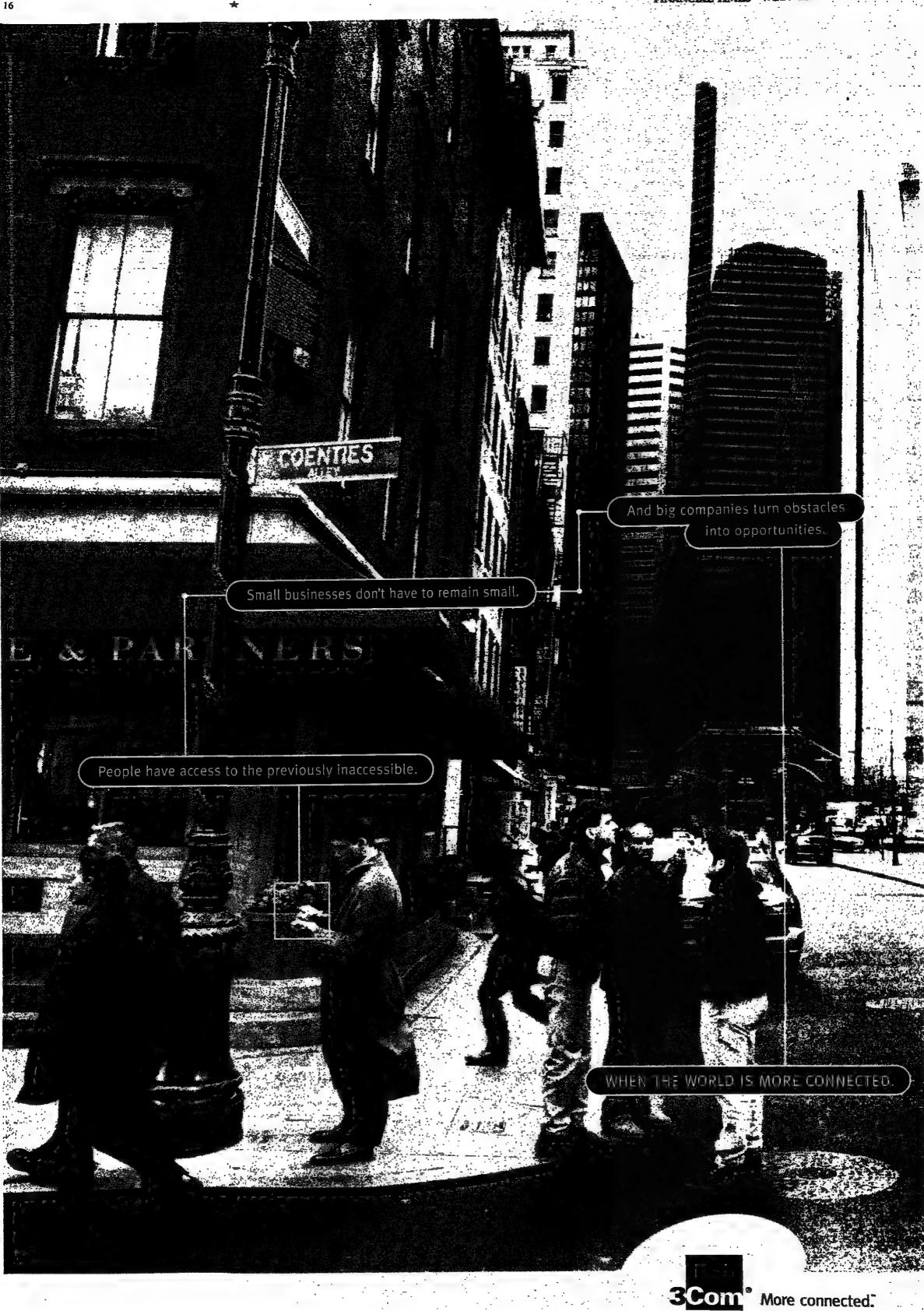
Date of Corresponding

hing

ALK.

31088

antic



People are informed. Businesses grow without chaos. And change doesn't intimidate. In the more connected world, networks are fluid and dynamic. And information goes wherever people go—because that's where the work gets done. No one knows that world better than 3Com. After all, it was our invention of Ethernet that got people connected in the first place. And we're already developing technologies to drive the converged networks of the future. Of course, after two decades and over 100 million customer connections, we know that there's a whole lot more to being connected than simply getting connected. With that in mind, we're building intelligent networks that allow large enterprises to manoeuvre more quickly and manage more confidently. Network access solutions that enable service providers to deliver more services with more reliability. Network-ready products that help growing companies do more with less. And personal connectivity tools that offer individuals more speed, more freedom, and more ways to enrich their lives. From the heart of the network to the palm of your hand, 3Com connects more people and more businesses, in more ways, than any other networking company in the world. To find out how you can get more connected, visit us at www.3Com.com/moreconnected.

My in ISO

### By Virginia Marsh

Yesterday's deal propels BP and Amoco from what Sir John Browne, BP's chief executive, described as being at the "top of the second division" into the super ague previously inhabited by Royal Dutch/Sheil, the Angle-Duich group, and Exxon of the Its

The new group, to be headquartered in the UK and run by a board dominated 13 to nine by BP, will become one of the world's top three gas production, reserves and

It will also become the

Shell and BASF of Germany. In oil and gas, again after place," Sir John said. Shell, it will become the world's second-largest off and gas producer with 29m barrels of oil equivalent a day, and the second-blogest

in terms of reserves with

14.8bn boe compared with

the Anglo-Dutch group's

in refining, the deal will give it capacity close to Exxon's at about 2.9bn barrels a day although it will still be some way behind Shell on 4.46bn.

However, for both Larry Fuller of Amoco, who is set to be come co-chairman of the entered group, and Sir further synergies will

to settle for an easy third He claimed the extra

financial muscle of the combined company, and the cost savings it would rean would make its products cheaper He also pledged more choice for consumers,

although the tle-up is unlikely to mean moturists paying less for their petrol. By the end of the 2008 the companies say they hope to close the deal this year the aim is to cut annual costs by at least \$2hn at the pre-tax earnings level and they hope considerable

emerge once the merged

Of the initial \$2000, some \$1.25bn will come from 1,200 staff in thew UK. organisational and operational rationalisation includ-

ing about 6,000 redundancles, some 6 per cent of the combined workforce. A further \$300m will be saved on more focused exploration while better buying will cut

Most of the job cuts will be in the US, but the company admitted there would be some scaling back of its 17,000 strong UK workforce. Sir John, who is in line to head up the new company, said it was too early to say how many UK staff could lone their jobs.

what that number is, but it will be small," he said. BP, which will dominate

ger structure in the UK than The US, where the group Amoco, which has about Larry Fuller added that there was very little overlap

between the two companies' operations in Scotland, where the UK oil industry

The deal helps overcome what analysts had perceived as one of BP's createst weakses - its relatively weak position in gas, a sector harder to break into quickly then oil. In contrast, Amoco whose gas business is four times the size of BP's - has managed to lever off its gas expertise and position in its home US market to build up a strong global gas business. In the US, the Amoco time to BP's retail gasoline

has a big presence.

will be the largest oil and Ras producer, will also be the centre for BP Amoco's exploration and production

While BP has recently assets in the OECD counstepped up its activities in tries and some so per cent of the former Soviet Union like Amoco it is heavily involved in Azerbaijan's Caspian Sea territories - and has a raft of projects in other

For Larry Fuller of Amoco, who is set to be co-chairman of the enlarged group, and Sir John Browne of BP, yesterday's deal was not the end game. We're not going to settle for

an easy third place,' said Sir John.

Amoco will have a leading emerging markets, the group position in seven core products including acetic acid, acrylonitrile and aromatics and will also have several important proprietary tech-

will be more focused on the western world than its Of the top three groups it

will be the only one with

being produced to meet demand, which has fallen in part through the Asian eco-Sir John said: "Interna-

profits generated in the US

announcement came as eil

prices hit a 10-year ina.

highlighting the problems

currently being faced by the

industry. Too much oil is

Yesterday's

tional competition in the industry is already fierce and will grow more acute as new players emerge.

"In such a climate the best - u investment opportunities will go increasingly to com panies that have the size and financial strength to take on those large-scale projects that offer a truly distinctive

EUROPEAN INVASION

# Buying spree across **Atlantic**

turn obstacles

opportunities.

IS MORE CONNECTED

The push by some of Europe's biggest companies into the US has just claimed its latest, and biggest, target. And if the appetite for foraign securities on which this new wave of acomisitions has been launched survives the present wobble in world stock markets, US experts predict that the drive is set to continue.

BP's purchase of the fifth largest of the integrated US energy groups comes hot on the heels of Daimler Benz's agreement to buy Chrysler, the smallest of the Big Three auto groups. Had it not tried to renegotiate the price, a move that opened the door to a higher bid from World-Com. British Telecommuni cations would also have carried off MCI Communications, the second-largest long-distance carrier. 🖋

Other prime "corporate assets to be enamped up for stock in recent months include Alcatel's all-share acquisition of DSC, a leading

Helping to fuel these purchases has been the surge nniil recent days, at least in European stock markets. This has provided a more powerful takeover currency ni the form of ADRs, a dol lar-based security tied to the parent company's shares.

By using such stock, the Europeans have been able to benefit from the two big advantages enjoyed by US companies contemplating a domestic merger. One is the deferral of capital gains taxes that comes with an allstock deal: a purchase for cash would have led to an immediate crystallisation of gains for tax purposes.

The other involves the use of so-called pooling of interest accounting - known in the UK as merger account ing - which allows two companies to combine without creating any goodwill

Despite these benefits. however, the more widespread use of ADRs may run into some resistance.

"There are some institutional investors in the US for whom holding ADRs would fall outside their investment criteria," conceded Rod Peaglobal energy group. BP is likely to face fewer

problems in this regard than Amoco will only increase the liquidity [of the stock]" said ADR group at Bank of New York, one of the largest sponsors of ADR pro-

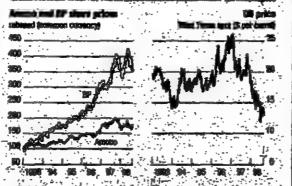
The UK company also pays its dividends quarterly a US custom, rather than a UK one, where dividends are paid twice a year - and promised yesterday to produce its main accounts in US currency rather than ster-

Daimler Bent, by contrast, plans to issue a new dollarbased security directly, rather than using the depositary arrangements that are normally followed by foreign

issuers in the US. The US and UK methods of taxing dividends are likely activities he manages to purto represent the main difference for Amoco shareholders after an acquisition by BP, said Mr Lopian at Rank of director of SmithKline Beesaid Mr Lopian at Kank bi

New York. In the US, dividends are paid gross, while drugs company, and of intel, the world's largest chip—lead on responding to grow—things that need doing in the world's largest chip—lead on responding to grow—things that need doing in this industry. In future we to withhold tax, which can maker. be used by investors to offset







ADRS US INVESTORS WARM TO ALL-STOCK DEALS BY OVERSEAS GROUPS

# European buyers join the paper round

The ability to pay for a cross-border acquisition with paper, rather than cash, has pened up the frontlers for empanies considering over-

The merger between BP and Amoco is the third large industrial combination in recent months in which a European company has used paper to acquire a US

Like France's Alcatel in its takeover of DSC Communications, a US telecoms equipment company, BP will issue American Depositary Receipts - certificates issue by a US custodian bank and resenting foreign shares. Daimler initially contemplated the issue of ADRs in its merger with Chrysler but

is now proposing a new vari- especially in sectors such as of Europe, so US acquirers cult to keep a total 40 per Shares listed in both Frankfort and New York.

Investment bankers said sterday that this form of financing still raised difficulties, but that investors were increasingly ready to accept a foreign issuer's paper.

"ADRs have become increasingly accepted in share exchange transactions involving US companies." said Rod Peacock, who led the team from J.P. Morgan which advised BP on the deal. "It was a manira of prior years that you couldn't do cross-border deals with paper, but people have pe very comfortable

with the idea. Other leading investment bankers said cross-border deals of this type were likely

ant - Global Registered oil, where companies needed a global reach.

The oil, telecoms and drugs industries are all global businesses and I think you will find a greater investor interest from investors in multinational global combinations of this type," said one banker not involved in

the deal. ADRs make it much easier to encourage US shareholders to accept shares in European companies. They are easier to market to all US investors, some of which are constrained through trust deeds for example, from investing in non-dollar securities while others need to match exactly the currencies in which their assets and liabilities are denominated.

The depositary receipt system is not available in most cannot easily use the same cent US holding in the compean acquisition. "European shareholders have to like US shares or lump them," said

one banker. But offering ADRs to US investors is not without its problems. Corporate financiers close to the deal acknowledged that there

could be some initial turbulence in the combined group's share price. US fund managers whose mandate is to track the S&P500 index will have to sell, because Amoeo will drop out of the index unless it can persuade Standard & Poor's to keep it in; while UK institutions will need to buy more BP shares to keep their holdings in line with the enlarged company's weight in the UK's FTSE 100

bined group even though around 3) per cent of BP is held by US investors

Bosides J.P. Morgan, Mor-Co were comorate brokers to BP on the deal. Amove was advised by Morgan Stanley. investment bankers said

came from the two manage ments, who have known each other professionally for

management for 30 years, and known them well for 15. "In an industry with only five large participants, you ble combinations. Who picked up the phone first? You can't tell," said one

years. BP executives said

**consolidation** shift in share of refining and distribution may attract anti-trust scrutiny

# Regulators may look downstream

three-way merger in the US refining and marketing industry earlier this year. consolidation of the downstreem business in North America, according to oil industry experts.

However, given the growpower that is already under way, this is also likely to be the aspect of the combination that draws the most active regulatory scrutiny fact that the companies

distributing petroleum prod- intvised both Arameo and BP acts in the US saw its first on their deals.

of US retail sales of gasoline, according to figures pro-

vided by Amoco and BP. national market share disguises more pronounced. regional strengths, however. With its activities concentrated in the western states. HE the three-way union has stolen a march on its far smaller regional competitors, according to industry analysts. "The industry overall has had to react to these The highly fragmented changes," said Rod Peacock business of refining and at J.P. Morgan, which

a deal which brought the downstream business in as Chevron, Mobil and Washington state, as well as together the downstream the west, the combination of Exxon. "They are all become marketing operations in San activities of Texaco, Shell Amoco and BP will produce ing relatively much Diego and Hawali, in order and Saudi Aramco. That a clear leader in many paris smaller," he said. combination left the compa- of the Midwest and the eastern US

According to the two companies, their combined operations, accounting for 14 That relatively small per cent of retail gasoline savings that could help to Petroleum Industry sales nationally, will make them one of the two biggest in their industry in 20 of the 35 states in which they oper-

> "Generally speaking, the combinations of Shell and Texaco and BP and Amoco will result in the largest players in the regions in which they operate," said Scott Setrakian, head of energy consulting at Mercer. a management consulting firm. That is likely to put

Exxon and Mobil each

of the US market for wasoline sales. That gives them less scope for the sort of cost relieve some of the pressure that has been felt on downstream profit margins during the 1990s. Texaco and Shell, for instance, said they expected savings of \$2bn from

their deal. The greater concentration. however, is also likely to attract the attention of antitrust regulators. That echoes the experience of Texaco and Shell, which had to make concessions to win approval

to meet regulatory concerns.

Similar concerns were Midwest operations of Lichtblau, chairman of the Research Foundation, an industry think-tank. But while analysts said this might lead to some asset disposals, these were likely to

be relatively minor. The fact that the profitability of most refineries remained low - despite some improvement in recent danger that antitrust regulators would force the two companies to shed assets to stimulate more competition,

# The knight with a vision of a wider realm

#### By Bobert Corzine

analysts have wondered when Sir John Browns would become bored with running BP, a "company he could manage with one hand tied behind his back," according to one former executive. Yesterday's announcement

of the world's biggest industrial merger suggests it may be some time before he will be tempted to more lofty challenges.
An engineer by training.
Sir John, who turned 50 this

year, has emerged as one of the UK's best business leaders. Although he has only been chief executive of BP for three years, the group's recent prosperity rests in large part on strategies he developed earlier in the decade as head of explora-

tion. · · But is he the right man to run a giant Anglo-American oil group?

In many ways, he appears born to play such a role. He is one of the few UK business leaders who appears at home in the US. He is a graduate of Stanford Business ....... School and sits on its advisory board, one of many sue outside BP. Sir John is also a trustee of the British Museum and a non-executive

Horton, the former BP chair calling on the industry to In the past year some man and chief executive who wake up to the challenges of when a debt crisis threat-ened to engulf the company. witted EP to increasing sales ened to engulf the company. But some company observer of solar energy equipment to ers say he shares with Hore \$1bn over the next decade ton an autocratic outlook. one colleague, "and in that package of proposals for respect is like Horton, but curbing greenhouse gas Browne runs the company in a way that Horton would like to have done but was

> BP executives add that Sir John, unlike some of his predecessors, would also "never do a deal that was not underpinned by commercial logic".

never capable of doing."

worked since joining as a 2050. graduate trainee from Camthe politicking for him.

pull together all the threads of a complex project or deal. widening range of choice. The latter will be a skill . As head of a much larger The latter will be a skill

auticipate the pressures on Sir John - he was and in accepting climate will be in a position to set

his vision - his ability to

look beyond the sector, place

it in a wider context and the merger with Amoco as

would probably wince at industry. He has behaved comparisons with Sir Bob like something of a prophet, was forced to resign in 1992 global warming. Earlier this "Sure, he is autocratic," says for new taxation, as part of a curbing greenhouse gas emissions, including carbon dioxide from the burning of fossil mels.

world, from Stanford to a recent FT dinner for busi ness leaders, he has reaf firmed his unconventional Although not a natural world energy supplies could politician, he is said to have be met by renewable sources cultivated a power base by 2030, and that the figure within RP - where he has could rise to 50 per cent by

bridge University in 1966 - out in his brief presentation and delegated others to do to share his view that while the distinguishing feature of Sir John's main strengths the last 80 years was the appear to be his grasp of increased mobility of the strategy and his ability to human race, the next century would be marked by the

much in demand in the group, Sir John will soon be in a much stronger position In an industry often to stamp his vision on the accused of following its own industry and take on rivals laws, he is also praised for such as Shell and Exxon.

plain speaking, describing

"aggressive" rather than



The head of Arab Bank has supported the Palestinian diaspora from north Africa to Australia, writes Roula Khalaf

road to investment in was established. "In 1967, group developing hotels and the Palestinian terri- when the Israelis took Jeru- factories and investing in tories is often the Amman office of Abdulmajeed

port of the head of the Amman-based Arab Bank group, one of the largest institutions in the Middle East, is considered key to the success of prejects and to wooing other investors. Once Mr Shoman is signed on, even with a symbolic stake, other wealthy Palestinians dutifully follow.

mr

CO

As head of a bank that has played a significant part in Palestinian history, the 85year-old Mr Shoman has naturally assumed the role of patriarch of the Palestinian diaspora. His investments in Palestine are almost all through the bank and are driven as much by emotional attachment as by a fiery ambition to stretch Arab Bank's reach as far as he

bank in Jerusalem in 1930 and the family still owns about 20 per cent. Even after 60 years with the bank, Mr Shoman still spends his weekends and holidays in the office. Surrounded by a clutter of bank memorabilia and leather panelled bulletproof walls, he dials dozens of phone numbers to check on his branches around the

This network, making up the only truly pan-Arab bank, extends through the Gulf and north Africa and stretches as far as China and Australia. It has followed Arab communities across continents but also opened branches or subsidiaries to help foreign business deal with the Arab world.

Those who know him say Mr Shoman has transferred his yearning for the land he lost in Palestine into a near obsession with building the Arab Bank group, an institution with \$17bn in assets. The Arab-Israeli conflict has haunted Arab Bank, It was

salem, they took the money telecommunications. from the bank and returned Enlisting the financial sup- closed all our branches then the Palestinian economy, it

> the occupation." Shomans - the bank was inception. Inside the territobecame the principal finan- for not lending enough. clers of the Palestinian dias-

"You do not negotiate some- says. thing that is yours, you fight

for it, through every means," Arab Palestinian Investment a ladieswear door-to-door

The first stop on the years after the state of Israel bank and is an investor in a

But as the peace pro some of it only recently. We has faltered, sinking with it and refused to reopen during has become harder for Mr he occupation." Shoman to reconcile his Arab Bank became the investment objectives with bank of the Palestinian Lib- the over-conservative bankeration Organisation, which ing style that has characteris still a depositor. The ised Arab Bank since its run by his father until 1974 - ries, Arab Bank is criticised

The bank's prudent style pora, helping merchants has earned it a rather dull restart businesses in exile. reputation. As one analyst Mr Shoman insists he is put it: "The bank will never not a politician but he has set the world on fire." But it his ideas about peace and is one thing Mr Shoman will has had his quarrels with never sacrifice as, in spite of Yassir Arafat, the Palestin-the region's volatility, the ian leader. Opposed to the first and only run on the 1993 Oslo Peace accords bank dates back to the secbetween Israelis and Pales- ond world war. "Since then, tinians and the subsequent people take money out of Jordanian peace deal with other banks during crisis Israel. Mr Shoman insists: and deposit it with us," he

Mr Shoman joined the bank in 1936, after studying Still, after Oslo, Arab at New York University and Bank returned to Palestinian doing a stint with what was territory to become the big- then Chase National Bank, gest bank, with 18 branches. His father was a demanding Last year, it also set up the man, who had started out as



INSTITUTE OF INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AND RESEARCH

Examination Results and Prize Winners 7

' June 1998

forced his son to leave law school and study banking. Mr Shoman seems to have

inherited a touch and sinbborn personality. He has cut links with his younger son for a marriage he disapproved of and because of a

Mr Shoman's only distract tions from hanking are a taste for fine clothes, a passion for baseball and beloins to run the lives of his grand children. He personally

Mr Shoman's conservative management style has made the bank highly dependent on him hot it has also kep the loan book healthy. Although not highly profit able, the bank's return on average assets increased from 0.99 per cent in 1994 to 1.35 per cent last year.

Mr Shoman says be no lonalthough he has the final say on many important deci-sions. His brother and his son run the bank on a day-to-day basis and both are the prime candidates to succeed him.

He maists he can be contradicted, as in the bank's recent decision to solicit credit ratings. "I am against it. We don't need it but they decided and I had to go ilong," he says. "I am not a

The ratings will raise the profile of the institution, which is quoted on the Amman stock exchange, among foreign investors. The move is part of a global marketing drive to give the bank a younger, more vigor-ous image to help it attract a new generation of depositors who may be less loyal to Arab Bank than their parents and grandparents.

Foreign involvement in the bank is also a source of anxiety because it might of the Berlin Wall. bring in Israeli investors, which Mr Shoman desperately wants to keep at bay. He is said to track closely through Jordanian brokers the buyers of every share, and questions institutional investors about the origin of their funds, bluntly informing them of his disapproval of any Israeli connection.



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

# from the east

Intershop's progress to become a leading software supplier started in communist east Germany. Graham Bowley reports

brightest innovations in electronic commerce come out of the US, or attack a wider market by it a push the UK. Surprisingly, though, the company claiming to be the world's leading supplier of e-commerce software halls from an obscure small town in former communist east

Intershop was founded in 1992 in Jena in the state of Thuringia. Its early history was intertwined with that of the fledgling reunified German nation: initially, the voung company benefited from the boom after the fall

The founders installed software on new computers in universities, companies and government offices which were bought as budgets were swelled by subsidies from the west. When the boom slowed, they switched to the internet and hit on the idea of developing software for companies to display and sell their goods.

electronically. After six years the company has moved its headquarters to San Francisco. has just gone public on one of the Frankfurt stock including its 28-year-old chief executive - have become east Germany's first

home-grown millionaires. "We were in time for the market. We were the first to ship standard e-commerce software before anyone even knew about it." says Karsten Schneider, one of the trio of intershop's founders who runs the company's programming centre in Jena.

Since then Intershop's products have changed radically. Its first e-commerce software was developed for Computer 2000, a computer hardware wholesaler, which

was a setback but it gave Intershop the impetus to developing standard soft-ware which could be used by anyone selling or buying goods and services on the

"They [Computer 2000] thought it would cannihalise their business. So we said. let's make this standard. shrink-wrap software and sell it to everybody," says Wilfried Beeck, one of the founders and Intershop's financial officer.

Now, 80 per cent of intershop's revenues come from customers such as Deutsche Telecom (its biggest single customer), other telecommu nications companies and the big internet service providers, who use intershop software to host and run shopping sites for retailers on the internet.

The telecoms companies and internet providers use the software to attract users. to the net; Intershop benefits by charging licence fees. Intershop's next generation of software will help businesses buy and sell with other companies, not just shoppers, via the internet.

TUDOA brought success. With revenues of \$5.7m last year, and turnover expected to rise to claims will be worth about \$1bn by the and of 1998.

ture capital is rare, Interprivate capital early in its

In early 1996, Technologie Holding, a German venture capital group, and US ven- you fall behind," he says. ture capital group Burgess

You might think the later chose not to use it. This Jamieson together invested DM2.8m (\$1.5m) in the company. Later the same year. France Telecom added a further DM3.2m, · · ·

In another break with German tradition, Intershop quickly shifted its focus to the US and began to grow rapidly even before it was profitable.

One of the conditions imposed by the venture capitalists was that Intershop set up an office in San Francisco. This was so the company could be close to the forces shaping its industry

### e-question

'How does ≥ company from former East Germany make it big in internet

shopping software?

but also to help intershop prepare for a listing on the Nasdaq stock exchange and thus provide a potential exit route for its investors.

There had to be a will-This was typical of a US start-up - we had already been to the US to look at \$20m this year, the company how US start-ups worked," says it commands 10 per says Stephan Schambach. cent of the market for e-com- Intershop's chief executive, merce software - a market it who now lives in San Fran-

"When we founded the In a country where ven- company, we had fun, soft-30 times more time and effort on marketing. You have to catch the wave at the beginning and ride it, or

So far, Intershop shows no

sion of falling behind. From five employees at the start of 1996, its workforce has grown to 360, 160 of which are in Jena, Despite the US expansion, the company insists Jena will remain the main programming centre, partly because of the abundance of local programmers

also because wages are one third of what they would be in Silicon Valley.

in the end, Intershop did not list on Nasdaq, but chose instead the Neuer Markt. Frankfurt's new stock market segment for young, hightech companies, for its initial public offering. .The offering - 35 per cent

of the company is now public - raised around \$50m in June and marked another break with tradition since such an avenue of financing had been unavailable to small companies in Germany before March 1997 when the exchange was founded.

Remarkably, too, investors backed the offering - Intershop's share price more than doubled on the first day of trading - even though it has yet to make a profit.

Despite the rapid growth in revenues, Intershop made an \$8m loss last year, is expected to lose \$12m this year and will not make a

Such a situation is common in the US, but it makes some Germans feel uncomfortable. Intershop's young executives, however, insist the company has to plough forward if it is to stay ahead of the competition.

A Course

"The big wave of e-commerce is still in front of ware was cool But to make us. It would be very unwise shop flew in the face of tradi- it succeed you have to jump not to invest. If you do not tion by turning to outside over hurdles and spend 10 to invest in a market that is growing at 300 per cent a year you will not stay market leader," says Mr Beeck.

This article is part of a



STATISTICAL ANALYSIS JONATHAN NEIL M & G Investment

Management FT INFORMATION PRIZE FOR SECURITIES

SEBASTIAN WYKERAM Singer & Friedlander NEWTON INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT PRIZE FOR INTERPRETATION OF ACCOUNTS AND CORPORATE FINANCE SIMON TODD PDFM

AND INVESTMENT

PINANCIAL TRAINING PRIZE FOR INVESTMENT REGULATION AND PRACTICE Schroder Investment MARK BARRE

Management

Hill Samuel Asset Managemen

Warburg Dillon Read

Credit Suisse First Boston (Budapest)

MANAGEMENT RODERICK ANDERSON Rothschild Asset

Management

Investment Management

IFMA PRIZE FOR INSTITUTIONAL FUND MANAGEMENT PETER KRUPPA Invesco Europe

THE WINCOTT FOUNDATION PRIZE FOR THE CASE STUDY Royal & Sun Alliance PAUL NIVEN

HYPERION TRAINING PRIZE FOR EXCELLENCE ZAEAR AHMADULLAH Schroder Investment Management

#### THE FOLLOWING SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THEIR ASSOCIATE EXAMINATION

R G A Anderson	Rothschild Asset Management
5 A Aszin	M & G Investment Management
C A Baalham	Schroder Investment Management
	Schroder Investment Management
C J Bamberry	Shouled Life Assurance
J L Bashforth	
M D E Bayntus	
D Beharall	AMP Asset Management Newton Investment Management City of London Investment Management
J G Bell	Newton Investment Management
K Boley	City of London Investment Management
JE Bowarm	
J S Bransgrove	Quorum Capital Management Cantrade Investment Management
J J Broomer	Bentley Capital (Europe) Fleuring Investment Management
J Bryers	Flouring Investment Management
D.A.Calvert	Schroder Investment Management
A T Chamberlain	Zurich investment Management
G A Clarke	Prudential Portfolio Managers
M A Colliss	AMP Asset Management
W B Corner	Mercury Asset Management
LJ Corby	Mercury Asset Management Royal & Sun Alliance Investment Management
A Compinence	
R G Davies	William M Mater
T P Day	Mercury Asset Management
P Edwards	Dresdner RCM Global Investors Watson Wyatt Investment Consulting
G V Emly	Watson Wyatt Investment Consulting
J P Fell	Mertill Lynch Pierce, Fenner & Smith Schröder Capital Management International
M Perguson	Schroder Capital Management International
J F Fieldsand	
G K Forster	Abbey Life Centre
S A Frame	Foreign & Colonial Management
MR J Prenklin	Schroder Investment Management
M J H Fysh	
PEGay	United Bank of Knwait Asset Management
. J FI K. George	Rothschild Asset Management
G Gilchrist	Rothschild Asset Management Metrill Lynch Global Asset Management
J B M Grant	BNP Fourities
A E Green	BNP Equities BNP Equities Bne Equities
I P Grime	Norwich Union Investment Management
R S Gurner	Baring Asset Management
I Monmond	Commercial Union Investment Management
TM Workerse	Watson Wyatt Investment Consulting
I M DOGSOO	water wyatt investment Consulting
TA Table	Fidelity lovestments
CA Inin	Stewart Ivory & Co
2 V (LAIR)	Comunical Union
J ill	SBC Brinson
G C Jenkins	Clerical Medical Investment Group
l L Kitzing	POEM

H P Knapman

Ŀ

L K Vinhia	
B M Laidler	Rothschild Asset Management
J O Leighton	Celeni NA Schroder Investment Management
K M Levy-Theveno	Schroder Livegringent Management
C Lumadaine	AON Consulting Foreign & Colonial Management
C R MacFadyen	Foreign & Colonial Management
J R Males	Iouian Cornorate Finance
M J Mandavis	Louian Corporate Finance Clerical Medical Investment Group
A F McCracken	Greig Middleton Auset Menagement Schroder Investment Management Royal & Sun Alliance Investment Management
P H Mitchell	Schroder Investment Management
P.G.O'Reilly	Royal & Sun Affigure Instantant Management
I Patel	Neilann Management
O D Pearson-Land	Contr. & Co
S Petroe	Neilson Management Coutts & Co
M Polycanon	Roring Armst Management
N D Oriniso	Bering Auset Management Hill Samuel Auer Management Norwich Union Investment Management
C I Dawn	Maniel Illia Innocenti
A C Daine	Norwich Omon investigation wangemen
A 3 KBUS	Alliance Capital Schroder Investment Management
I B ARSSHURG	Statement statement
L C Richdale	Plening Investment Management
L Roberts	Credit Strisse (Guernsey).  Abbey Life Investment Services
M Robertson	Abbey Life Investment Services
M Ruis	Hill Samuel Asset Management General Accident Investment Management
S L Rutter	General Accident Investment Management
T J Sambrook	NFU Mutual & Aven Insurance Templeton Investment Management
M F Scott	Templeton lavestment Management
H A Serjeaut	Delaware International Advisers Mercury Asset Management Norwich Union Investment Management
G K Sharman	Mercury Asset Management
S D Stater	
S Snowles	Scottish Equitable
N G Sochovsky	Lehman Brothers
D W SOUTH	· I MEDI
DSWI	URS
A M D M Steines	PDFM
To M Street on the second will be a second or the second o	Amer IT
C A P Stoder	Annas UK. Morsiy Johnstone Perpetual Investment Management
CARSOOM	Multiply Administration
1 M F 2qtbpcc	Perpetual Investment Management
3 Y 722	Rothschild Asset Management Morgan Grenfell Asset Management
A G P Toss	
S J Tweedy	M & G Erverset Manageres
M G R Vaight	M & G Saverner Manager
I D Wagstaff	Sun Life Investment Manuscreen
S C WAlker	SBC Brinson
M V Wine	SBC Brinson Jupiter Tyndall Group
C I Webster	S E Bankea Fonder
3 1 MCDZIEL	3 E parties Pouter
DA WINE	)1chgerson myestus
A G White	Henderson Investors Garmore Investment Management Schroder Investment Management
A J Wickham	Schroder Leverment Management
MRCWillmott	Commercial Upice Sycalaria Manageria
D. C. Tifferen	# D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

# LOUISE KEHOE Highly rated reading

An internet entrepreneur returns to the old fashioned medium of the book to describe the risky business of setting up on the web

Even in Silicon Valley, internet fits into the world of thousands of other "early

people occasionally take a break from work, ignore the elsphone, let the e-mail pile up and pick up a good book. Seeking an antidote to high-tech hype, my holiday reading began with Burn Rate: Hoto I curvioed the gold rush years on the internet, by Michael Wolff, a journalist and writer turned internet entrepreneur. After months of attempting to explain the extraordinary stock market valuations of internet companies, I was drawn by the author's refreshing preface words: "Optimism is our bank account; fantasy is our product; press releases are our good name. My hope anti-press release." Could this be a real, down-to-earth

look at the internet industry? It turned out to be much more. As well as debunking the widespread myth that anybody with a bright idea and lots of energy can make it big on the internet, Burn Rate raised some thought provoking questions about the role of the internet as a publishing medium. Mr

adopters". The main thrust of his story is a caustically comic

account of his efforts to raise money to support his . fledgling company's "hurn rate" - the amount of money the business consumes each month in excess of its income. To succeed, internet start-uos must spend quickly enough to innovate and achieve market share. Mr Wolff gets caught up in the race for money. He is · . courted by leading venture capitalists and large publishing groups. He takes 'dumb money" from a rich investor and tries to negotiate a merger. He comes tantalisingly close to striking it rich.

Others have compared internet mania to the California gold rush. Mr Wolff brings new meaning to the analogy. This book should be required reading for all would-be internet entrepreneurs. It also offers salutary lessons for internet

Wolff discovered the internet The bigger question raised publishing. Mr Wolff was one of the pioneers of "new media". "Content is king" was the slogan of this first generation of internet publishers. It did not matter how the internet worked, What mattered was the quality and appeal of the material presented on web pages. In those early, idealistic days of the net, people talked about the opportunities it created for Everyman to become a

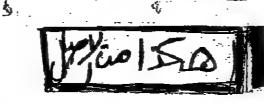
> costs of printing and distributing. Yet as any regular internet user can attest, the vast majority of web sites are not inspiring. Businesse use the web to promote their products. Individuals share their thoughts on personal web sites but seldom reach

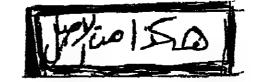
an audience beyond their friends and acquaintances. Internet news services, most of which draw heavily on traditional news media, offer useful up-to-the-minute reporting, but most add little extra value. Newspapers have yet to profit from their efforts. Similarly, the web sites of news magazines have become adjuncts to the

The problem, Mr Wolff maintains in a re-evaluation that should cost fear into the hearts of other electronic publishers, is that "no one reads on the internet". We all read, of course, but perhaps not for "content". If he is right, Mr Wolff has identified a huge internet shortcoming. Could it be that most people do not like reading text on a computer screen? Perhaps the internet will become a medium dominated by trivia - the electronic equivalent of game shows and soap publisher by eliminating the Operas?

paper-based products.

Not true, I would like to think. Yet the scales are tipping against internet publishers. Electronic mail and interactive "chat groups" consume the greater portion of online users' time. Electronic commerce ranks next and is growing faster among consumer uses of the internet. Internet content is becoming a filler between interactive features on web sites with products for sale or promotion or people willing to talk. No wonder Mr Wolff gave up. Books clearly provided him with a potentially more profitable publishing medium.







44% 27.444 m

Maggarity of Payors

21 the same

Section Williams of the above

> Der Lieben 100 F

> > interdip &

in the

and and the . . . . ARM PE 15 阿维基

1 755

一多种面 1.1.7.300度 2.1 SQL: THE BALL 1 日本 . Assiste : · · · (<u>.es</u> :-1 a<u>bg</u>e 1.19.385 1972年 💆

> 77/3 1.469年

> > .. 원들의

1.00

1.15 (10 B)

 $\phi \leqslant p$ 

 $\{1,2,2\}$ 

1.55 200

4 p. 15 1415

, chlore F · I sealed the C. 10 CC

Bayes.

**EURO PRICES** 

# Europe pressed from east and west

EUROPEAN OVERVIEW

Those traders who did not go on holiday in August index dropped 2.8 per cent must be wishing they had. of 1995 means that share prices are trading at histori-cally high multiples, making The broader Eurotop 300

FTSE Eurotop 300 Eurobige

said that the fall in the 29.5 to 974.51. region's markets had still There was no respite for not solved the valuation equities was good for bonds, was cancelled out by an Ecu European investors yester- problem indeed, the decline

The FTSE Eurotop 100 second world war. The rapid rise of European 2,699.88, its lowest level since stock markets since the start April. The index has fallen 13.3 per cent from its July 20

it hard for bargain-hunters fell 35.08 to 1,159.16 while the

18840 7587 4778

0<u>et</u>

 Open
 Self price
 Change
 Figh
 Low
 list. vol
 Open lef.

 2709.0
 2866.0
 -65.0
 2708.0
 2898.0
 307
 1389

 2709.0
 -85.0
 0
 73

IN PISE EXPOTOP 100 WINEX PUTUNED (LPFE) Ban20 per lai ladex paint

--

to buy on fundamentals. FTSE Ebloc 100 index, despite the announcement of lan Harnett, European focused on countries in the BP's takeover of Amoco. An Casa Reposite strategist at BT Alex Brown, core Euro region, slipped early gain in BP was eventu-

with most of the continent's 18.70 decline in Petrofina folday as the decline in the Jap- had sent many bourses fixed-income markets higher amese yen and the weakness helow technical support lev- as investors sought a safe on Wall Street squeezed the els. "There is a risk of a furregion's bourses from both sides,

There is a risk of a further 10-15 per cent decline from here," he said.

The said of a furthere is a risk of a furthere is a

> Only a single sector managed a gam on the day - worst performer of the day, property - where the UK falling 5.6 per cent. SAP, group Land Securities con-which has seen a sharp slide tinued its rebound, rising since its listing in New York. Ecu 0.30 to Ecu 12.76.

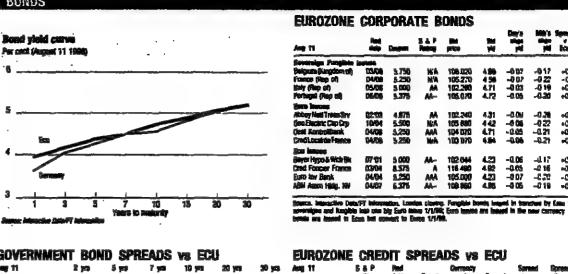
early gain in BP was eventu-ally restricted to an Ecu 0.30 February What was bad news for rise to Ecu 11.72 but that lowing a drop in first-half

the information technology sector was the continent's lost another Eco 42.40 to Eco Even integrated oil stocks 531.41 and Cap Gemini shed were 1.3 per cent lower, Eco 6.10 to Ecu 129.06.

ogust 11 ' ofess & Topus ories	Seci.	Day's	change points	Yeld. gross %	70 adj 700	Total rein (Ecol)
TSE Eurotop 300	1159.16	-254	-35.08	248	20.79	1188.41
ISE Eurotes 100 ISE Etitos 100	2659.86	-275	-75.32	2.49	30.12	949,82 986.63
	974.61	-294	-29.50	214	12.61	100-03
ISE Eurotop 300 Regio usbisc	1226.37	-2.50	-37.74	2.13	19.86	T249.58
K	1046.53	-2.67	-28.78	315	26.03	1088.78
arope Ex-Examples	1103.29	-2.89	-32.79	2.86	Ø 1-04	1135.51
prope Ex-LIK ISE Extratop Industry &	1223,53 OCUMEN	-3.06	-38.63	217	17.43	1344.65
ISE Existing Industry S ESCURCES	853L00 ·	-1.29	-11.23	3.35	. 51'81	869.37
gracing todatries	747.33	-1.21	-9.75	3.46	0.08	747.53
L Integrated	828.31	-1.29	-10.81	135	15.03	839.41
L Exploration & Prod-	798.52	-1.54	-T248	3.03	0,00	798.52
MERAL MOVETIMES	1101.51	-3.05	-34.68	2.64	18.53	1121.74
quinción Jidag Maga & Massin	923.26 913,40	-0.43	-4.02 -37.24	275	11.08	934.12 919.78
regizaji Aradi urdik a minasi	890.34	-3.39	-31.25	3.16	7.85 15.96	904.50
establish believe	925.84	-2.30	-21.53	2.84	16.20	940.23
ectronic & Hart Bario	960.39	-3.39 -2.26	-33.65 -21.53	1.89	3.25	963.40
gifeeding per, Poley & Printing	M9.57	-3.31	-27.73	3.50 2.80	9.21 1.21	949.66 810.57
2800E 0008S	1092.88	-2.08	-23.21	1.78	14.97	1119.17
temphiles	1016.54	-2.61	-27.03	2.96	10.25	1025.98
cololic Beverages	812.70	-3,04	-28.64	2.40	5.82	91B.17
od Producers osehold Goods & Texts	929.10 1019.29	-2.19	-19.00 -22.78	1,78	9.13 7.01	937.30 1025.87
	992.19	-1.82	-17.24	6.06	9.82	931.58
	940,04	-1,82	-17.40	1,38	4.27	944,15
becco	1043.09	-3.27	-35.24	4.07	1,81	1045.05
NA STATE	1162.27	-2.57	-30.65	2.52	19.32	1190.77
refoldien Sucre & Hotelu	891.43 892.10	-2.89 -4.81	-22.97 -40.23	2.62 3.00	11,37	840.77 840.90
di	979.21	-0.91	-0.02	2.36	6.58	984.50
laifess, Food	<b>864.50</b>	-2.70	-26,74	3.10	9.18	973.50
tejioni, Geografi Krommunikalioni	1085.04	-2.15 -2.15	-21.03 -23.85	. 3.56 1.91	13.94 12.47	965.76 1097.86
everies, Palas & Resis	859.29	-2.73	-24.10	3.32	14.20	172.35
pport Services	805.12	-4.59	-43.27	1.63	0.66	911.28
suport organism Tackpology	980.18 1123.71	-8.56 -8.63	-34.78 -79.78	2.49 0.37	11.78 2.23	1001,28 1126,28
The state of the s	1345.83	-1.78	-27.06	3.31	612	1418.36
cricily	900.50	-2.24	-22.04	3.56	26.23	1026.19
: Distribution	1089.93	-0.67	-7.40	1.70	B4.81	1190.30
	1047.18	-1.11	-11.76	4.90	36,72	1087.18
MENS	1306.22	-4.13	-81,23	239	23.08	1332.50
is,fidal	328.46	-4.31	~41.82	3.25	10.17	987.99
LENGTHERE	1068.57	-214	-44.18 -34.80	· 1.33	8.87 6.38 .	1004.48 1074.05
er, Finencial	927.92	-3.50	-33.60	2.18	13.23	941.18
STATE COMPANIE	962.52	-107	-30.80	256	20.75	200.51
party ·	778.19	+1.28	+9.86	3.44	16,01	793.51

| 3107.55 2274.55 3301.46 3870.65 2374.51 3870.65 2374.65 2374.67 2365.52 3302.46 2365.52 2374.67 2365.52 2374.67 2365.52 2374.67 2365.52 2374.67 2365.52 2374.67 2374 -5 203 47 14 -3 100 42 10 -4 910 52 10 -4 910 12 10 -4 70 02 10 -4 70 02 07 -1 72 14 12 -1 542 11 14 -1 542 11 14 -1 542 11 14 -1 542 11 14 -1 542 11 14 -1 542 11 14 14.04 15.05 140.05 18.05 45.05 18.05 19.72 45.94 45.94 45.95 10.17 45.95 45.95 10.07 المستقل الله REPORTATION TECHNOLOGY 4 11 11 12 11 41 21 61 41 THUS -0.0 284 LS 12
TRUE -0.1 744 ES 02
TRUE -0.1 744 ES 02
TRUE -0.1 744 ES 02
TRUE -0.1 744 ES 04
TRUE -American High (
Address)
All Services (Ang.)
Annual United Days Vanish
Period All
Commands
All Edited
All
Commands
All Edited
All
Commands
All
Comma DETAILERS, FD00 Abell Common Common Promoden Schooly Common 2.73 96.96 94.00 74.75 97.36 648 7.29 2.81 -1 83 968 24 -3 961 48 92 -83 986 83 98 -83 98 19 -83 98 - 98 -1 38 18 18 -3 128 28 18 -1 98 98 28 -5 121 -5 102 13 112 - 85 -1 203 -1 112 14 24 14 24 14 24 14 24 14 24 14 24 OL, EXPLORATION & PROBECTION Annual BAA
DS 1912 F
THE Sending
Lufthman
P & O
Foliania
Superces -3 12 87 27 -2 182 18 28 -235 35 · 01 -30 34 · 01 -43 42 66 24 -5 81 41 44 -8 109 28 20 -7 45 61 13 A 8 Fronts
Carbony Stime
Designe
Schools B-4
Vento B
Tops A
Type & L
Bellery W
Hallory W 

-0.0109
40.0001
40.0001
40.0001
40.0003
40.0004
-0.2546
40.0001
-0.0002
40.0004
-0.1252
40.1004
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252
-0.1252 7.815345 8.077282 6.702082 -0.0068
+0.0002
+0.0003
+0.0011
-0.3192
+0.0013
-0.0002
+0.0075
-0.0003
+0.0014
-0.0003
-0.0003 1971.794/15 41.27/052 2.25/294 8.53/741 8.53/295 9781.249595 7.92/1905 8.63/297 1.92/295 1.92/275 1.92/275 0.88/725 1.92/25 1.92/25 EUROZONE CURRENCY CONVERGENCE Week Forward ago % rate 7 03552 7 036 +0.01
7 03552 7 036 +0.01
20 6255 20 6184 -0.04
23 3506 3 5322 +0.06
3 3 04027 0 3802 -1 11
990 002 990 7741 -0.38
20 8755 20 5184 -0.94
1,72674 1,1273 +0.05
102 905 102 2046 -0.27
65.0722 84 5822 -0.25
1 4 -0.0017 +0.0020 +0.0086 -0.0070 -0 13 -0 12 +0 96 -0 09 1.311462 1.706865 10.342984 1,122346 +0.0045 +0.0104 +0.3017 +0.0014 +0.12 +2.00 +0.13 



VERNME	מן 2	5 70	READS	10 yrs	20 ym	30 ys	EUROZONE	S & P		Cough	Commonly	Some	Spread No. 200	Spread milit ago
in.  sen  vi  en  ric  ric  ric  ric  ric  ric  ric  ri	-0.01 -0.02 -0.08 -0.18 +0.52 -0.07 +0.19 +0.19 +0.12	-082 -082 -011 -0112 -012 +083 -015 +015 +015 +015	+0.10 +0.10 +0.15 -0.06 -0.01 +0.25 +0.10 +0.10 +0.15 +0.11 +0.15	+0.04 +0.06 +0.07 -0.04 +0.13 +0.18 +0.18 +0.04 +0.20 +0.14	+0 05 +0.10 -0.28 -0.03 +0.00 +0.19 +0.13 +0.10 -0.05 +0.24 +0.21 +0.05 +0.21	+0.94 +0.11 -0.95 -0.06 +0.22 +0.11 -0.02 +0.27 +0.27	ICFW Printer Televan Halifar; Ing Bands AV Bayer Hype W Bit Crad Fonciar Thomson Superished Generale das Saser Banks of Chilan Half Bit of Hongary Spran. Dav Bunkt Augnetian. Superish Intensive Di Superish Supressivation	AAA AA- AA- BBB+ BBB- BBB- BBB- BBB- BBB	01/09 11/08 07/07 91/08 08/02 02/09 03/04 03/04 03/04 03/04 03/04 05/01 11/02 04/08	\$ 000 6.250 5.625 5.500 6.750 7.250 6.250 7.125 8.000 9.626 8.126	DEM FRF DEM HLG TL DEM FRF FRF DEM ATB FRF XEJ	+0.05 +0.15 +0.18 +0.19 +0.32 +0.32 +0.34 +0.32 +2.18 +0.75 +3.47 +3.68	+0.01 +0.13 +0.18 +0.18 +0.27 +0.31 +0.34 +0.31 +0.59 +0.59 +3.22	+0.00 +0.16 +0.19 +0.18 +0.31 +0.32 +0.36 +0.32 +0.90 +0.88 +6.81 +3.20
en .	+0.38	+0.31	+0.99	+0.22 +0.87	+0.21 +0.58	+0.00			-					

#### **CONTRACTS & TENDERS**

# **TENDER NO: 77/31113/4034**



Mobarakeh Steel Company intends to purchase 6000 M/ton Metallurgical Coke with the following specification:

CHEMICAL SPEC.:		L SPEC.:	MECHA					
$\boldsymbol{C}$	:	85-88%	Resistance:	M40	>	70%	M	10 -
10%								_
S	<	0.7%	Size:					
ASH	:	9.5-12.5% MAX			2	5-50mi	71 -	100
MT								
MOIST	UR	E : 4.5%			2	5-80m	m 2	000
$\boldsymbol{MT}$								
P		1.5%						
LOI	:	1.5-0.7%						

Interested bidders may obtain a set of bidding documents by the submission of a written application and payment of non-refundable fee of USD500, in favour of Mobarakeh Steel Company, through Bank Markazi Iran account no. 138. All bids must be delivered to below office on or before 16.9.98:

MOBARAKEH STEEL COMPANY 15 KMS SOUTH WEST OF MOBARAKEH PO BOX 167 ESFAHAN IRAN RAW MATERIAL AND ENERGY PURCHASING DEPARTMENT FAX: 0098 31 327512 & 324324 TEL: 0098 03355 3421

MOBARAKEH STEEL COMPANY

#### LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO CERTAIN BONDHOLDERS OF COMPANHIA SUZANO DE PAPEL E CELULOSE Notice to all Holders of 10.25% Fixed Rate Notes due 2001 (the "Notes") of Companhia Suzano de Papel e Celulose, ("Suzano") as issued pursuant to a Fiscal Agency Agreement dated October 6, 1993 (the "Fiscal Agency Agreement").

As indicated in the Fiscal Agency Agreement, Suzano will at the option of the Holder of any Note radoom such Note on October 6, 1998 at 97.295% of its principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest to the date fixed for redemption. The period for Holders of Notes to put their Notes is August 7, 1998 through September 4, 1998.

and the second control of the contro

SGA SOCIETE GRINGRALE ACCEPTANCE N.V.
FRF 309 609 609
TME FLOORED BONDS WITH OUT-LIMITS DUE
AUGUST 17, 2002
ISIN CODE: XSS008885708
Notice is hereby given to the Bondholders that, pursuant to the Terms and
Conditions of the Bonds Condition 4. Tintrept", the rate of interest applicable
to the period from August 17, 197 to August 17, 1995 is 7.50 %. This rate of
anterest has been determined according to the Condition 4. (ii), i.e. The Bond
bans interest at a rate which is the higher of Annual Average of TME + 0.20
or 7.50 % per annum", (Annual Average of TME for the above mentioned
pariod being 5.23%). Therefore, the interest psyable against surrender of
cuspon at 6 will be: FRF 750.00 per Bond for the demonstration of FRF
18 600.

THE PRINCIPAL PAYING ACENT SOCIETE GENERALE BANK & TREST SA. 11-12 avenue E-min Renner L-JASO LUXENEDQUEG

Appear in the Financial Times every Tuesday, Friday and Saturday.

For further information, or to advertise in this section,

please contact

Melanie Miles on +44 0171 873 3349 or Marion Wedderburn on +44 0171 873 4874

reading

---

**GOVERNMENT BONDS** 

By Jeremy Grant in London and John Labate in New York

fears of another round of Asian currency devaluations sent investors piling into bonds yesterday, with some futures reaching new highs.

Emerging market sentiment, already weak, was further unnerved by an early but vague report that Indonesia had defaulted on repayment of its debt, and sharp falls in prices of Russian

Jakarta later said it had not met some principal pay-ments on its sovereign debt a lot of good reasons to be in August, but that this was nervous on equities," said not a default as it had Padhraic Garvey, bond strat-aiready been agreed by the egist at ABN Amro in international community.

Nevertheless the damage had been done and bond markets continued to surge. In Germany, the yield on the benchmark cash bund con-Misery across global equity tract dropped to 4.36 per markets, a weaker yen and cent, its lowest since the second world war.

In futures, a steep drop on Wall Street and strength in US Treasury prices helped the key bund contract hit a

"It really has been one-way traffic today. The Asian backdrop has been supportive, there's an ongoing flight from equities into bonds and into quality. It's very difficult to think of a reason not to be long bonds

investors as European fund take place today and tomormanagers participated in the row. hand rally for the first time in weeks.

US TREASURIES pushed ity", as the dollar rose against the yen and stocks continued to fall globally. By early afternoon the

benchmark 30-year bond was up & to 10711, sending the yield down to 5.538 per cent. The two-year note rose 🛓 to 5.358 per cent. However, prices were com-

ing off morning highs as the US stock market showed signs of turning around. Supply was also weighing on the market going into an struck a record high of 110.81

IN US BOLLARS

Abbey Nati Tray Service Abbey Nati Tray Service BankAmerica Compost

IL FRENCH FRANCE

Memili Lynch & Co(c)

New international bond issues

of strong buying by retail tions in other maturities will since the previous close.

GERMAN together with US Treasuries. were the main beneficiaries higher on the "flight to qual- of the gloom in equities. Volume was heavy with 633,000 lots of the benchmark bund future traded.

"Bunds have been unstoppable," said Michael Derks, senior bond strategist at of another grim assessment 1004, yielding 5.229 per cent of the Japanese economy, while the 10-year note this time by the governgained it to 102, yielding ment's Economic Planning Agency, got bunds off to a good start. The EPA said that the outlook for the Jap-

> ingly severe". The key bund future before settling back at

> > 100.01074 Aug 1998 100.05 Aug 1998 100.0287 Sep 2005 94.774 Aug 1999

He said there was evidence five-year notes. Similar and 110.80, a gain of 0.48 points UK GILIS underperformed

other European bond mar-BUNDS, kets on lingering concerns over the Bank of Restand's inflation report, expected today, but still managed to end solidly higher. The September 10-year gill

> future settled 0.30 points higher at 110.46 in heavy volome of 29,000 contracts. omist at Royal Bank of Scotland, said markets were hoping the Bank will say it is

inflation target. "The time has come them to recognise that things in the economy are basically in line and if we don't meet the inflation target, the likelihood is we'll

confident of meeting its

# CFTC in meeting on Cantor exchange

what could be the first wholly electronic futures exchange in the US were due to face off at the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the industry regulator, esterday afternoon. The CFTC, which has yet

to approve the proposed Cantor Financial Putures Exchange, convened a public meeting on the issue. In particular, it asked for views on the new exchange's proposed governance structure, its core "trade-matching" technology, and its compliance arrangements. Disciplinary and arbitration arrangements were also cited as areas for discussion.

The new exchange is a joint venture between Cantor Fitzgerald, the US broker-dealer, and the New York Board of Trade, one of the smaller Manhattan-based futures markets. It proposes to trade futures on US Treasury bonds and 10-year, fiveyear and two-year notes. -Although the start of trad-

ing is contingent on CFTC approval, the CFFE hopes to be in business next month. However, strong opposition was expected at the

neeting by lawyers for the Chicago Board of Trade, whose interest rate-related insiness could be threatened by the new exchange. The CBOT has already

attacked the exchange's proposed supervision and governance arrangements, and its detailed further yesterday. Its board has also agreed to bring on daytime elec-

tronic trading of its interest rate contracts later in September in an effort to com-"we'll start look at other hat the CVFE's influence.

Athens allows

FOREIGN BORROWING GREECE EASES RULES

bigger deals in drachma

Greece is trying to number of foreign institutions that are keen to exploit one of the few remaining gambles on European economic and monetary union

Between 40 and 50 applications from sovereign and corporate horrowers based outside Greece are awaiting approval at the central bank. The queue has doubled in length since March, when Greece launched its effort to qualify for Emu membership by 2001, a central bank offi-

interest rate convergence, by lesuing drachma-denomi-

nated debt.

To case the congestion, the Bank of Greece has decided to increase the size of drachma issues by foreign

From September, the allocation for each issue will rise from Dr10bn to Dr30bn (\$102m). But the bank says it does not intend to abolish the queueing system for the

"Permitting bigger lasues should deepen the market's liquidity as well as reducing the heavy backlog of applications, the central bank official said. "But we need to go cautiously, because the market is still at an early stage of development."

The central bank says it is trying to make the market. more flexible by offering foreign borrowers a choice of ESTATE OFFICE.

However, if demand for drachma-denominated bunds continues at present rates

INTERNATIONAL BONDS



ways of accommodating borrowers", the official said. International borrowers

raised about Dr250bn in last year, mostly through issues with a maturity of three to five years. Since April, the central bank has allocated about Dr200bn a month in drachma-denominated issues.

However, the finance ministry is concerned that domestic bonds may be less popular if foreign borrowers are allowed unrestricted access to the drachma market. With a monthly borrowing requirement forecast at an average Dr850bn this year, the government relies on foreign exchange inflows to help finance public debt.

Nikos Christodoulakis, deputy finance minister with responsibility for debt management, said: "We still have work to do on rationalising the domestic bond market, We don't want an exaggerated number of foreign issuers because they could affect

-0.08 -0.08 -0.09

Se apply

UK Indices

# **Defensiveness** to the fore

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

lly Vincent Boland came to the fore yesterday as investors fled the turmoil

in equity markets. Bankers said apreads on high-grade paper in the secondary market widened by three to five basis points, while emerging market spreads soared, led by Rus-

stan debt. The spread of the benchmark 2007 Russian eurobond over the comparable US Treasury was 1,962 basis points in late trading, compared with its June 1997

TREASURY SERVICES launched a \$1.5bn, two- dicate banker at Painetranche issue of one-year

WORLD BOND PRICES

paper targeted at money num ket funds.

A \$1bn tranche was priced at 15 basis points below Defensive strategies again Libor and met good demand across the spread of buyers, including central bank interest. "Investors clearly like the front end of the curve given where Libor is," said a banker at lead manager Lah-

man Brothers. The second tranche, of \$500m, was priced at three basis points over Federal Funds and was targeted at

BANKAMERICA returned to the FRN market with a \$500m seven-year issue that is likely to be its last before its merger with NationsBank is finalised. The bonds were ABBEY NATIONAL sold mainly to European accounts, according to a syn-

with Barclays Capital.

month Libor. "There is a surge in liquidity right now and a preference for senior, liquid zero-coupon notes, taking issues," the banker said. advantage of the higher "NationsBank has a five- demand for highly rated year issue and investors didn't mind going the extra two years because they wanted a couple of basis Webber, joint lead manager points more yield."

12.5 basis points over three-

ORESUNDSKONSORTIST. The bonds were priced at the consortium building a tium is AAA rated, reflecting the joint guarantee. the Oresund strait to link

the sum of its parts. That Denmark and Sweden, added another level of interissued \$200m of one-year est to the deal," said a tional, lead manager, adding that it was targeted at instiissues. The bonds, priced on an absolute yield basis, were or quasi-sovereign guaranteed by the two gov-

MARK 6	OVER	NME	(T B(	ONDS	
Fleci. Date	Couper	Bid Price	ilizi Yimki	Day chy yield	١
91/01	8.790	107.5398	5.57	+0.06	

DEMOCRA		UAC			DIATE			
Aug 11	Placi. Date	Couper	Bid Price	Piets Yieks	light gail cail	We cho yieki	Month chg yid	teer cbg yki
Amirolia	91/01	8.790	107.5398	5.57	+0.09	+0.23	+0.15	+0,18
	36/00	8.750	123-0194	1.67	+0.03	+0.17	+0.29	-1.18
Anothia	07/00 01/06	5.675 5.000	102,7800 102,7800	3.95 4.63	-0.05 -0.07	-0.10 -0.12	+0.12 -0.14	-0.12 -1.11
Belgian	01/00	4.000	100.2790	3.79	-0.06	-0.20	-0.20	-0.00
	03/05	6.750	106,0200	4.89	-0.07	-0.12	-413	-1.10
	03/00 98/98	6.000	99,5000 109,4200	1.26 5.49	-0.00 -0.05	-0.02 +0.05	+0.0	+0. <b>62</b> -0.57
Decauerk	11/00	9,000	109,8544	4.30	-0.09	-0.06	+0.06	-0.17
	11/07	7,000	176,4600	4,78	-0.08	-0.14	-0.13	-1,52
(indeed)	01/66	11,000	103.0034	3.51	-0.02	-0.10	-0.10	-0.35
	04/08	8,000	110,0780	4.68	-0.03	-0.11	-0.06	-(23
Francis	0.1400	4.000	100,3000	3.76	-0.06	-0.12	-0.12	-6.85
	04/08	7.500	118,2200	4.10	-0.07	-0.14	-0.16	-0.02
	04/08	8.250	195,2700	4.66	-0.07	-0.14	-0.17	-1.06
	04/29	6.500	105.4900	6.14	-0.08	-0.12	-0.14	-1.26
Specially	03/06	4.000	100.4600	3.89	-0.07	-0.19	-0.09	-0.10
	10/05	6,800	112.7010	4.39	-0.07	-0.15	4.11	-0.36
	01/06	5.250	105.8100 W/.41100	4.47 8.10	-0.07	-0.14	-0.22 -0.17	-1.22 -1.33
	01/26	6.625			HIE	-0.12		
inieni	10/01 66/06	8.000 8.000	100.1900 100.7300	4.40 4.78	-0.05 -0.05	-0.17 -0.12	-0.72 -0.18	-1.54 -1.89
Berry	04/01	4.600	tio Ima	4.22	-0.04	-0.12	-0.06	-1.94
-	05/03	4.790	193,4000	4.42	-0.04	-0.12	-0.05	-1.91
	80/20	5.000	102,1300	4.72	-0.04	-0.13	-0.16	-1.93
	11/27	6.500	117.9700	5.25	-0.04	-0.11	-0.17	-2.04
Japan	024/06	6,400	109 4200	0.46	+0.02	-0.03	-0.07	-0.17
	<b>E0480</b>	4.00	116,8000	0.84	ALC:	-0.04	-0.07	-0.69
	09/05	3.000	111,000	1.25	+0.02	-0.03	-0.18	-0.91
	09/18	2.700	109 6200	210	+0.81	-0.04	-0.15	-5.05
Helisphanis	05/00	9.000 6.350	105.5600 105.1800	3,54 4,59	-0.06 HQJE	-0.15 -0.12	-0.06 U1.0-	-0.16 -1.06
New Zooland	02/01		_		_		-0.50	-0.74
	11/06	8.000 8.000	102,9999 110,5949	6.69 6.51	+0.08	+0.04	-0.06	-0.81
Nervor	01/59	9.000	107,400	5.84	+0.00	40.29	+0.50	+1.12
	01/07	6.750	108.3900	6.33	-0.04	-0.01	-0.02	-0.70
Portugui	03/00	5.375 5.375	101.9109 104.3500	4.11 6.81	~0,04 -0,04	-0.06 -0.10	-0.12 -0.10	-1,23 -1,53
-	04400	6.750	104,3700	1.98	-0.11	-8.12	-0.17	-1,15
-	01/08	6.000	100.400	4,78	-0,05	-0.13	70	-1.61
Sanday .	05/00	10.250	109,6950	4.28	-0.05	-0.00	+0.14	-0.85
	05/08	6.500	112,7310	4.82	-0.08	-0.06	-0.02	-1.78
Switzerland	62/00	5 000	104.9700	1,95	-0.04	-0.14	-0.29	+0.42
	05/07	4.500	113,7500	2.73	-0.04	-0.12	-0.44	-0.74
UK.	11/01	7.0%	102.0219	6.29	-0.03	-0.16	-0.57	-0.57
_	12/03	6.500	102.8882	5.86	-0.04	-0.17	-0.14	-1.22
	12/07	7.250	112.1043	8.57	-0.03	-0.12	-0.22	-1.51
	12/36	6.000	110.3750	5.31	~0.03	-0.03	-0.25	-1.74
US.	05/00	5.500	109.3173	5.31	-0.05	-0.13	-0.18	-0.67
	06/63	5.500	100.6003	5.36	-0.05	-0.11	-0.15	-0.98
	05/08	5,525	102.1185	5.34	-0.07	-0.09	-0.77	-1.07
	11/23	712	107.8485	5.56	-0.04	-0.07	-0.10	-1.11

Aug 11 Yeld Bunds T-Bonds

Buseum 5.85 +1.020 -0.68 Mortes

Respira 4.65 +0.20 -0.68 Mortes

Respira 4.70 +0.24 -0.84 Portug

Certada 5.49 +1.03 -0.57 Swede

Polarand 4.77 +0.31 -0.57 Swede

Fedand 4.99 +0.23 -0.65 Switzs

Polarand 4.98 +0.12 -0.76 Switzs

Fromce 4.98 +0.12 -0.76 Switzs

Fromce 4.98 +0.12 -0.76 Switzs

Fromce 4.98 +0.12 -0.76 Switzs

From 4.75 +0.28 -0.58 Succes

Indian 4.58 +0.12 -0.78 Anneal

Reference 4.58 +0.12 -0.78 Mortes

Indian 4.58 +0.12 -0.78 Mortes

Indian 4.58 Holler -0.88 Holler

750 886 88.4488 125 85 101.2284 375 884 94.2192 000 8 96.2273

105.86 105.94

BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS

ernments.

98,901 7,55

UTB --Unit 0.86 1.20 1.60 High 106.88 166.25 Low 106,40 106,04 .Bit. vol Open bit.

Bat. vol. Open let. 26436 133724 750 9840

LOS

14 Open Int. 14 2576 Low 110,80 110,32 Open 110,19 116.38

Est. vol Open int. 2002 vic 485 vic

THE SHIP REMODEL 105.78 HUSE 98,901 145,542 7,355 2,681 5.74 8.54 6.91 5.71 PRUME SLAM FROM FRC8 7.14 JMA 7.50 JMA 8.55 JMA 8.55 JMA · 10 1000 318.0-

US INTEREST RATES

4.65 4.43 4.05 -0.08 -0.05 -0.04 7.625 7.750 7.825 5.97 6.49 7.35 9.500 8.500 10.625 6.675 \*\*\*\* 5.260 6.750 4.750 0.727

Aug 11 Aug 18 Yr. ago

5.750 5.750 5.376 5.376 1.820

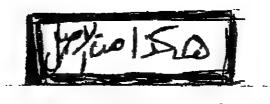
232 322 273 273 283 119.53 164.82 210.35 289.72

6.84 5 yrs 6.71 15 yrs 8.32 20 yrs 8.53 littel.† 0.00 0.26 0.40 0.57 0.24

4.73 - ENA 5.65 - 1164 5.87 - 1264 5.82 - 1264 5.84 - 1164 5.85 - 1164 5.86 - 1164 5.86 - 1164 5.86 - 1164 5.86 - 1164 5.86 - 1164 5.87 -

5.50 124H 5.50 127h 5.51 1977 5.53 1647 5.64 1353 5.56 1901

- 852 - 852 - 852 - 465 - 445 - 445



# FORESTHE ROTHEROWING

7, 24

\*Z 30 1

\*\* \*\*

When the

# Athens allows Yen prompts plunge beyond Asia MARKETS REPORT By Simon Kuper The currencies of Japan, the rests of Asia and most countries that export commodities fell with stock markets African rand, most Latin American coins and the Norway officials were silent. With the form the pen is the pen in the p

blame Japan for setting off day to defend its currency. the turmoil. Michael Scarlatos, strategist at Bankers Trust in New York, said the helped crystallise concerns new Japanese government that western stock markets was perceived to have dillydallied on issues of tax cuts and bank reform. That had hit the Japanese stock market, which fell yesterday for the seventh day running, had defaulted on some of its and the yen. This in turn debt. had raised the prospect that China might devalue the are seeking safe havens. The

Kong dollar. that most other Asian currencies would be weakened by further depreciation, and that had then hit other emerging markets, notably

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

+0.0321 556 - 776 +0.1085 111 - 280 +0.007 752 - 460 +0.007 231 - 460 +0.003 452 - 571 +0.003 452 - 571 +0.003 452 - 571 +0.003 550 - 607 +0.005 550 - 607 +0.005 573 - 607 +0.004 573 - 580 +0.004 573 - 590 +0.004 573 - 590 +0.004 573 - 590

21.4693 59.5665 11.0799 8.3920 8.7512 2.9088 487.229 1.1584 39.9665 9.2991 12.4131 287.534 245.845 245.272 2.4309

The state of

the Drinke

definition and the The state of the s

100 1835 SEP

of piral balls

about broke

the factors

concerned to

the forten borrows

. . . manihir bar . Transfer to Thomas is

A COLUMN TO 1122

""""对方值

10 hot 220 1 6 and 12 and 

CONTRACTOR OF STREET

of the - Paris 1

Car Commence No.

die pilite v

Equipment of

TANK DOSE

A44 1 7 15

- 45

, , ,

🚇 भाग ज

7 TURNS

Aug 11

Meanwhile the falls in these various markets have plunged again yesterday. Just in case anyone had any spare nerves left to frazzle, it was reported that Indonesia No wonder that traders

renminbl and the Hong dollar rose yesterday to a That had prompted talk POUND IN NEW YORK Aug 11 --

20.5328 20.4501 90.1240 36.9100 11.1173 11.0796 8.8716 82240 9.7850 97398 2.9755 2.9050 48.934 481.840 1.1612 11.557 2879.91 2866.84 60.1340 58.9100 1.2088 12.790 12.4890 12.980 12.4890 12.980 13.46.95 267.223 247.570 246.480 11.1188 12.2388 2.4477 2.4221

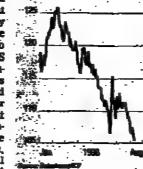
1.9134 1.9134 2.488 16.1553

28 3858 45 28.258 52.748 45 29.359 11.8454 37 19.552 1.808 44 8.751 2.8179 45 28.747 44.887 47 68.255 52.767 14 1.51 28.210 29 3841.85 12.322 20 12.574 12.322 20 12.574 12.322 20 12.574 12.322 20 12.574 12.323 35 244.82 11.248 37 12.1738 2.418 33 23.984 1.4786 37 14.1736

going to be laughed at," said Peter von Maydell, senior currency strategist at Credit Suisse First Boston in London. A German magazine were overvalued. They has quoted Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Pederal Reserve, as saying that Japan was doing too little to reform its economy.

The yen also suffered on the news reported in the Financial Times that the People's Bank of China had been selling yen. The bank has cut its holdings in the currency from just below a third of its particlic to below a quarter, in order to maintain the value of its reserves as the yen falls. The bank

4.1 19.7421 3.5 4.1 32.625 3.6 3.8 19.734 3.1 4.1 2.5362 3.6 4.1 2.496 3.6 4.1 2.496 3.6 4.5 49.861 3.6 2.8 27.946 3.1 4.1 57.825 3.8 4.2 31.60 3.5 1.2 22.77 1.5 3.4 22.666 3.3 3.2 20.777 3.3 3.4 22.666 3.3 3.5 1489 3.3 3.5 1489 3.3



stides further. China's foreign exchange reserves total holding in the world after Japan's.

China reiterated yesterday that it would not devalue. The yen dropped Y0.6 against the dollar, dropping through its eight-year low of Y146.75 to close in London at Y147.1. It fell Y0.26 against the D-Mark to Y82.60. The

Swiss franc rose SFr0.6 | The sun rises in the against the dollar to morning and soon after-

rate by 50 basis points each to 7.50 per cent and 5.50 per cent respectively.

Endre Skjoerestad, deputy finance minister, attributed the move to falls in commodity prices. Oil prices have hit a 10-year low and the Asian crisis has hurt Norway. The krone rose marginally from NKr4.270 to NKr4.268 against the D-Mark.



1784.00 36.8539 28181 7.5400 102.920 251.120 8.1790 1.4903 1.5300 1.1005

6.9898 1.1785 1.5227 9.2188

12.5440 12.582 36.8809 25 [5255 6.7747 6.7044 \$4055 5.4040 \$4055 5.9042 1.775 1.7779 25.039 287.435 1.4657 1.4647 175.430 187.55 18.800 18.65 2.0052 2.0042 2.0152 2.0042 181.960 181.805 180.93 151.805 181.960 181.805 180.93 151.805 1.4034 1.4034 1.4032 1.4036

12-3036 35-3030 5-3030 5-3030 5-3030 1-74-73 311-35 31-32-73 31-32

DOLLAR SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

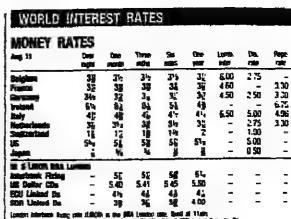
+88119 III - 354 +0.044 III - 489 +0.0015 III - 175 +0.0015 III - 185 +0.0015 III - 1

- 100 - 100 -0.0005 004 - 205 +0.0021 205 - 210 +0.005 130 - 100

wards the Bank of Canada intervenes for the Canadian dollar. It has done so for at least four sessions running country's central bank now. Yet the currency closed 0.3 cents down against the US dollar at C\$1.521. The bank had intervened at C\$1.5230. 4CAST, the economics consultancy, noted; The central bank looks to be getting a lesson in the laws of diminishing returns. The element of surprise is

> E Liu Mingkang, deputy bank, yesterday gave varition might hurt China. "A drastic devaluation could bring about a short-term not help China's long-term strategic competitiveness. he said. A devaluation could also hit public confidence in the remniobi, fuel mflation,

already slipping away.



EURU C	UKNENG	LIKIE	ESI II	AIE		
Ang 11	Short Mirri	7 daya nogot	(Vere month)	Three worths	Sit .	L) 100 positi
Becam Free	5; · 3;	J 350	1, 3,	31 - 3.	<b>京 - 3</b> 集	37 - 14
Dane's Rights	42 - 4	44 - 47	42 - 4	4% 4%	4 42	46 - 42
Geragan Mack	34 - 34	35 - 35	35 - 32	3 34	3 35	3¥ - 3;
Duty Gueter	34 - 32	3: - 31	3. 31	3, . 3,	3 . 1	34 3n
Francis Franc	3 - 3'	35 - 35	J. I.	3 - 3	371 - 34	35 - 15
Portuguese Esc.	42 - 43	41 + 42	42 - Ca	42 40	A di	45 - 43
Special Property	4. 6.	42 44	4. 4.	Production.	4, 44	49 - 45
Series	Sia - 7-4	72 - 72	75 70	71 - 77	27 - 27	78 - 77
Same Franc	12 - 74	12 - 12		1, 11	12 16	24 - 12
Caracter Dollar	41 - 44	41 - 6	52 - 54	5 5	5. 5.	54 - 54
US Bother	5 58			5% 50	5 52	54 - 17
Italian Lea	5 = 4 =		4, 4,	41 - 45	42 - 45	44 44
Japanese You	2 - 1	2 + 2	8 - 9		7 - 8	- # €
Amery \$500s	6 - 4	8 - 6 <u>-</u>	510 - 410	71 6-	5-1 - 5'1	4.
-	en cal for the U	lines and ter	news two t	ing with		_
S THREE MON	TH PARCE POIL	MES NATION	ns introduci ci	libera rate		
	Open Sett	ntr 🗪	r Ngh	Low	ful ed	(Ipen m)
540	9642 964	135 +P (19)	96.425	96 435	6.283	49 012
	DE NE DE 1	100 40 04		G. 110	E 484	76 144

Sett prote Change High 96.450 96.460 96.245 96.275 96.175 96.225 96.073 96.135 #0.010 RG 470 #0.025 RG 240 #0.050 Hb 745 #0.060 RG 150 M. CHE MONTH BURGHARK PUTURES (LEFE? DNOW points of 100% Self price Charge High 96 550 46 510 +0.005 -53 629 -53 629 -14 763 19 1632 19 1623 -02 663 16 930 16 772 13 853 +0.010 IN THREE MONTH ELMOURA PUTURES (LIFFELY L'ÉLOUIS ponte ut l'AFFE Open Settpice Change High Live 1st vol IN THREE MONTH BURD SMISS FRAME PUTCHES LEFT SFI I'M points of 11/12% 
 Open
 Set price
 Dialoge
 High
 Low

 98.130
 99.190
 +9.080
 98.590
 +8.110

 97.930
 98.000
 +0.080
 98.000
 nº 110

 97.840
 97.910
 +0.080
 97.934
 nº 100

 97.700
 97.780
 -0.080
 97.790
 0° 640
 22121 21725 4855 2220 מייונו זה פונפסן מסקרץ (לילעון **בפוקרו**ניה וופ**ירקוניה** ורואסא, באוור ש Sett price Change Open mi 10/4 10/4 10/4 +0.015 +0.030 +0.060 +0.060 95.520 96.220 96.220 96.130 95,905 96,225 96,165 96,085 95.905 96.205 96.085 96.085 16840 7587 4778 723 182 49 28

\*(10) 22·20 \*(10) 22·20 \*(10) 42·20 \*(10) 1,5286 1,9040 2,4777 14,4719 1,8289 2.7510 2.7520 2.746 2.8 2.7379
12.6777 12.6728 12.7128 -5.6 12.8142
76.1058 68.6230
22331.0 20751.3 2267.28 -6.8 2023.28
24.910 338.672 28.6728 7.8
6.905 6.906 7.5/19 -17.5 7.2200 1.2206 1.220 0.7 1.3186
1.225 1.226 1.226 0.7 1.3186
1.328 6.1162 8.1192 1.0 6.1706
1.328 6.1162 8.1192 1.0 6.1706
1.328 6.1162 8.1192 1.0 6.1706
1.0.6763 10.2677 12.714 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774
10.4763 10.2677 12.7148 -8.6 2.6774 +6.8167 883 578 +0.0055 480 980 +0.225 780 280 +750 900 -0.00 -0.0005 783 985 +0.015 080 120 +0.005 984 982 -0.55 580 980 +0.0055 880 990 +0.0055 880 990 +0.0056 880 900 +1.590 400 +0.005 880 990 +1.590 400 2.7549 70.064 70.065 8.0145 240.272 8.9405 1.295 71.5235 6.1280 2.8782 10.455 10.455 10.559 80.3188 72 294282 B7 1677 77294 -118 0.5 3.57 0.2 -16 76,0153 -0.1 0.9 8,0811 0.7 0.5 2,828 0.8 -14,5 11,0771 -12,0 106.5 CROSS BATES AND DERIVATIVES Aug 11 18.48 16.25 10 8.801

## E. | R | MO | B: Pin | SRr |

4.891 | 1.392 | 4784 | 5.468 | 20.70 | 466.1 | 411.6 | 22.16 |

2.825 | 1.045 | 2899 | 2.905 | 11.20 | 301.5 | 222.8 | 11.90 |

2.923 | 1.185 | 2942 | 3.393 | 12.73 | 305.1 | 25.1 | 13.63 |

1 | 0.396 | 998.3 | 1.127 | 4.298 | 102.3 | 84.36 | 4.358 |

2.511 | 1 | 2477 | 2811 | 10.72 | 296.3 | 215.1 | 11.47 |

0.101 | 0.400 | 100 | 0.114 | 0.433 | 10.37 | 8.500 | 8.453 |

0.867 | 0.353 | 874.9 | 1 | 2.786 | 90.73 | 75.28 | 4.062 |

0.578 | 0.399 | 964.2 | 1.102 | 4.772 | 100 | 29.97 | 4.466 |

0.578 | 0.399 | 964.2 | 1.102 | 4.772 | 100 | 82.97 | 4.466 |

1.178 | 0.469 | 1182 | 1.328 | 6.029 | 120.5 | 100 | 8.383 |

1.179 | 0.477 | 1780 | 1.346 | 5.107 | 122.4 | 101.5 | 5.485 |

1.179 | 0.466 | 1185 | 1.320 | 4.996 | 1198 | 924.6 | 3.29 |

1.278 | 0.708 | 1757 | 2.008 | 7.902 | 182.2 | 151.2 | 8.137 |

1.197 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 8.163 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.197 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 8.168 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.197 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 8.168 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.197 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.197 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 102.7 | 5.530 |

1.1979 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 100 | 201.8 |

1.1978 | 0.776 | 1946 | 2.224 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 100 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 201.8 | 2 ## 2 08 8

### 2 08 8

### 2 08 8

### 2 08 8

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 08 9

### 2 0 France
Germeny
Instand
Jany
Hostiverlands
Morway
Portugal
Specian
Settzerland
UK
Lumda
USA
Japan
Best 51.50 20.82 51.77 2.090 18.29 48.31 20.16 34.67 58.67 34.15 38.72 34.67 40.87 11.36 3.909 9.505 0.366 3.379 8.926 3.724 4.489 4.339 11.06 4.462 6.786 4.811 7.514 246.4 82.80 207.4 8.375 73.27 190.6 90.76 97.34 180.8 96.84 206.3 96.75 147.1 100 3.362 8.418 0.340 2.574 7.855 8.277 3.960 7.836 4.011 9.751 3.927 5.972 4.068 6.813 0.597 1.273 0.061 0.498 1.185 0.495 1.110 0.597 1.110 0.594 0.594 0.594 1 III D-MARK PUTURES (MRQ DM 125,000 per DM 0.9824 -0.0019 0.3656 -0.0018 0.3657 -Champs . -0.0055 -6.0058 . -0.0010 10ph 0,8660 (1,8665 Law 12,494 38 1 144,583 3,222 1,918

+0.0032 +0.0033 0.6748 0.6810 0.6865 \$3,017 \$50 . 16 0.0006 4,267 71 3 UK INTEREST RATES LONDON MONEY RATES 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 7% - 7% 84 - 64 78 - 78 UK steading bank based lecoding rates 7% per coast fines Jule 4, 1866 Up to 7 1-3 1 month month? see 3-6 mar#s Carde of Tax dep. \$100,000) 4 8.5 6.5 8.25 8.25
Casts of Tax dep. scaler (100,000) is dec. Deposits windown by rank top.
Ant. State rain of discount on Any 7 7 19890c. EXED State and State. Deposit. Placent. Make up they 3d 31, 1988. Agreed tain top point Any 25, 1986 to Sep 22, 1998, Science III 0.05pc. Relativesce cain for probable to July 31, 1988. Agreed tain 31, 1988, Science IV 4 V 7.811pc. Remove House Rain Rain Apr Coun Any 1, 1988.

92.320 -0.010 92.480 -0.020 92.700 -0.005 92.960 -0.005 92.960 -0.005 High 92,350 92,510 92,750 93,010 93,220 92,300 92,456 92,696 92,640 93,180 1,60229 175498 133038 158786 105823 27213 44261 49178 36796 17046 And brainst on AFT, All Open Interest Sps. one for provious mpt.

III SHORE STERRAING CRYTICHES (LETTE) ESCO., COO points of 100%. Dec Strike Price 12250 12275 1.075 . Mar £.070 **1.5**25 0,100 0.230 0.085 0.185 0.306 0.430 0.030 0.005 0.165 1.345 0.125 1.365 0.55

Est. wil

Low

Open let.

BASE LENDING RATES any 7.50 Except Trust Limited 8.50 Sun Barilli IV.
(GB) 7.50 Photost Faming 8 Cor.50 Tall
(DB) 8 Cor.50 Hobb Bank 8 Carrier 7.50 Hobb Bank 8 Carrier 7.50 Unity Trust 8 Hobbat 8 Cor. bank 15 Tall 7.50 7.50 Adem & Company 7.50 Alfied Math Basik (GB) 7.50 Sun Bank 7.50
T38 7.50
United Bank of Kwanit 7.50
Unity Trust Bank Ptc 7.50
Whiteeway Lakthur 7.50
Yestahira Bank 7.50 **OHATRY Anaba** 150 State Vizzana 7.50 Benk of Cypnus Benk of Ireland Heritable & Gen Inv Bic 7.50 C. Hours & Co 7.50 7.50 Back of Scotland 7.50
Back of Scotland 7.50
Backing Black 7.50
Bat Bit of Intig East 7.50
Bath Shipty & Co Ltd 7.50
Citizen Mark investment Burking County NA - 7,50 Lloyds Bank Midland Bank 7,50 7,50 Clydecisie Benk The Co-operation NetWestprinster

ORan Brodnice 7.50 nd 7.50 Coulo & Co. 7.50 Royal St. of Scotland 7.50 Opnus Popular Bank 7.50 Scotlan Wickens Sent 7.50 Discount Levels 7.50 eSinger & Educated 7.50

-0.0008 -0.0018 -0.0036 1,6320 1,6200 1,3130 1.6258 1.6220 1.6740 5,000 57 3 40,255 653 3 EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES % +/- from (801, 1880) 226.452 8.764.276 1962.07 197.132 201.500 7.51220 8.80347 40.6147 13.8575 1,9654 5.9633 2,2052 100,000 100,00 957,009 0.795244 1957,61 1951,255 202,592 7,54257 6,53185 48,7844 13,9119 1,97736 6,07125 2,27790 -4.56 -1.40 -0.74 -0.83 -0.55 -0.51 -0.42 -0.40 -0.30 -0.30 1.19 0.41 0.22 0.22 0.08 0.08 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.879591 -0.000317 236 -3.57 State Price 1,820 1,630 1,940 0ct 1.45 1.92 2.51 Sep 2.04 1.42 8.95 Oct 2.51 1.91 1.48

IN THE ASSESSED SE IN INVESTS OF TRANSPORTED IN CO. CO. CO.

1,... ⊀

- 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.25 0.77 0.37 6.11 6.19 6.34 0.72 E THE WATER CONTINUES AND PLAN OF A 197%. 94.34 94.36 94.45 fac. wid Open int. 21,927 48,986 86,993 445,763 396,138 368,979 POTENT ALL POTENTS DO STO PE 100% Sup 95.10 H5.15 Dat 95.20 95.25 Mar: 95.14 ns Open interest tips on the produce day 15 1 1 
 Back
 Does
 July
 Sup

 0,005
 0,005
 0,005
 0,005

 0,005
 0,005
 0,005
 0,005
 0,005

 0,005
 0,200
 0,200
 0,200
 0,200
 Aug Sup 0,000 0,100 0,018 0,015 0 0,005 98975 98509 98625 96760 (ZD 0.200 0.480 0.400 Data Mar San 8.110 0.318 0.205 8.000 0.425

Website: http://www.nnioncal.co.uh Union CAL Limited e-mail: alasthir.fraser@unioncal.com 8333

PUTURES OPTIONS & FOREX WILL CLIES

mini

BERKELEY FUTURES LIMITED 38 DOVER STREET, LONDON WIX 3RB TEL: 0171 629 1133 EAX: 0171 495 0022

 Futures & Options Online Trading Margined FOREX

£5.£22 Micros & Opcioto, round-turn institutional perview lat private clienta. 0800-262-472 Lundum: 0171-547-1791 Generally: 0150-818100 Switzerland: 06 00 55 83 38 LEND-RALDOCK & COMPANY

Freephone PUTURES PAGER

REUTERS 0800 85 82 08 PRINCES ME FOREX 24 HOURS www.igindex.co.uk

IGINDEX onw internet decling service

0171 896 0022

OFFSHORE COMPANIES bilanies (n. 1979 OCRA has 2) oliticas world wide and 750 mildy-basis or Feb 100 page 7700, totales bedfilms (in-mills film-mills film-mills film-mills film-mills film-mills film-mills (in-mills film-mills fil

INTERNATIONAL FUTURES CORPORATION LIMITED Futures, Options & Margined Forex. Trading in all major Markets. Speedy fills, competitive commissions. Try our service and see what you have been missing!

Execution only: 0171-674-0020 Full advisory: 0171-674-0034 Estal: info@mternationalfutures.com Weekly Options Strategies Daily Technical Analysis Market-Eye

Ecquirer 0800 321 321 A.H. M. Ber Euro, January 1 1999 ders, if you haven't seen it how are you going to trade it? EuroVision www.inturtechaircs.com sumss. rumss. Tei. +44 171 294 0044

If you would like to advertise, or require any further information, please contact: Sherie Donovan Tel: 0171-873-4928 Fax: 0171-873-3062

when you open a new account with Lind-Weldock.

At Lind-Waldock, the world's largest discount futures brokerage firm, we provide the best tools to help you trade on your own LIND-WALDOCK INTROACCOUNT

 Market Analysis Hotime Order Placement Gurde Traders Discount Catalog e and more!

£5-£22

0.005

0.266

0.010

ONLINE TRADING Real-time access to your account. Place orders for all U.S. futures. MARGINED FX

Global foreign exchange spot and forward currency transactions. LIND-WALDOCK & COMPANY DURRANT MODEL - 8-13 CHISHELL ST. - LONDON ECTY AUG

www.lind-waldock.com

For Information in the UK calk | London, 0171-247-1701 | 0800-262-472 | Oermany: 0130-818100 | Austria, 06 60 73 23 Austria, 06 60 73 23 France: 08 00 90 83 43 Futures trading involves the risk of loss, even greater than the original investment. May not be Sweden: 020-795176 Switzenland: DB 00 55 83 38 Spain: 900984446

FRF 1,000,000,000 CARIPLO Floating Rate Depositary Receipts of 1997/2002 XS0078850830

3.6625% Interest Rate Interes: Penod August 10, 1998 November 09, 1998 Interest Amount due on November 09, 1998 per FRF 100,000 FRF 92580

BANQUE GÉNÉRALE DU LUXEMBOURG Agent Bank

PERSONAL

PUBLIC SPEAKING litaining and speech writing by erd winning speake First lesson free. Tel: (01727 861133)

To Advertise Your Legal **Notices** 

Please contact Melanie Miles on Tel +44 171 873 3349 Fax:

+44 171 873 3064

# Small US oil producers in crisis warning on fall in world prices

Independent well owners are demanding tax relief and other assistance, such as help with transport costs to enable them to keep going, writes Tony Walker

m a has been, but I guess that's better than being a never have been," says Jim Brock, standing in the shimmering desert heat beside his cluster of oil wells whose financial returns are dimin-

ishing by the day. with his own Learjet, ranch, park. Now, as a "stripper" producer - one who pro- prices of \$11-12 a barrel. duces a few barrels a day he is barely surviving the have dropped to levels not

In the mid-1980's he was the 130th largest independent producer in the US and dreamed of \$100 a barrel oil That proved a mirage, with oil reaching \$40 before sliding back under the weight of world recession and Opec

over-production. These days, producers such as Mr Brock hope the price will limp back up to reasonable return for small operators, who account for about Im barrels of US daily consumption of 6.3m barrels. The US imports about 54 per

cent of its requirements. The Independent Petrolearn Association of America situation is "extremely criti-

500,000 marginally economic wells across the country, are driven to the wall.

"America stands to lose its true strategic petroleum reserve if action isn't taken soon to provide relief from It was not long ago that devastating low oil prices." Mr Brock was riding high, says George Yates, chairman of the IPAA. Mr Yates has shut down his own wells in New Mexico because of low "In real terms, oil prices

> seen since the 1930s," he says. "Profit from 500,000 marginal wells, which produce on average less than 2.2 harrels of oil per day, has completely evaporated." Independent producers are

> demanding tax relief and other assistance, such as heln with transport costs to enable them to keep going. In Midland, headquarters of producers in the Permian which accounts for 17 per cent of reserves in North America, excluding Alaska, the mood is pessimistic.

the Permian Basin Petroleum Association, says the sis" for the US if the small number of rigs involved in Report, estimates that, with

producers, who operate searching for oil is a barometer of bad times. The number of active rigs in the Permisn Basin is down by 25 per cent

The low oil price is also hurting companies that service the oil sector. In the mid-1990s the Permian Basin had 20 active drilling companies; now the there are three

Mr Morris, chief executive officer of Wagner and Brown, one of Texas's larger independent producers, said it had cut exploration in Texas by 50 per cent.

arry Spannaus, vice-president of Pioneer Natural Resources, a large independent producer, likened the oil and gas market to an escalator that is constantly moving up and down. "There's never any stability," he says. "We have no control over pricing: world demand."

Survivors of the 1986 crash say the price squeeze this the cycle and there is no early prospect of relief. John Pitts, editor of the Permian Basin Oil and Gas

this year, Permian basin producers are \$7.3m a day worse off than they were nine production of 975,000 barrels Taken over a whole year, that amounts to about \$2.5bn in lost revenue from less

than a year ago. ruefully acknowledge that their plight does not attract much sympathy in Washington, or even in Austin, the Texas capital. Low oil prices have helped hold inflation down, benefiting transport and other oil-dependent sec-

dependent on oil in the midper cent to the state's output and 5 per cent to employ ment. Now oil's contribution to output is about 7 per cent and to jobs 2 per cent. Texaspanies, such as Dell, Compaq and Texas Instruments, contribute more to Texas exports than oil.

We're getting pretty darn close to the break-even point, where Texas benefits more from low oil prices high oil prices," says

early 1980s we could be Jim Brock like to hear. "The drop in oil prices. And that's

excessively bearish. I would

Looking further sheet, Mr

Armold suggests the Asian

crisis will stimulate eco-

nomic reform in the region

similar to that in Europe

after the second world war

since when French and Gen

mans have progressively

forecast of \$250 to \$350."

# Crude oil at lowest for 10 years

MARKETS REPORT

Oil prices fell to their lowest for 10 years yesterday as widespread concerns about the present glut of crude and petroleum products deep-

The global benchmark Brent blend contract for September delivery dropped to \$11.55 a barrel in early London trading, not far above the lowest price ever recorded on London's International Petroleum Exchange - \$11,30 on Octo-

ber 5 1988. By the close of trading it had recovered slightly to \$11.78, down 13 cents. The Brent price in London has dropped by 81 cents a barrel. or 6.4 per cent, since trading started on Monday.

Philip Cowan, analyst at Credit Lyconnais Rouse, said: Storage facilities are almost full to the brim while demand keeps on falling and, with investment funds continuing to lean on the market, it is hard to see where the recovery will

He said trading activity was being "dominated by locals" – private investors who use their own money to speculate - while the speculative funds that orchestrated the slump in prices on Monday were "taking a back

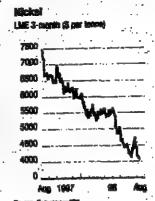
.Oil producers have pledged to cut output by 3bn suggested this would not be mough to lift prices.

Russell Hill of OMW, an Australian oil company, said it could take four months to bring stocks to more normal . levels if the producer cuts continued at the present rate. "Four months is too far ahead for the market to get

Exchange, nickel prices fell to 44 year lows, with metal for delivery in three months at US\$4.050 a tonne in narly

ings Global Mining Group, pointed out that Inco, the biggest nickei producer, had disappointed the nurket by weakening demand in Japan and the rest of Asia and fall-

ing prices.
Robin Bhar, analyst at Brandels (Brokers), said last big technical support level. Nickel could slide to \$3,600 if the price broke



through \$1,000, Mr Bhar said, and then \$3,800. Last closed on the LME down \$45 tonne, or 1 per cent, at

Coffee futures fell on the London International Financial Futures Exchange. reacting to a weak stock market and lack of trader support. The henchmark September contract closed down \$63 at \$1,618 a tonne. Colombia said it harvested \$

1,279m bags of coffee last month, a 35 per cent rise over the same period last

# Gold price forecast at \$200-\$300 over five years

Grains and Oil Seeds

\$\text{Sep}\$ 274.09 -Q.57 275.50 271.75 19.464 77,897

\$\text{Rec}\$ 222.75 -1.00 224.75 250.25 25.019197, 221

\$\text{Mar}\$ 233.75 -Q.50 235.00 231.00 2.517 40,036

\$\text{Mar}\$ 244.50 -4.75 241.25 238.50 1,540 12,511

\$\text{Add}\$ 246.00 -4.25 248.50 248.50 1,534 17,061

\$\text{Rec}\$ 246.75 +0.75 248.25 248.50 1,534 17,061

\$\text{Rec}\$ 246.75 +0.75 248.25 248.50 331 1,734

\$\text{Add}\$ 46.82 332,894

775 - 789 775 881 +6 880 588 926 +11 926 626 965 +5 - -855 +6 - -

etaier rates. Brighter BPIs declined 10-30 cents with mediums 10-20 cents assist. Lower mediums assed 5-15 cents with plainer sorts lower. Brighter fiquoring and ocloury mediums PFIs were 10-35 cents easier. Lighter mediums deprecised 5-18 cents with lower mediums and plainer sorts 5-20 cents easier. Apart from a few selected lines of brighter figuoring tess which were desirer. P dusts and dust its were lower. Peldistan pactions lent support but the Bazzar and Atghanistan were quiet. There was less enquiry from Engot and the LRK was more selective.

PULP AND PAPER

IN PROPER CHICK (USE; 24 at dry load)

89.70 - - - 41 72.75 +0.25 - - - 905 74.75 +0.25 74.50 74.50 20 207 76.96 +0.25 - - - 95 77.90 +0.25 - - - 22

The gold price will range between \$200 and \$300 a troy ounce in 1998 dollar terms during the next five years, according to Ted Arnold, analyst at Merrill Lynch, the investment bank.

Long-term forecasts of this type are unusual, but Mr ment buying in the west on

COMMODITIES PRICES

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

712

537-88

4015-20

15,074 5,283

# Like Aus anticker (75 cone 1.67cm) Like Closing E/5 rate; 1.6329

PRECIOUS METALS

263.00-263.30 265.10-285.60

Loco Lda Mean Gold Landing Rates (% USS). 1 month \_\_\_\_\_\_\_A82 6 months \_\_\_\_\_

174.411 425.328 174.156 423.762

COLUMN TRACTOR BANKS

Per Spe land

4100-10 4135-40 4130/4090 4070-80 4090-88

Kerb close Open ist. Total delly turnome

Close Previous High/four Just Chical

Mar in the pass

I ROLL S PE MAN

Close
Previous
High/love
Air O'ficial
Kerts cluses
Open tet.
Total shily asses

TE S PE DOWN

Ciose Previous High/low AM Official Rato ciose Dyna Lis. Total Cally Lan

BASE METALS

client, gives some of the reasoning behind the predictions in Merrill's latest Bese & Precious Metals Monthly

cantly below \$200 an ounce would cause drastic production cuts and even closures. "It would also spark a considerable volume of invest-

Previous Metals continued

M. CRUDE GIL, KYMEX (1,000 barrels, Sflerrel)

ME MATURAL GAS PE (1,000 Burns; posts per burn)

10.800 +0.500 10.850 10.400 510 2.570 11.500 +0.240 11.500 11.360 11.360 12.570 12.56 23.385

1.800 -0.095 1.830 1.780 23,192 53,279 1.840 -0.098 1.857 1.830 7,175 32,625 24,135 -0.063 2.500 2.420 1.876 25,876

40.20 -0.45 40.80 38.50 17.115 45.008 40.50 -0.23 44.95 39.00 5,823 20,352 41.20 -0.70 41.90 40.85 1,808 6,208 40.05 -0.10 42.50 41.80 338 6,078 42.50 -1.10 43.10 42.50 22.3273 45.00 - 46.50 45.00 58 1,757 25,727 25,367

NYMEX (42,000 US galle.; artill galle.)

12.21 -0.22 13.40 12.55 22.518 74.976 13.21 -0.25 13.42 12.55 22.518 74.976 13.81 -0.16 13.79 13.37 6.833 38.047 13.92 -0.15 14.01 13.75 9.801 50.474 14.27 -0.08 14.25 14.05 4.746 50.978 14.25

284.5 -3.3 286.7 284.3 289 1,579 286.8 -3.4 286.4 286.3 1,416 11,285 286.0 -3.5 281.6 287.3 22.066 102.50 289.6 -3.4 281.0 289.5 22 13,789 281.7 -3.5 283.0 284.0 280 102.50 281.7 -3.5 283.0 284.0 280 102.50 283.6 -3.5 283.5 284.0 280 102.50 283.6 283.6 283.0 284.0 280 102.50

medium term for a useful capital gain. Sub-\$200 prices would cartainly produce an awful lot of investment buying interest in the price senworld: India, the Middle Bast

tially above \$300 an ounce would encourage disinvestment from these regions and Arnold, who said Merrill was the view that gold is 'dirt renewed bouts of forward cheep' and should rise in the

and Asia."

Prices above \$800 would to sell much more from their in the next five years, the International Monetary Fund will sell some of its

Mr Arnold, reputed to be one of the market's big "bears", suggests the Euro-

**SOFTS** 

also encourage central banks at some 12,000 tonnes of Other analysts involved in

long-term forecasting are not ssimistic as Mr Arnold. Philip Klapwijk, at the Gold Fields Mineral Services consultancy said that if the dollar remained strong and pean Central Bank will be a there were no international "filter" for other central political uphervals, \$300 an

-15 1974 1052 1,576 30,010 -15 1105 1082 3,202 46,416 -14 1125 1886 497 41,512 -14 1148 1132 22 1427 -14 - - 7,541 -14 1172 1172 596 25,597

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK JOTTER PAD Out. Day's Price shange High Law Vol. 61.700-0.255 62.475 61.650 3,696

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Stellen unten S tenne - Colle -- -- Potte-

12445 -0.75 133.00 122.50 5,279 11,245
18.30 -5.30 122.00 18.80 3,548 10.552
115.25 -0.75 110.50 114.80 3,55 8,245
115.50 -0.40 110.25 115.00 \$6 2,265
115.50 -0.40 110.25 115.00 \$6 1,051
110.45 -0.285 110.25 117.00 19 1,447
4,011 10,747 253.2 +8.5 253.7 250.6 1,977 21,387 252.9 +8.5 253.2 251.9 398 5,821 255.0 +8.5 255.2 253.4 366 7,978 255.5 +8.3 255.5 256.7 356.7 252.6 252.3 456 2,005 253.0 -6.7 252.2 262.2 28 1,320 252.5 -6.4 252.2 252.2 28 651 252.5 -6.4 252.2 252.2 25 651 1950 \_\_\_\_\_ 1975 \_\_\_\_ 1100 \_\_\_\_

10,75-10,85

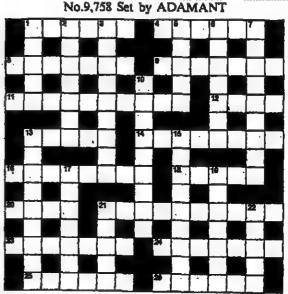
VOLUME DATA. Open Interest and Volume ship almost for qualization leaded an COMEX, WYMEX, COV., NYCE, CASE, CASE

2,500 25/111

Cold (per top co) ( Silver (per top co) ( Policies (per top co.) Policies (per top co.) 5855.00 79.0c Copper Lead (US peak) The (New York) The (New York) Les, day segar (suc) Les, day segar (suc) Sesion (Esq. teet) Maios (US tics) Televi Maios (US tics) Televi Maios (US tics)

Politicar (Scop)\*\*
Debition (Oct)\*\*
Reducer (FL RSS Not) Otropes Of (PMIS)
Pulse OR (Maley SE
Copes (PMIS)
Street (

CROSSWORD



All the Across clues have a connection with C and

8 In June the court will issue writ to prevent a C (7) 8 P provides firm with out-side increase in power (7) 11 In the capital, men had constructed a place of P

(6,4)
12 The P line remains (4)

C (5)

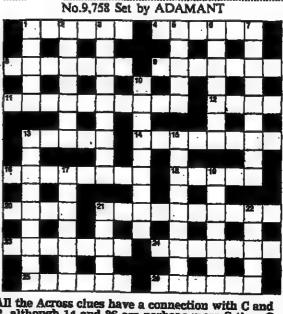
14 The S of maturity? (8)

16 Decision before P: no point in just imprisoning director-general and staff (8)

21 A little work in person transforms place of P (4.6) 23 Verbal P for hiding money 24 Capital stocks of P (7) 25 is P by torture alien to C?

26 Came to same conclusion about American S (6)

over to have a good time
(5) 1 For example writer comes 2 Try the old city (with friend from France) for fish

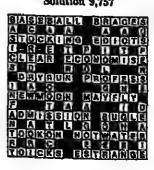


5 Working out clue about new member of the family 6 Uncertainty about the French garment (7) 7 One who marries a hospital

doctor (9)
10 Money made from writing about the Windsors? (9) 13 Like five (9) 15 Taking the lid off local gov-

ernment finance? (9)
17 Quote the magazine which
comes up with an egg-call 19 Parts of the body are sick a chopper is outside (7)
21 In former times accepted

the university had weight 22 Love to read about having Solution 9,757



**III CIII** Paleus: **Ban:** 1967 = 198

W 69Cl Spot (Bast: 1679) = 100)

Aug 10 Aug 7 141,22 144,12

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

Offshore Funds

OFFSHORE

AND OVERSEAS

1St

4. Table

in other

1 CO 1 12 1. 福田田

24 E 1 12 St;

1.00

1000

. .≃. - ೬ 1.000 10 miles 712

174.70

中心知识 . 321

BERMUDA (FSA RECOGNISED) RERMUDA Fernige & Colonial Emorging tiles **CANCER HITS 1 IN 3. GIVE YOUR** 

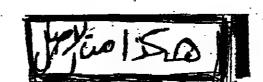
WORKFORCE A CHANCE TO FIGHT BACK.

The state of the s

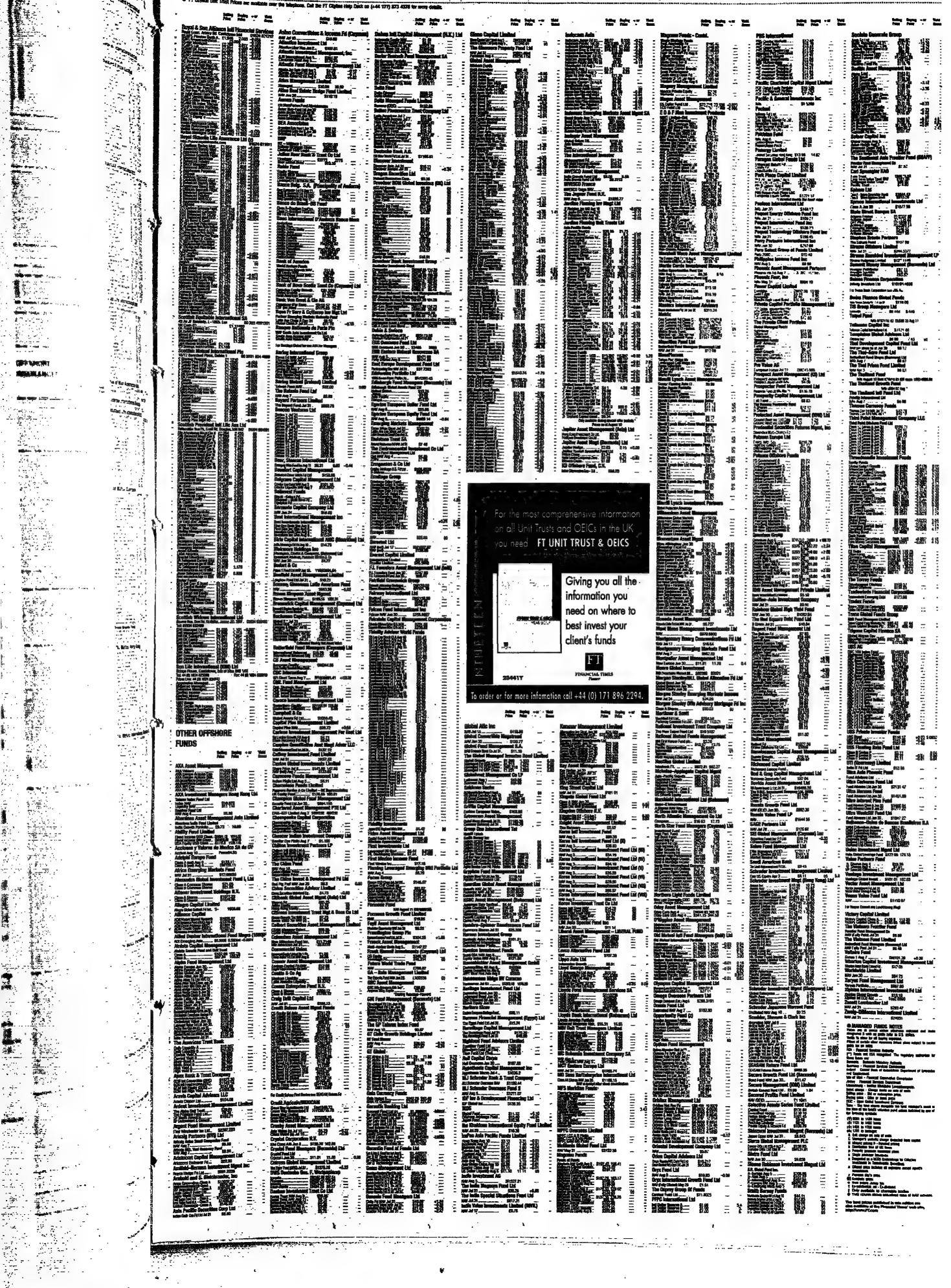
製売 で業

重新

- 1 CEN 130



25



AM ftige.

国中 10世界

**建筑基础基础**() \*

\$ 31,

The Paris of the last

100 Pr. ME 1,000 P

HITACHI

The property of the p

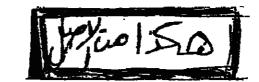
HOUSEHOLD GOODS & TEXT

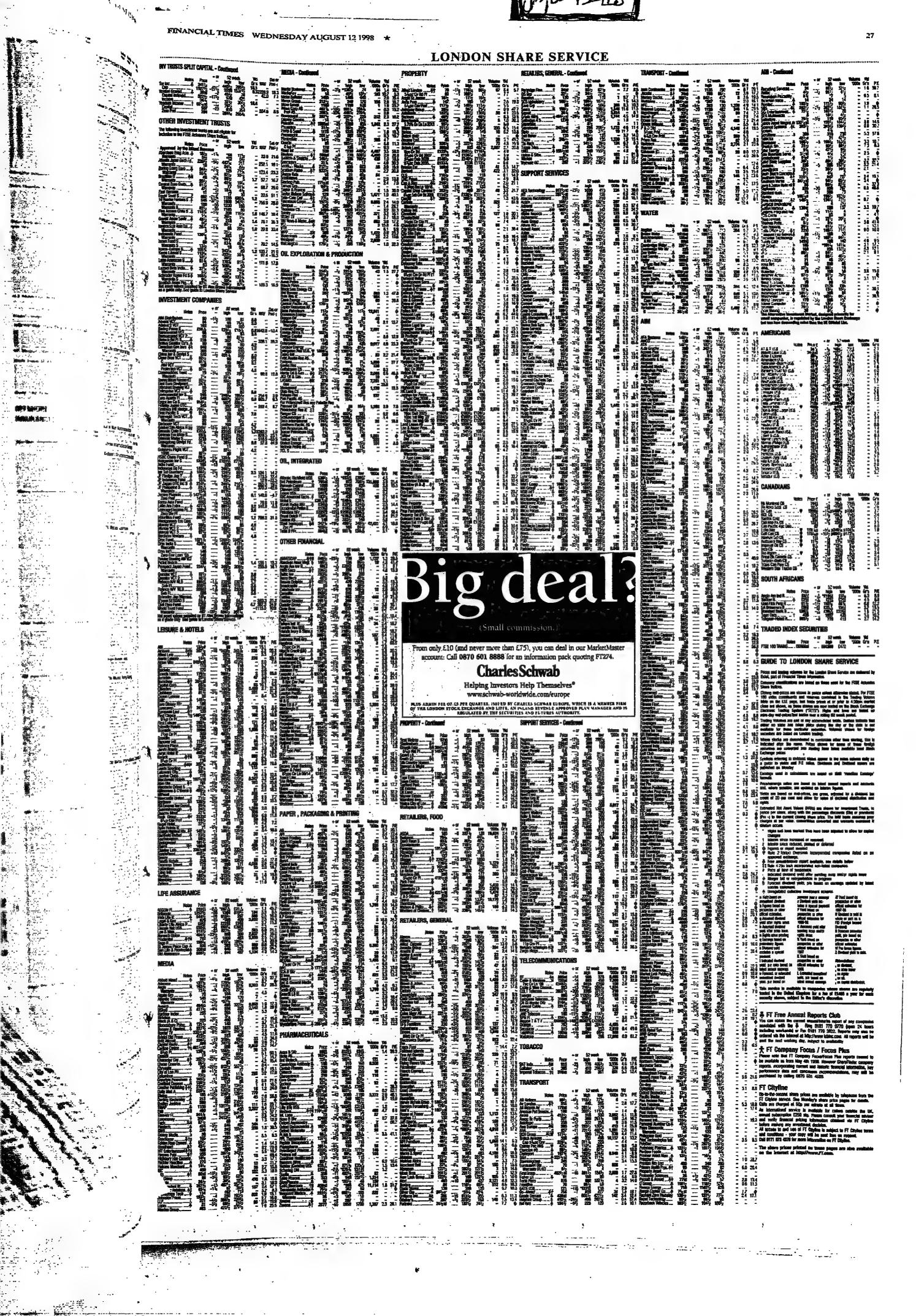
AND COMPUTERS.

Misso Sall

事件表 医肾气性病

1. . . .





# BP mega-deal fails to halt plunge in equities

MARKET REPORT By Peter John

What looked like an equity would return. bloodbath yesterday was more a very close shave with a blunt blade

The news looked pretty bleak. The leading index was down more than 3 per cent

But traders and strategists all said they had seen little genuine heavyweight selling

investment institutions were and Hong Kong back in gear after the sum-

down at 5.432.8, the head dealer at one broker said: "I years. think at this stage it is just a buyers' strike.

people are sitting on their hands," he added.

London was always heading lower. It opened in the the biggest one-day points a general recovery.

vinced that once the big wake of heavy falls in Japan drop since October last year,

The currency markets regmer holidays the buyers istered their lack of confidence in Japan's new admin-Although the PTSE 100 istration and the year index ended the day 154.8 dropped to its lowest level against the dollar for eight

Footsie was quoted down 30 points after the preas part of a global sell-off. It shrugged off news of what at the moment. There is cash could turn out to be the big-available and people want to 184 points. At that stage, it gest ever takeover by a UR-buy the market. But there is was showing a slide of more issted company. buy the market. But there is was showing a slide of more so much uncertainty that than 12.5 per cent since the peak just over three weeks

The net slide represented

and was one of the heaviest Industrial Average was points declines ever. How- down more than 200 points ever, in percentage terms, the fall was just 28 per cent, compared with the 12.2 per cent suffered in one session during the crash of October

News that BP plans to take over Amoco to create a \$110bn company gave a brief fillip and Pootsie clawed back 80 points very quickly. However, arbitrageurs selling BP to buy Amoco as a cheap way into the deal

eroded the gains in BP and undermined any prospect of

during the last hour of the IIK trading session.

Most of the weekness in London sprang from selling in the derivatives market, where Footsie fixtures traded at a small but persistent discount to their estimated fair value throughout the day.

risk rather than offload shares," said lan Scott of Lehman Brothers, who remains convinced that Footsie can return to 6,400 by the end of the year.

ures. Analysts expect a

Sector specialists indicated

neral insurance unit due

they expect the company to

to large weather-related

HSBC 89 to £12.60.

IT stocks suffer

Leading information tech-

nology stocks suffered more

than the general market

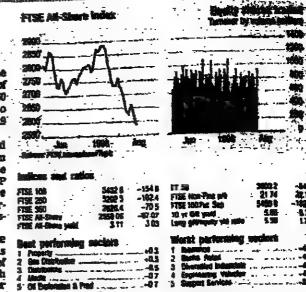
decline, with Sage off 90 at

upgrades are in the price."

the market. The PTSE 250 index fell 102 points to 5,202.3 and the SmallCap 37.9 to 2.367.7.

Turnover by Spin appeared unusually heavy at 941m shares, Nevertheless, once the 180m shares traded in BP and Shell Transport were stripped out, the under-

in the oil leaders, it was eighted firmly in favour of Footsie stocks, which accounted for nearly 60 per cent of the day's total.



# Takeover announcement of the proposed merger. This will proboost for BP

**COMPANIES REPORT** By Joel Kibazo and Martin Brice

Heavy technical trading in a single stock overshadowed the overall decline in the stock market as traders reacted to the shock in response to its announce-Petroleum's planned take-

over of US oil giant Amoco. The surprise £30.3bn deal to create a company capitalised at \$110hn was unveiled as some dealers took a lunchtime breather to enjoy the London sunshine, briefly helping to reduce the decline on a tumbling equity mar-

were testing the 900p level as traders scrambled for stock. But that appetite waned by mid-afternoon after dealers spotted the arbitrage opportunities and took advantage of the price anomalies between BP's offer and Amoco's underlying price.

As arbitrageurs sold BP. the shares retreated from their peak to close only 22 ahead at 795p. Turnover of 131m accounted for 14 per cent of the market's total

Sector specialists were euphoric. John Toalster at SG Securities said: "BP had run out of steam before the

life and create a credible challenge to both Shell and

Jeremy Elden at Commerzbank also welcomed the deal and said: "This is bad news for a company like Shell which had size to fall back on in the past."

In the rest of sector, news

trade of 47m. Burmah appreciated 5 to £10.55. Chemical group BOC rose

nine-month results before coming back with the market. It had previously binted at restructuring and the initial strong share price rise displayed the positive response from investors.

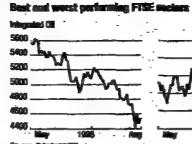
For most of the day, the stock was one of the few Footsie companies to show an advance, up 38p at best, But as the market chalked up larger declines in late of the deal hit Shell and the trading, BOC shares were shares fell 19% to 347%p after caught in the general fall and ended down 4 at 736p.

Guy Phillips at SG Securities moved from "hold" to "buy". He said the results announcement of British ment of restructuring and were about 4 per cent above cost-saving moves in its expectations, the restructur-

(DEX							
Aug 11	Aug 10	Aug 7	Aug 6	Aug 5	Yr ago	"figb	1.0W
3503.2	3587.7	3552.1	3518.3	3619	3185.2	3984.9	3486.8
3.00	301	2.98	2.98	2.98	3.45	4.72	2.72
21 72	22.30	22.76	22.47	22.52	18,74	25.A1	15.80
21.54	22.21	22.87	22.27	22.43	18.55	25.19	15.71
	Aug 11 3503.2 3,09 21 72 21,54	Aug 17 Aug 10 3503.2 3587.7 3.09 3 01 21 72 22.30 21.64 22.21	Aug 11 Aug 10 Aug 7 3503.2 3587.7 3662.1 3.09 3.01 2.98 21.72 22.30 22.76 21.54 22.21 22.87	Aug 11 Aug 10 Aug 7 Aug 6 3503.2 3537,7 3562.1 URIU.3 3.00 3.01 2.98 2.98 21.72 22.30 22.76 22.47 21.54 22.21 22.67 22.37	Aug 17 Aug 10 Aug 7 Aug 6 Aug 5 3503.2 3537.7 3552.1 38111.3 3518 3.08 3.01 2.38 2.98 2.98 21.72 22.30 22.76 22.47 22.47 21.54 22.21 22.87 22.47 22.43	Aug 11 Aug 10 Aug 7 Aug 6 Aug 5 Yr ago 3503 2 3557.7 3552.1 3810.3 3518 3185.2 3.08 3 01 2.98 2.98 2.98 3.45 21 77 22.30 22.76 22.47 22.47 18.55 21 54 22.21 22.87 22.47 18.55	Aug 11 Aug 10 Aug 7 Aug 6 Aug 5 Yr ago 14gb 35022 3587,7 3562,1 URIUS 3518 3185,2 3864,9 3.00 3.01 2.98 2.98 2.98 3.45 4.22 21.72 22.30 22.76 22.47 22.52 18,74 25.41

	9 3587.7	10	11					20gh 3597.7	
G	FISE NO	nggerei Li	<b>1986</b>	. Ж. прин	mared.	7ks 1980.			

	Aug 11	Aug 10	Aug 7	Aug 6	Aug 5	Yr ago
MAG bergelne	65,094	49,757	55,494	61,520	71,888	49,23
quity autower (Em)	-	2626.2	2005.3	2986.3	1610.	2986
quity bargains†		39.635	43,074	47,308	n/o	90.03
hares traded (m)†		646.3	703.2	726.3	n/a	969
familiagned technical legical		NU. BOOK	<b>* 36</b>	82,402	m/a	
otal terrover (Easi):	-	3405.T	4034.F	4369.5	D)E	
tiet baberi ente isto	*907.8	796.1	932.5	989.9	alt	
redepoint furnover (CIV)	28.2	13.8	163	29.0	74.8	0.
inadepoint styls tradedimi	11.3	4.5	6.0	9.7	15.6	ů.



ing was "very convincing" and the shares were likely to sharp drop in profits to recoup some of their 45 per between \$280m and \$290m, cent underperformance of the FTSE All-Share in the year ago.

There was relief in the market after retailer King- report a sharp decline at its fisher said it was considering an alliance with French retailer Castorama, rather claims over the last six than a takeover hid.

Kingfisher confirmed it was in talks with the French interim figures was among doit-yourself chain but said the few stocks that moved the discussions "do not ahead. They closed 2 up at envisage an offer for Castorama shares." The shares held steady at 473%p after trade of 4.9m.

Strategists believe a link with Castorama to be a Scotland fell 45 to 607p. move in the right direction for Kinglisher but had been nervous about the group having to fund such a takeover through a rights issue. Earlier this year, Kingfisher held talks about a possible merger with supermarket group Asda, 6 off at 186p.

Volume was 16m. Insurance giant CGU, formed from the merger of Commercial Union and General Accident, tumbled 79 to £14.35, Admiral 77% at 210.45 in nervous trading £12.42% and FI 100 to £17.25. ahead of today's interim fig-

ment was also helped by Dresdner Kleinwort Benson potting a 300p target price. It expected to grow from 10.5p. to 21.70 by 2000. British Airways fell in

reaction to earlier firstquarter results and concern over a possible delay to its planned merger with American Airlings. The stock was down almost 9 per cent or 48 at 509p as 6.5m were traded.

downgrades on the current full-year forecasts from a consensus of about 6645m to nearer £600m and to a figure of about \$680m for next year. But remarks from EU com-

A downgrade by Teather & 158p while life assurance Greenwood in Blue Circle put the broker at the lower group Sun Life & Provincial fell 46 to 508p. Banks were hit hard by the market slide. Bank of while Royal Bunk of Scotland surrendered 70 to 910p. Among banks heavily exposed to Asia, Standard Chartered fall 44 to 593p and

> Headlam, the SmallCap floor coverings company. exceeded the most bullish forecasts as it unveiled a 30 per cent pre-tax advance and showed it had escaped the problems suffered by Allied

The shares advanced 21/2 in "Take profits" advice on CMG from Granville saw the Research from Isn Spence at the broker said: "On nearly 90 times 1996 earnings, any

contract with the BBC, worth £4m to £5m, Sentisaid earnings per share were

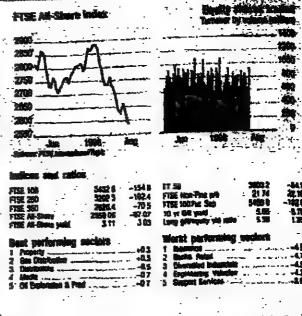
The figures have prompted

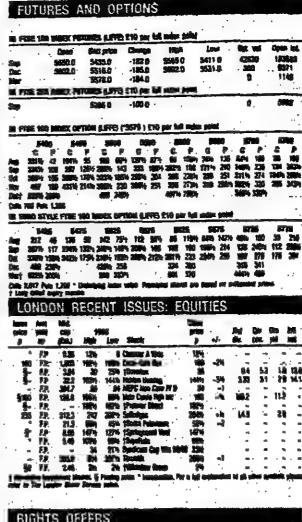
petition commissioner Karel van Miert prompted fears of a confrontation with the UK government over the fate of landing and take-off slots at Heathrow and Gatwick, which could delay any

end of forecasts for the full year. David Taylor at the broker moved from a pre-tax and told clients: "Blue Circie's strategic vision seems distinctly blurred and we think it has hard lessons to learn on focus." The shares: were off 8 at 328p.

Carpets and Carpetright.

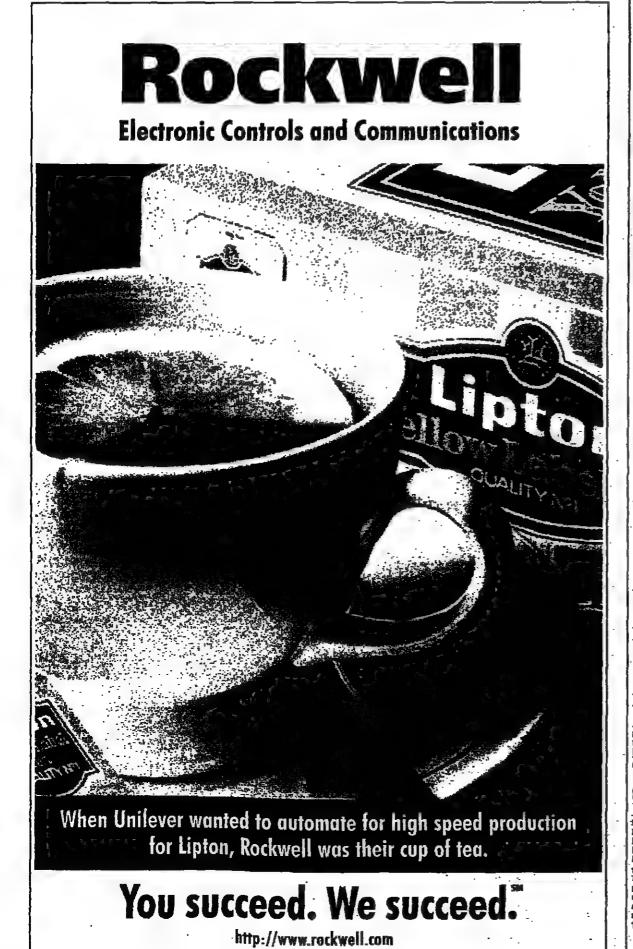
early trading but ended the stock lose 60 to £18.65. day off 2% at 300p. The company talked of "a more challenging sales environment" but made a bullish trading statement. Carpetright was On-line information com- unchanged at 284%p. For the its name from MAID in announced a buy-back, this time of 305,000 shares at

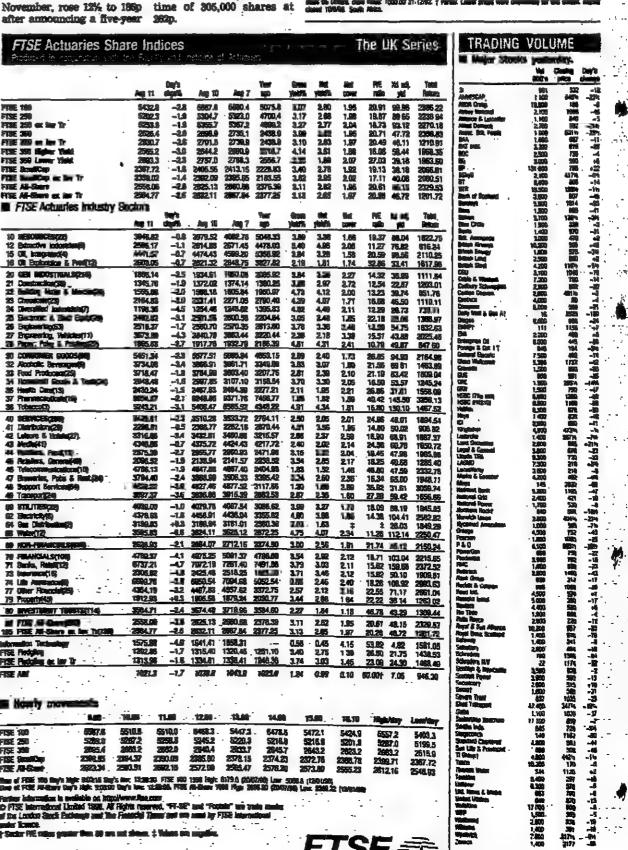


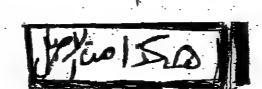


\$100 \$100	10	348 . 176 346	10pm 10pm 51pm	Tipon Topon 21-lpas	Principal Vincensia Vincensia	indervelg.	2959m 14pm 276m	-79
price	Amount paid to	Entert. Parties. chie	190	LOW	Simula		Cleaky price p	+81
BI	HTS	OFFER	S					
		The Paris						-
1000	11. 2	AS DE	ינונים להוחות 1995 אל	يسياسا . أعبن عليه	ge m, for a left er	10 miles	محب سخر ي	
•	() ()	. N	gri dyal	icas ĉię W Wi	1966 236 200	-1		
- 4	III.	<b>6</b> 10%	1904 Jan	A COL	-			

	:							
FTSE GO	TO WIY	IES I	INDE)	Χ				
	Ang 10	% sing as day			trees the yield %	NE Min		esk Lear
Sold Mines Index() or Regions' indices	-	-83	30434	1449.34	2.18	-	1604.45	200.7
Altho (10) Applicatelle (7)	1005.55			1413.43 1489.32	476 320	39.07 6.88	1525.29 1809.85	914.3 933.6
American (11)	842.52		844.95	1465.91	0.81	42	1574.16	107.5







AMETRIA (Aug 11 / Sch)

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

115 Delar index | 179,40 | 225,40 | 356,57 | 185,78 | 201,11 | 478,25 | 458,06 | 309,75 | 287,23 | 192,30 | 206,41 | 29,38 | 518,57 | 185,46 | 80,58 | 1175,48 | 484,84 | 195,18 | 365,12 | 576,18 | 376,29 | 443,78 | 390,11 | 197,13 | 427,19 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,10 | 324,51 | 329,50 | 324,51 | 329,50 | 324,51 | 329,50 | 324,51 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,50 | 329,

Pount Sarring Inches Sarring Index I

Amily A. Amilyan (Amilyan Amilyan Amilyan (Amilyan Amilyan Amilyan Amilyan Amilyan Amilyan (Amilyan Amilyan Am

| Martin | 1985 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987 | 1987

165.96 199.31 -0.3 208.34 0.0 0.0 356.37 348.77 -0.9 181.14 421.30 -1.8 180.06 221.02 -1.7 442.47 440.94 -1.8 529.15 -2.1 228.57 289.92 -2.1 228.51 529.15 -2.1 228.51 575.55 -0.9 122.22 228.55 -1.2 478.77 577.18 0.1 183.97 218.92 -1.9 228.15 -1.5 20.8 145.36 -2.9 197.71 1772.25 -3.0 145.36 51.52 -1.9 256.31 453.90 -0.8 182.97 -1.2 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.2 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.2 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.2 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.2 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -0.8 182.97 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.178 339.05 -1.5 228.28 32.21 -1.3 228.179 328.379 -1.2 238.379 -1.2 338.379 -1.2 338.379 -1.2 338.379 -1.2 338.379 -1.2 338.33 337.51 -1.0 228.13 236.75 -1.1

Found's Student | 163.95 | 205.42 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354.95 | 354

100.50 200.10 200.00 2

Rockwell

| The present lease | Secretary | Process | Pr

Emerging markets:

1000年10日 10 

Opport of the second of the se ### A PACK A PAC

**自当在**等公司的

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

Vlart sug

TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

- K -

114 SEE 112 SE

李子子在古典的人人 在我们都不是你有我的有人的我 人名英西西班牙里西西班牙里西班牙里

所通過期仍不認然的 · 所以為 · 是的本文語的於於於於於於於於於於於於於於於於於學的學的說的

STY, SEALERS STEEL STATE STATE

- F -

676 32 36 104 62 16 646 17 193

St. Sent St.

中、大川 Ta Immanian 
中、大川 Ta Immanian 
16. 中級 Ta Danda 
16

				- 4	
砂	Z,	AR1 AP1	636 1.55	14	20 21 2
新聞	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	AMB I I I AMB I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	083 083 8.60	46 15 15	11 292
254	21	ACTUAL DEL	049 836	17	200
112 103	7	ACM Set to: ACM GAOpp ACM Man I	z 0.53 2 0.53	8.5 7.8 9.7	11
100	A TOP	ACRE BOD ACRE BOD ACRESO			22
STATE OF	N. P. S.	Admit Espi Admit Espi Admit Espi	<b>基</b> 数	22 05	7 12
100	477	Advo inc Acquain Acris	0.79	9.0	4
774		ASC TOP	148	12	9 7 35 1
뛼	SE SE	AGCO AGCO AGL Res	0.25 0.04 1.08	08 04 58	18 6 3 7 15
	578	Alegan s AlefaC s Alaboe Fit	0.89 0.69 0.16	L4 20 0.7	14 7
現の	100	Artem z Artem z Artem	154	124	71 921
	100	Alexandria Alexandria Alexandria	0.42	2B 1B	7 1
	215	ALCON 1 ALCON 1 ALCON 2	0.24 0.84	1.1	13 2
でお頭		Alegi Alegi Alegi	1,72 9,84 0.42	1311	12 12 31 31
影響	317 181	Allery Case Allerys Cag a Allers Cag a	188	1.1 7.0	9 1
4	347	ACCIO ACCIO ACCIO ACCIO	0.90 0.84 0.54	17 79 13	15 G
쀖	21/2 180 30/2	Albei Apriconiji Apriconiji	1.1E 0.18	25 08	13 5
	ST.	Alexa E Alexa Co A Acederica Acederica	100 0.44 0.71	1.5 0.8 10.5	12 ¢
で記	145	An Piece Antific : Angel Int	0.40	07 31	14 15 1
點	1812	Accident Acc State Feb ACC :	0.62 2.40	1715	22 13 1
	Sec.	Ambient in Ambient in Ambient in Ambient in	150 041 2.12	2772	30 S
1		Am (teliga Justinas X Justinas	0.42 0.22	19 17 94	네 조건 강네
	20	Am U(s) es; Jan Pesi ib Janistr Janistr	65	TERE.	<u>د</u> شاد
300	200	Austroji s Austri Austria	4E 25	28	19 13 1
200		Approfes Approfes Approximately	1.00	27 각	35 1 14 17
香味	142	Acocci ; Acocci ; Acocci Pil, Acocci	1.50 0.36 0.80	22.22	2 m
10	影響	Acadelinii Acadeg Acadeg	0.20	47	19 2
	100	Angliz Angliz Angliz Angliz	1,12	22	2015
	7	Apacian Cip Apacian Cip Apac Man F Accindicis	0.23 0.69	1924	21 S
叫	100	Appl Pay A Appl Pay A Appl Day a	0.05 0.20	63 1.1	10 1
4	21	Armon Armon 2.17 Januari X	210 121	12 34	11 1
	31	Arts lip Arts lip Arts lip Annotes	0.85 0.85	20 20	12 1
W.	44.0	Astrosia Astrosi Astrosia Astrosia	0.16 1 10 0.38	22.74	15 2
	7	APRILLE AREI Abbie Say	12	25	2010 第46 第 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
	팏	Americal Austra Fri Austra	15	14	3 4
a a	7	Addition Audition Ampy ()	034 025	15	2 3 2 2
	SE S		9.89 1.78	11	7 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
雷	7	Applie Corp Action	150	<b>(2</b>	-
				- E	- 41 2
がたないない。 ではないないないないではないない。 ではないないできないできない。 ではないないできないできない。 ではないないできないできない。 ではないないできないできない。 ではないないできない。 ではないないできない。 ではないできないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできない。 ではないできないできない。 ではないできないできないできないできないできないできないできないできないできないでき	115	BCE Baler Feet Baler Feet Baler Se Balton Se Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton Balton		157 27 22 12 12 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	2427
100	語	nanträt Bulkp Sadiki Rasif	0.40 0.60 0.10	15 05	23 to 17 to 12 to 17 to
1		Bretton Bancatti Y BCH	1.52 0.23 0.36	11	1525
	144	BCF ACA Rowley Books	0.40 7 10 1.30	13	5 6
-	200		1 12	13	

### 17 - Branch | 12 - Branch | 12 - Branch | 13 - Branch

的复数,我们是一种,我们是这个人,我们是是不是一个,我们是是不是一个,我们是是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们 在外外市外外人与情与外外的情况中 外子的外女子的 古在山川等等情中在下的中在 医非大性 经代本有限的 

-125-01

-1250 -1271 -4271 -7291 -7374 -4139 -5583

Advertisement INSECTSe

2773,48 1490,36 1490,83 1414,18 1404,83 146,7,26

260.32 1567.61 1959.64 1217.69 1663.79 1421.98 120.98

が、100mmのでは

Grand Calcard Grand

をサーバイルであった。このでは、100mmのでは、100 - H -| March | Marc

12 Sept 12 Cop 15 Sept 12 Sept

-R--5-

おかるないなからからかられる 

- ¥ -

1 - : = 3-4

and the Company

bectz rippu

77 - 421

STATE CHANGE

De Beers

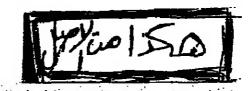
1041578

ore, water

A CONTRACTOR ender der nicht state Z

grand to be for the form

国際では10年間



GLOBAL EQUITY MARKETS US INDICES Done Jones a JAPAN US DATA Aug Aug 10 7 High Low 2005 | Agin Since o Aug Aug Aug 1986 11 10 7 High 1sw 15-00-59 1925-02 1925-17 1726-04 14664 41 2007-52 85.25 CHC 40 3945-90 3939-65 4 Days may 2005-02 Days ber 3746-19 41.22 38538 3838-5-401.86 438-46 202.54 438-46 904.51 971 (177799) 101-2 191-6 (11-9 (15799) 305.13 306.12 (100) (18490) 282.6 285.6 (27) (5786) Websa 225 \$4.99 MINE (1/1061) 150 150 56 56 72 Day's high: 19830.07. (my's last: 15270.36. 8700 TOKYD TRACES ACTRITY Water : 454,650,000 HE PARE TRADES ACTIVITY 868B TO MARKET MOVING Come Daile (colo.). tambs cade gr gala gala 日本 マロードがから Sincis Franci 1,615,506 1,580,540 1,570,463 1,365,542 1,242,906 1,221,479 978,260 918,347 712,756 506,966 Upo shakes should Kajush Mitto Seeso Mupon Land Dungin lakeson Sees Khip Mor Trabio Sun Livos Lines
Lucius
Section
Section
Relati Boathy
Danel
TFP FINE Fin
Paragers Co
Esta
Luyder
Luyder Volume : 579,180,008 17,62,000 38
15,80,000 28
15,80,000 28
11,804,000 58
11,804,000 455
9,716,000 1111
4,727,000 600
4,751,000 220 Arg SHP Totalis ShTate Unique EMago RheseM. Alcad Parthete McMadi McMadi ATON - ATE TRANSPARENTY -4 -87 -24 -97 +37 -60 -60 -125 +125 +12 +105 Live Salera Bank
He Steel Op
Sured Bank
He To-Mobbi
Faji Sank
Kanaj Mark
Sance Bank
Daikhi Ngy
Manajaki E ACTIVE STOCKS (1822) BS (2006) BS (1822) BS (2006) BS (1822) UTime (1822) BS (18 (87) (17/7/96) 1077/80 2306/86 (87) (12/7/96) 130/85 147/86 (87) (14/7/96) Ups Coest Youst Aeriki St JooCoop CYE Downs MCR Union Classifi Variatr (1777) 1**280.45** (1777) 500 2420 171 38 -167 -142 -119 -116 -\$1 -75 -125 -28 -100 -400 -23 -5 +1% +1% +1% +2% 19 10<u>1</u> 23% 357 +112 +27 +21 +79 9,577,400 6,467,100 6,100,508 5,822,608 4,852,500 4,781,400 4,875,600 1,895,500 1,872,500 Repute V 20% 20% 214 134 -3 -16 Others MISE Comp. -21 -84 -7.1 -7.0 40 A7 80275 (PT) (77/1/8) 646 A1 78387 (127) (22498) 1502.2 2012.5 (P1) (207/19) 3868 481.41 (F0) (214/8) 129 1967 18gh Low Stee Compielon High Low Aug Aug Aug 11 19 7 Acq Acq Acq 11 70 7 1240 (17/7) 753167 (22/4) 1290 \_ 1 DMX S258-46 5476-25 5597-22 6671-48 4007-28 6671-48 921 16 FTSE 160 5402-8 5592-6 DMYs Mgs: 5478-56 DMYs Hore \$258-50. 4175 e176.80 \$08e.80 2012 NASDAO CIIID M MASDAQ TRADUIS ACTIVITY 1220 . A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH III PRANCFURT TRADOIS ACTIVITY T LONDON THADING ACTIVITY M ACTIVE STOCKS 1210\_ Stock Camp basis pice 17,072,000 314 12,272,500 3694 11,942,700 1004 11,942,700 1004 11,942,700 904 7,022,000 335 5,282,500 524 4,482,500 124 4,382,600 124 4,382,600 272 Close Day's Day's pairs 154 +54 +3 -1; +24 -1; +24 -1; +3 -1; +44 Stay's Clay's change chips % Upa Heterp Traductifies Sparker Themapoint Desira Softestia US OUP Varies Fritters 100 -80 -22 -41 -275 -41 -35 -58 -125 -13 Charles Charles Control Contro 154 Ope Sind Rolemyi Zelliner Alcalel Sai Tista Someni Domos Turbon Ind Magnetish Ind Rhansweld +118 +25 +21 +264 +19.1 +18.7 +18.4 2,300,962 125,2 1,520,520 73 1,177,205 77 977,800 72,3 681,865 71 680,626 175,2 634,726 82 624,636 141 572,960 183 Br Private Shell Tat Hodiston ASDA SUR Dank Pariess Achieso Sections About Fabor Hold-Section E RATROS •25 •115 •13 •2 525 270 313 51 46 43 43 +184 +124 +124 -129 Report Countries States States Countries States Countries States 1234 1614 185 1874 1170 1.53 Year ago 1,81 Jul 24 1,64 Door Jones Red. Dist, Yestel 17% 10% 20% 17% -15 -36 -36 -16.2 -11.7 -11.3 -2.5 8 6 5 6 2 10 11 28.1 1015 360 47.6 -4.1 -190 -46 -123 -114 -113 -118 1015 1015 500 -16 -3 -110 Jul 29 1,30 31,51 Ang 5 1.35 30.34 1.25 1.25 32.56 1.47 26.35 S&P incl. Div. yield S&P incl. P/E callo INDEX FUTURES Est. vol. Open int. Open SettPrice Open tet. Sett paice Open -Sett Price Change High LDW/ Charge High Los Est. vol. Chappe High Est. upl. 156,193 106,191 1076.08 1086.00 High 349,828 16,796 Aug Sep III DAX Ang Sup -19*7*5 -21*-*50 45,795 1.018 153,985 1072,00 1082,00 -20.00 -20.20 1068,50 1080,00 I'd and I day Company Seet paice Est. vol. Change 100 Open int. 11 840 876 21,032 1,375 43,417 65 34,337 Aug 2,627 Sep 7615.1 7700.0 7450 0 7461.0 -265 0 -295 1 32,625 892 209,225 16,949 Open interest figures for province day. WORLD MARKETS AT A GLANCE ∯YMM ∯ME Acq. 美雄 李波 1988 High (S) Aug 10 7 10 7 \$286.65 \$452.33 11956.81 12396.88 7146,72 7740,96 7856,92 9860,96 25/4 respected alloy folloy beyond its delly limit. 5400.50 8176.80 22:4 12500.57 14282.80 22:4 18159,73 18791.20 19162.63 23466.47 2373 pt (14, 35) PS 20 Up storm and offly (107-1 3678,27 M 1.85 31 3.27 15.7 Argundhon Seineal 18159,73 16791.20 \$700 number bil in a hop-pair how on Asian hous. 2561.1 2507.4 2509.0 2861.40 1514 532.0 540.9 540.7 713.10 234 distar in moderate humanar of ASTGRm. Pales band dense BSE Sunt. Crist 500 2970.54 582.72 3029.71 809.81 3052,25 4280,96 21/4 604,96 \$15.52 21/4 207034 11/8 57\$17 258 Beggerom SS AF-Sporn 200,02 ul 299 61 407.00 to States Thous. 1007.55 pt 1009.27 states 75 1 Falls analysis from by nagely 15 to 1 and contenting from over a possible systemic 12.5 Amelia Credit Adine by 511.52 510.65 WALSA 265 ADI Index 1382.89 1425.98 1423.98 1423.55 265 Engineering group VA Technologie posted the biggest decline, Selling 5.7 per cont. Juliaria Comp. AGY.DE 421.17 423.61 564.10 265 giorni mattele und fin mank you, Tellenn fail B.A per cent, industri last 8.5 per cent 23941 43759 1922 (c) 103927 300025 1923 - 100 E 98.20 3875.22 3489.19 3488.35 war wast hit with Fratis down 3.7 per cent. Stevenido SVX 11229 Sains in singl contact ISZ pontact as the contact 1000年17 隣 11159 11325 6303.7♥ 817.7♥ 7376.7♥ 第86条 127 672年 187 674年 127 Bovespa. 8801.0 9182.0 8319.0 12204.60 1574 bels, which accounts for alexal 50 per cent of tolal stading, stabled over 5.6 per 9545 889120 254 9525 115270 67 77226 994270 204 Bally BC Cord. 20 339.69 349 Banca Care Ini 1438.22 1477 idited Special 2200.0 2344 Fell Just 1.4 per card on law Bayellen selon Jigunis. 339.89 349.64 1435.22 1477.89 22804.0 23448.0 254.35 1072.35 35 17206.03 25 355.75 1486.52 23825.0 Cannolis TSE 1004 397.82 399.23 409.92 475.93 255
Metals Minted 3030.71 3146.85 3188.55 4390.01 103
Composited College State Col 324 116 he finacció extin full 6.7 per cycl, extinétals lost 4.5 per cent acut golds were off 3.7 per cent 310823 48 623886 12/1 2234.41 12/1 holds forms formalization 311.25 311.95 321.71 574.55 223 history companied in administration for the local hashing companies of the property waves and property waves and conference 145 200.00 166 14854K 12/1 2245 12/1 112061 12/1 11732/6 14/1 1503 - Q 237.24 1207.00 1321.25 0.92 41.5 ala Macini SE 852.11 878.86 852.40 947.82 177 Billi were der Diggest declinas on Amer Maco. 96,14 121 176 247 218 3937.27 4003.44 4029.62 4881.95 1741 eed equity prices. fell with break and week you said expoint constant over he inne de 27.19 27.83 28.62 58.96 10/2 52.80 55.46 57.67 98.97 10/2 1.35 . 29.5 THE THE 27,20 TIS 22,00 TIS Decision. Microsoft Size. 3421.0 SIZE 3620.5 Section. Section included the bond and galant properly on all support tem-expected section. 18th 18th 1,35 21,1 3010 EER MADS 30000 207 · RR. · AN 20170 253.20 254.06 745.30 27/2 apper 2018and with about Alfay to beautifusis in a class 1076.38 1076.38 (F) 148L46 7/1 1017,03 1776 7447.9 7721.3 1,18 ps. 25 176L20 127 357.27 1/31.49 394.55 depressed above prices. 467.5 464.1 468,5 \$17.30 22/3 Toloren Wegtind't." 730.98 757212 7500.02 Etgel ataut in this brown of 1564s, Electronics sector Anisted Inc. 7197:11 126 Demark Coperingent 575.01 695.90 701.00 778.84 794 S45 Aldres last ground about of first-last reside release. 86.26 80.00 Thefined Bengick SET 234.14 238.30 247.54 598.92 32 234.7 Randled to new 71-year love, Burks last a further 4.6 per cost while Resealth retounded 4.5 per cost. 384.58 385.31 CRS THROUGH 1202.9 1308.8 1250.3 1462.80 207 CRS Al Ser 731.8 757.6 768.0 84539 207 Libergraphy analysis from steep declares in US high-sustancey sterios. 1003.28 12/1 Cairo SE Gen 的 . MS.19 21A 365.49 22 Textusy MING Nat 100 3432.48 3715.80 9941.94 4530.99 1977 Sinto oil miles Topico and stant miles Edinas vans annog the most activity trotal at 17.1 4752.50 5029.22 5121.29 5000.40 21/7 201 New Zeeland Cap. 40 1903.27 2009.86 2051.18 2350.02 2013 Publical core man prioritation at Hillington subpart areas an invent to controllight conflict. Stores temble on 6 per cent tell in Molds, Matthe and angiopolog week on Asia on 4090.67 4191.56 4394.13 7886.02 22/3 Proces SSF 250 3479.46 2594.66 2594.16 1779.78 17/7 CMC 40 3845.98 3699.45 4041.88 4399.49 17/7 Bounced off Javes Reselts to a pally fix the all audits. 1972.10 127 2982.51 127 4 553.51 SACE MOUNT 11/2 ZEE Industrial H 9402.55 \$796.71 31/3 1425 74 15 Dis. 前 降 TRIC Adden 1899.42 1748.99 1744.95 Commenciated 4894.90 5135.70 5138.10 DAYL 5288.40 5767.25 5913.90 feer but ground on remount of a pseudole acquilition of Palent 1744.55. 2582.80 20/7 5128.10 5772.80 20/7 531.22 8771.43 20/7 1394,15 12/1 3334,29 12/1 4087,38 12/1 1.55 22.8 1,73 74.9 First Workship NS Captal Ins 276.84 1035.6 343.96 BY 865.50 12/1 305.49 17/7 1149.80 29/7 PAR DA Store ST DA Store Ste ST PTSE E100 PTSE E100 PESE Dogs PESE Boogs Boogs 3年2年 3474年 1498年 2年2日 112日 274.03 282.70 1194.24 275.10 161.37 163.44 3350.46 3346.61 1277.46 2792.67 182.76 119.341 3670.62 2077 2690.46 1777 1307.68 2077 2690.61 2077 271.91 2653 260.08 224 2574.51 1271 2454.61 1271 574.65 1271 2234.61 1271 162.78 78 116.24 108 America St. 1955.00 981.03 972.96 1740.31 27 mani sulla fulla banding about by S to 3. Reson Adams SE 2811.30 2694.57 2716.49 26552 21.7 FTSENSE 30 1587.36 1658.69 1658.46 1727.13 21.7 Industrials 56 5.2 per cont. and lambo fact 3 per cost. 1380\_12 29/1 786\_12 29/1 Uma Sen 1571.29 1611.71 1830.51 1900.01 45 er to .002/0737 Hougi Rang Hang Song 5779.55 7034.52 7018.41 71879.53 255 HSCC Red Celp 585.17 (11.76 617.26 1775.30 212 O-mailedowed by sepaling State of A principle Colours received developing in spin of cells Philippines Medie Choop 1372.19 1427.50 1449.72 2011.42 253 1372.19 Fails Injunced-sisse by namely 6 to 1, while the pass Atentional in amposites to obey class in interest ratios. 97555 11/5 9517 11/6 1373,16 11/8 1,53 10,6 152154 15854 155785 THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET Studi, Repfield Records in Refined a Record in Study, Content Ti Courist Times, Common Control of Control State
Finance
Finance Stands | Lands Smooth Germann To Germ Barell.

Astalania II
Adalania II
Adalania II
Adalania
Ad 古日晚与衛行首的後衛衛的 你你是是是想情我有一两者 2441620 8000 4073 63407 1179 1 954 4 22 H2 다시 다시 H 287 62 42 43 43 17 63 2학 2학 2학 Ratatowij Rand-Rito Receipt **AMEX PRICES** Strock
Adding F
Amini
Am Steel.
Zab Prode
Lett. Date
Reservedor
Reser 我是一年上班或是经报上了最后開云 25 (40) 30, 20, 10 (15) 10 (15 EASDAQ

for 11th Assemble MELAS down KLSS Bay's highle 606LS Bay's
A Stock Market booked on high goods companies with resimilational appreciations
in the latest booked on high goods companies with resimilational apprecia SECTION OF STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA 調をもれるとは DAL A 922 14 054 13

More casualties

# STOCKOMARKETS

# Long hot summer keeps heat on Japan

World overview

The late-summer correction in global stock markets took another downward lurch yen has now been lost. yesterday, defying the hopes of those who thought August might be a quiet month, writes Philip Coogan

Asia once again started the rot, with the yen hitting a new eight-year low, just as The lack of detail so far in

to inspire investors so all the benefit of June's concerted intervention to support the The decline of the yen con-

tinued to spark fears about the stability of the Chinese renminbi and the Hong Kong dollar, with knock-on effects across the rest of Asia. The Hang Seng index fell below 7,000 and recorded After Asia had closed,

statements from the Japa- Indonesia provided a brief

nerve after a bankers' statement that suggested the country had defaulted on a sovereign debt payment.

As the day unfolded, the story became more complex. The Paris Club said that Indonesia had been expected to suspend some debt repayments in August but one bank, Credit Agricole Indosuez, said the payment suspension had been unilateral. Russia made its own con-

Asian currency wobbles plus

an early shakeout on Wall

Street sent PARIS steeply

lower, although shares

thanks to an active after-

Turnover was above aver

age for August at FFr12.6bn

with Total and Klf Aquitaine

contributing a combined

FFri.9bn on the news that

mega-alliance with Amoco of

The two French oil stocks

rose FFr10 to FFr630 and

FFr5 to FFr704 respectively

in marked contrast to the

rest of the market.

kness shown across the

At the close of trading, the

Thomson-CSF was the

day's backmarker, sliding

FFr17 or 7.4 per cent at

FFr212. Peugeot and Saint

Gobain both fell more than 6

per cent, tumbling FFr73 at

FFr1,047 and FFr61 at FFr940

FRANKFURT came off

174.65 at 5,285.78 on the

Xetra Dax index as 10-year German bond yields sank to

Dresdner Bank fell DM4.85

to DM93.05 following a wave

of rumours that the bank -

which declined to comment

- was set to pay more than

\$10bn for PaineWebber, the

US broking house. Deutsche

Bank lost DM5.75 at

Volkswagen stayed under

decline of almost 15 per cent.

lately, ran into determined

profit-taking. The shares

CAC 40 index was off 93.47 at

3.845.9 after touching a low

for the session of 3.786.19.

noon for the oil sector.

EUROPE

the US.

jumping to 115-130 per cent dropped more than 250 ing to post-war lows.

and a suspension on the points by hunchtime - stock. The fall in US and Euroand a suspension on the shares had slid 7 per cent. After the return from suspension, the RTS index ended more than 9 per cent.

month. European hourses international trends. As it soon became apper-

ent that Wall Street would

Fi 131.50, was the day's

steepest faller, but there was

plenty of action elsewhere

mong financials. ABN

Amro shed Fl 2-30 to Fl 46.60

in 10.3m shares traded. Phil-

ips gave up F1 8.10 at F1 153.

lower at M 98.90, although

news of the BP and Amoco

merger lifted the stock off a

F192.20 low with 11m shares

ZURICH tumbled on heavy

trading and the SMI index

lost 273.4 or 8.5 per cent to

7,447.9. Volume, which has

hovered around SFr2bn

recently, rose to SFr4.6bn.

Derivatives-led technical

Asian-related stocks were

hit. SGS, which has declined

sharply over the past few

days on the negative impact

of Asian exposure on its

profits, fell SFr167 or 8.4 per

cent to SFr1,821. ABB also

declined SFr121 to SFr1,898

Financials were sold off,

per cent to SFr560 and Credit

Suisse SFr17.50 lower to

asset manager, declined

SFr191 or 8 per cent to

dropped SFr100 or almost 10

per cent to SFr915 on linger-ing uncertainty over UBS

plans for its 25 per cent stake in the insurer.

MADRID lost ground as

investors fled to bonds, and

the general index fell 26.75

or 3 per cent to 852.11.

on Asian fitters.

cloud, falling DM12.10 to with UBS down SFr28 or 4.8

DM49.30 at SFr3.211, while Swiss Life

trading added to activity.

Royal Dutch ended F12.80

As has been usual this

markets fell across the conti-

between BP and Amoco, one of the largest deals ever seen, failed to give the markets more than a brief lift. Most European bourses ended 2-3 per cent lower. The weakness of stock

markets prompted some switching into the safe haven of bonds, with Ger-

Fears of a sharp decline in

Asian demand bit metal

companies, which were

among the biggest decliners.

Tubacez, the pipe maker, fell

Pta22 or 5.4 per cent to Pta387 while steel company

Aceralia retreated Pta100 or

Telefónica fell Pta270 ur

3.7 per cent to Pta7,070

following reports that SG

Securities had removed the

telecoms group from its

European portfolio due to

concerns of its investments

MILAN declined smid thin

volumes, with the Mibtel

down 642 or 2.7 to 22,804. Off-

vetti, the most active issue

of the day, fell Li01 or 2.5

Fiat fell L222 or 3.4 per

cent to L6,540 after news

that Brazilian car sales in

July fell to 88,400 units,

down 24 per cent from a year

in Telebras of Brazil.

per cent to L3,489.

5.8 per cent to Pta1,685.

nese government has failed test of European markets' yields on Treasury bills Industrial Average had man libyear band yields fail-

team sinck markets now rep resents the biggest setback since 1994. Rill O'Neill, international investment strategist at HSBC Securities, said that there are signs of decoupling between bonds

Japan and it is proving hard

speculation that business-

Nokia lost FM8.20

to TLM,500 respectively.

MOSCOW ended steeply

lower after a day of heetic trade which saw the RTS-IF

index suspended at one stage

decline of 7 per cent trig-gered circuit breakers. At

the close, the main elec-

tronic benchmark was off

11.02 or 9.1 per cent at 109.90,

Written and edited by Jeff

a low for the year.

buying into the group.

per cent to 4.752.88.

to FM68.20

and equities There is concern about the direction of policy in

The yen's decline past Firm oils lift Paris off lows

> emilier. Gemina lost LM at L1,527 after yeaterday's sharp gains. Traders noted men Cesare Romiti had been HELSINKI lost ground on reakness in Nokia, and the gist at ING Barings. Her index fell 276.30 or 5.5

have not been limited to emerging markets. Asia's weakness has hit developed FM437.30, while the metal and engineering sector markets where uncertainty declined on Asian worries. over corporate profits has Forestry shares fell 4 per weighed on sentiment, and cent after some paper groups reported their first-half US and European shares results. UPM Kymmene have started to look overvalued. Asia's woes could declined FM5.40 to FM120 while knee retreated FM2,30 threaten to set the tone for riobal equities

ISTANBUL bounced off economy and its bad-loan ssion lows to end with the problem at the root of the 100 index down 288.12 at yen's weakness, the volatil-3.432.48 for a two-day decline of 18 per cent. Four stocks accounted for almost 27 per ity in emerging markets could persist. The new government under Keizo Obuchi cent of the day's volume, including is Bank and oil has failed to lift pessimism. refiner Tuprad, which tell and pressure on the yen is TL400 to TL8,400 and TL5,500

> says Arnah Banarii, chief investment officer at Foreign & Colonial. The risk for those who have sold the yen and Hong Kong dollar is that Japan will intervene to support its currency. However, a strong yen would not be in Japan's current interests.

to allow the renminbi to devalue in spite of numerous threats to do so, says Mr

fall to Asia crisis

had few places to hide as the yen hit an eight-year low. and Asian equity markets fell through key support lev-els amid rumours of a possible default by lodons its sovereign bonds.

**EMERGING MARKET FOCUS** 

Y147 to the dollar finelled feers of the devaluation of the Chinese renminbi and Hong Kong dollar, sending regional currencies and shares lower. The contagion effects were quickly trans-mitted to markets in other regions, and even eastern Europe, which had beld relatively firm against recent volatility, also buckled.
"All the fault lines - Rus-

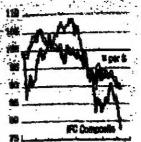
sia, Brazil and South Africa are showing signs of strain," says Matthew Meritt, emerging market strate-

The casualties this time

With the state of Japan's expected to persist.

"People are betting that Japan will let the yen go," during the morning after a

The Chinese are unlikely



cally impossible," he says

Not devaluing would maintain the HK dollar's peg to the US dollar, but would also mean that interest rates in Hong Kong are likely to remain high, affecting prop erty prices, the financial av tem and equity prices.

"At current valuation lev els, Hong Kong is already discounting a watershed event," says Joseph Rooney. global strategist at Lehma Brothers in London. For Latin America, the

Asian tumbles have been a double whammy, coming as has weighed heavily. "Market participents are perhaps overly focused on local fundamentals, missing the fact that global variables maintain the upper hand in the current investment environment," says Todd Edwards, Latin America strategist at BBV Securities in New York.

Although economic funds mentals are relatively bealthy, equities have been ausceptible to oversees capital flows and commodity prices. While correlations between equities and commodity prices have historically been low, the relationship has changed since last year's Asian turmoll, with correlations rising to as high as 74 per cent, says BBV.

Emiko Terazono

# **Profit fears** push Dow **below 8,400**

**AMERICAS** 

Renewed fears about leum's takeover of Amoco corporate earnings, driven sent both shares higher. by Asia and the rising dollar, sparked widespread selling on Wall Street and sent the Dow Jones Industrial Aver- per cent to \$47%. age bucketing down through the 8.400 level in active trad- higher, up more than 5 per ing, writes John Labate in cent to \$47%, on rumours New York.

The worst of the selling hit the market early on with the Dow down more than 220 trading. By early afternoon lows, but the broad market remained determinedly negative with declining stocks beating the risers by more than 7 to 1.

The Dow was down 190.53 or 2.2 per cent by early afternoon at 8,384.82. The broader Standard & Poor's 500 index was off 20.39 to 1,062.75. Hardest hit were technology and small-company shares. The Nasdaq composite, weighted in technology shares, tumbled 51.91 or 2.8 per cent to 1,787.30 while the Russell 2000 index fell more than 3 per cent to 398.79.

The bond market was no help to equities. US Treasury prices surged on a flight to quality and the dollar gains. By early afternoon the 30year Treasury bond was up at 107 to sending the yield

Exchange's bank stock index came off more than 3 per cent at 771.18. Among Dow component shares, Travelers Group feli \$2\frac{14}{2} to \$58\frac{1}{2} and J.P. Morgan lost \$4 to

# Mexico City tumbles

MEXICO CITY fell steeply in early trading with the weak opening on Wall Street and Monday's late monetary tightening by the central bank proving too punitive a combination for investors.

At midsession, the market was off 5.5 per cent with the IPC index falling 202.35 to 3,529,14, SAO PAULO took fright at

the sight of tumbling Asian

CARACAS continued to slide lower in what brokers described as moderate morn-

The benchmark IBC index was down 167.13 or 3.8 per cent at 4,024.73 at midses-

Telebrás fell 4.6 per cent to R\$114.50 and Petrobrás came

off 3 per cent at R\$195.99. The Boyespa index was down 404 or 4.4 per cent at 8,778 at mi

# some sectors. British Petro-British Petroleum planned a

ADR shares of BP were up \$2% to \$78% while Amoco climbed \$64 or more than 15 PaineWebber also pushed

that the company was in talks with Dresdner Bank of Healthcare stocks were

points in the first hour of rocked by a large loss reported by Oxford Health blue chips were off their Plans. Oxford's shares plunged more than 7 per cent or \$4 to \$64. United Healthcare, which on Monday said it would not merge with Humans, fell a further \$24 to \$314.

TORONTO moved lower across the board with shares diving for cover in the face of currency worries and the early weakness on Wall Street. The 300 composite index was off 193,40 at 6.330.30 at noon. Banks continued to stream

lower. Bank of Nova Scotia lost 45 cents at C\$31.30 and Canadian Imperial, which issued a profits warning last week, fell 75 cents to C\$35.20. Royal Bank of Canada gave up C\$2.40 at C\$71.10. Golds were also in the dol-

drums - Barrick fell 75 cents at C\$24.30 and Placer Dome shed 30 cents at C\$15.40 - DM140.85 for a two-day Financial stocks were hard and there were plenty of big Alcan Aluminium shed

C\$1.30 at C\$36.50 in active gave . up trading and Seagram fell DM790.20. SAP lost DM83.50 C22.75 at C247.90. Northern at DM1.047. Telecom lost C\$1.95 to AMSTERDAM ran into

heavy selling with ING off 6.5 per cent and Philips down 5 per cent. The AEX index ended 42.66 or 3.7 per cent lower at 1,124.98. ING, down Fl 9.10 at

T)MT26,65.

# Futures lead Jo'burg lower

SOUTH AFRICA

Johannesburg suffered heavy selling across the board and at the close the all share index was off 5.1 per cent at 6.303.7.

The session was domi-

from the futures market and financials bore the brunt of cent to 10,755.5.

industrials shed 4.5 per cent to 7,376.7 and golds gave up 3.7 per cent at 917.7. Among banks, ABSA fell 8.9

# The "Shell" Transport and Trading **Company, Public Limited Company**

#### **Notice to Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer**

Holders of the undermentioned Share Warrants to Bearer in the Company are reminded that, after surrender of coupon No 200 for payment of the final dividend for 1997, the coupons on such warrants will be exhausted.

The Share Warrants in question are:

Share Warrants of 4 shares each, numbered 1-134,750 Share Warrants of 20 shares each, numbered 1-524,750 Share Warrants of 80 shares each, numbered 1-347,250 Share Warrants of 1000 shares each, numbered 1-14,700

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the talons, numbered 201, relating to the above mentioned Share Warrants should now be surrendered to be exchanged for new coupon sheets.

Particulars of the talons should be entered on listing forms, copies of which can be obtained from Lloyds Bank Registrars, Antholin House, 71, Queen Street, London EC4N 1SL, with whom the completed forms, accompanied by the talons, should be lodged, by hand.

The listing forms must be completed and signed by the Depositary, and subject to the listing forms and talons being in order, the new coupon sheets will be issued within a 28 day period.

Should any talons and listing forms be received by post, the new coupon sheets will be dispatched by unregistered post to the Depositary concerned at his own risk. Neither Lloyds Bank nor the Company will accept responsibility for any loss in the post.

No talon will be accepted unless accompanied by a listing form duly completed and signed by the Depositary.

NOTE: Registered Shareholders with share certificates may ignore this notice as dividends are paid to them direct.

# Tokyo bears brunt of yen drop

**ASIA PACIFIC** 

The yen continued to ride roughshod over Asian markets, falling to an eight-year low against the dollar. TOKYO set the tone for

the day, extending the decline on the Nikkei 225 Average to 5.9 per cent in seven days, writes Khozem The benchmark ended 219.43 or 1.4 per cent lower at 15,406.99 after trading between 15,630.07 and 15,310.59. There was heavy

selling as the yen broke through Y147 to the dollar. The turmoil weighed heavily on the banking sector, which took another battering. The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan fell Y6 or nearly 14 per cent at one stage before settling at Y38. down Y5. LTCB was the

day's most heavily traded 19 banks ended lower. Sakura Bank lost Y15 to Y283, another low for the year. amid concerns that it would in loans to Mita Industrial, a month HIBOR rose to 11.6 filed for bankruptcy earlier

stocks were also under pressure. Nippon Steel closed Yl down at Y249 in some of the heaviest trading of the day. The biggest loser was Ishikawa Seisaku, a large textile of widespread flooding in cent in moderate A\$768m



Jul 1997

machine maker, which lost 16.7 per cent or Y100 at Y500. The Topix index of all first-section shares fell 20.21 to 1,186.88. Losing shares outweighed gainers 952 to

189. In Osaka, the OSE index came off 240.62 at 16,538.58. HONG KONG hit a fiveear low on the Hang Seng All but one of Japan's top index, which fell 254.67 or 3.6 per cent to 6,779.95. The session was again dominated by economic and currency worries plus hardening money market rates. The three-

and accounted for more than Steel and construction 25 per cent of the day's HK\$5bn turnover. Sun Hung Kai lost HK\$2.05 at HK\$22.90. Rumours of a devaluation of the renminbi were given added impetus by the news

China. The red-chip index turnover with the All Ordifell 2.7 per cent and H shares came off 4.9 per cent. KUALA LUMPUR turned in the day's steepest Asian

loss, sliding 5.3 per cent or 18.58 to 334.70 on the composite index, the lowest for financial stocks came in for heavy selling. Malayan Banking, which puts out a

results statement later this

month, gave up 18 cents at

JAKARTA fell 14.10 or 3.4 per cent to 407.06 on the composite index as currency weakness and rumours of a possible default on sovereign debt sparked selling across the board. Turnover was

Brokers said the trend had been exacerbated by a scramble by some traders to iday weekend. Market heavyweight Telkom shed Rp350 or 9.4 per cent to Rp8,375 in 2m shares traded.

MANILA tumbled to a 68month low as the central bank increased key interest rates for the second time this week. The benchmark HSBC fell HK\$7 to HK\$155 composite index lost 54.47 to 1,373.19, a decline of 3.8 per cent. Manila Electric fell 5.50 pesos or 6.1 per cent to 84 pesos while Ayala Land gave up 80 centavos or 6.3 per cent to 8.90 pesos.

naries index sliping 36.3 to 2,561.1. Regional currency worries plus uncertainty ahead of tomorrow's tax reform package caused the BHP fell 34.8 cents to A\$13.13 after Merrill Lynch reduced its earnings fore-

casts for the resources giant. News Corp, which puts out results tomorrow, shed 16.5 cents to A\$11.24, while Commonwealth Bank lost 25 cents at A\$19.55 ahead of today's results statement. BANGKOK fell 4.16 or 1.8 per cent to 234.14 on the SET index ahead of today's

ing sector stayed under a cloud, sliding a further 4.6 Bangkok Bank was the day's most active stock crashing 13.5 per cent or Bt4.25 to Bt27.25. Some financials met with burgainhunting. National Finance jumped Bt0.60 to Bt8.10, a

national holiday. The bank

gain of 24 per cent. TAIPRI ignored regional currency concerns and hardening local money markets rates to stand firm against the Asian downtrend.

At the close of trading, the ighted index was up 11.86 at 7,383.98 although volumes were low. Brokers said there was some bargain-hunting among electronics shares but that the day's uptick SYDNEY retreated 1.4 per was mostly the result of a

